



SUPPORTING  
EUROPEAN  
AVIATION



# NM Weather Workshop 2025

12 March 2025





**We'll be covering the EUROCONTROL NM Weather Workshop 2025 on our social media channels –**

**please let the event photographer or one of the event organisers know if you do not want to appear in any published photographs.**

When taking any close-up or small groups, we'll make sure to ask for consent when **taking the photo.**



## PROGRAMME

### **Introduction and opening remarks**

- **Iacopo Prissinotti**, Director Network Management
- **Adrian Florea**, Chairman of the Network Directors of Operations working group
- **Yolanda Portillo**, Head of Network Manager Operations Centre

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### **The CBCF Contribution to Network Weather**

**Clemens Weidemann** on behalf of EUMETNET

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### **NMOC Statistics**

**Melike Atik**, EUROCONTROL

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### **Pre-Tactical Round Table**

**06:00 – 09:00, 21st July 2024**

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### **TMA Disruptions due to Weather - Barcelona TMA**

Jesús A. García, ENAIRE

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### **Weather Impact on Airport Operations**

**Jaume Bauza Sule**, AENA

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## **PROGRAMME**

**09:00 – 12:00, 21st July 2024**

**LFMM Feedback on Weather Management**

**Sophie Gaudiot, DSNA**

**Managing Weather Disruptions: Vueling iOCC's Approach**

**Jorge Franco, Vueling**

**12:00 – 15:00, 21st July 2024**

**Adverse Weather and Air Traffic Control**

**Björn Lommer, DFS**

**15:00 – 18:00, 21st July 2024**

**AO's Perspective – TUI Airline**

**Björn Tiffert, TUI**

**Weather avoidance: Pilot's Perspective**

**Cpt. Daniele Veronelli, European Cockpit Association**





## PROGRAMME

**18:00 – 21:00, 21st July 2024**

**LOVV Feedback on Weather Management**

**Anita Eder, AustroControl**

**Airport Curfews**

**Fabrice Vanliefferinge, EUROCONTROL**

**21:00 – 00:00, 21st July 2024**

**Review of Weather and Forecasts on 21.07.2024**

**Clemens Weidemann on behalf of EUMETNET**

**Summer 2025**

**Enhancing Pre-tactical and Tactical Demand Capacity Balancing**

**Yolanda Portillo, EUROCONTROL**

**SESAR MET**

**Oznur Uygur, SJU**



# Each session includes Q&A time

using the **QR code** or  
go to **[ectrlvote.eu](https://ectrlvote.eu)** and log in with **eurocontrol521**



# **EUROCONTROL Network Manager Weather Workshop 2025**

**The CBCF Contribution to Network Weather**

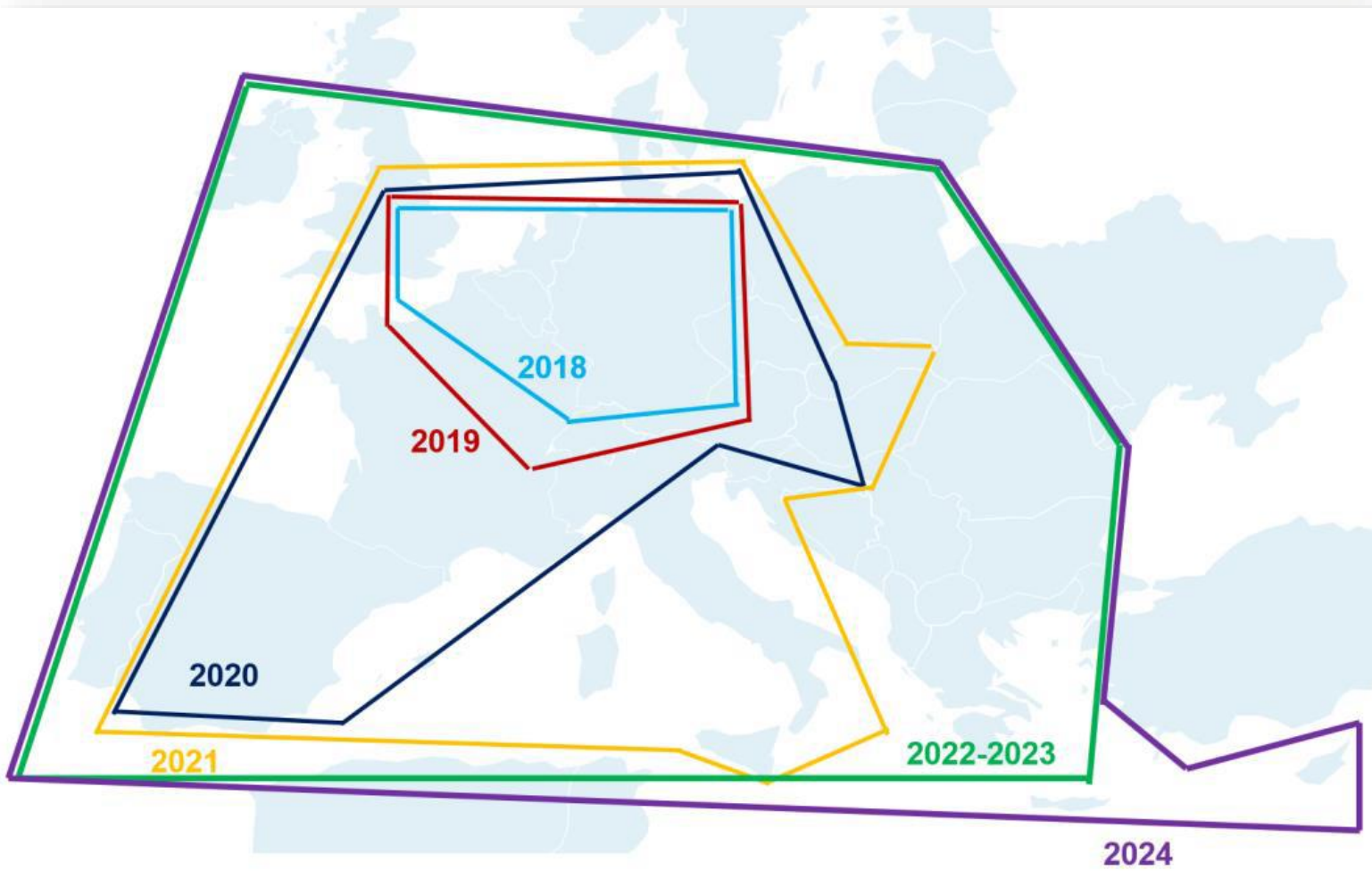
**Brussels**

**12 March 2025**

**By Clemens Weidemann on behalf of EUMETNET**



# Cross Border Convection Forecast (CBCF) to Support NM, ANSPs, Airlines and other stakeholders



## CBCF as EUMETNET Module

### **Goal:**

***Convey official local MET information to network level,  
enabling common decision making***

- CBCF is organized as optional EUMETNET Module
- 25 participating states, 10 acting as Coordinators
- Expert Team with approx. 70 operational managers and senior experts
- Common cloud-based production system (EuFoCS), highly available and stable
- Designation as SWIM-Service for network information as per „Common Project 1“ (2021/116) Regulation





## CBCF in 2024

Probability of occurrence ↑	Very likely >70%	ISOL	CLST	WSPR
	Likely	ISOL	CLST	WSPR
	Less likely < 40%		CLST	WSPR
	Occurrence of CB clouds	<b>Isolated</b> Individual CBs, orographic and daytime bound, large gaps between cells	<b>Clustered</b> multi-cells, chaotic, volatile dynamics, generally less gaps between cells	<b>Widespread</b> Numerous or organized, few or no significant gaps between cells
		Extent of convective scenario →		

- **168 days** of CBCF production
- **388** forecasts sent
- **25** MET ANSPs with approx. **250** forecasters involved
- **19,671** polygons produced „by hand“
- Approx. **45 organizations** consuming CBCF forecasts



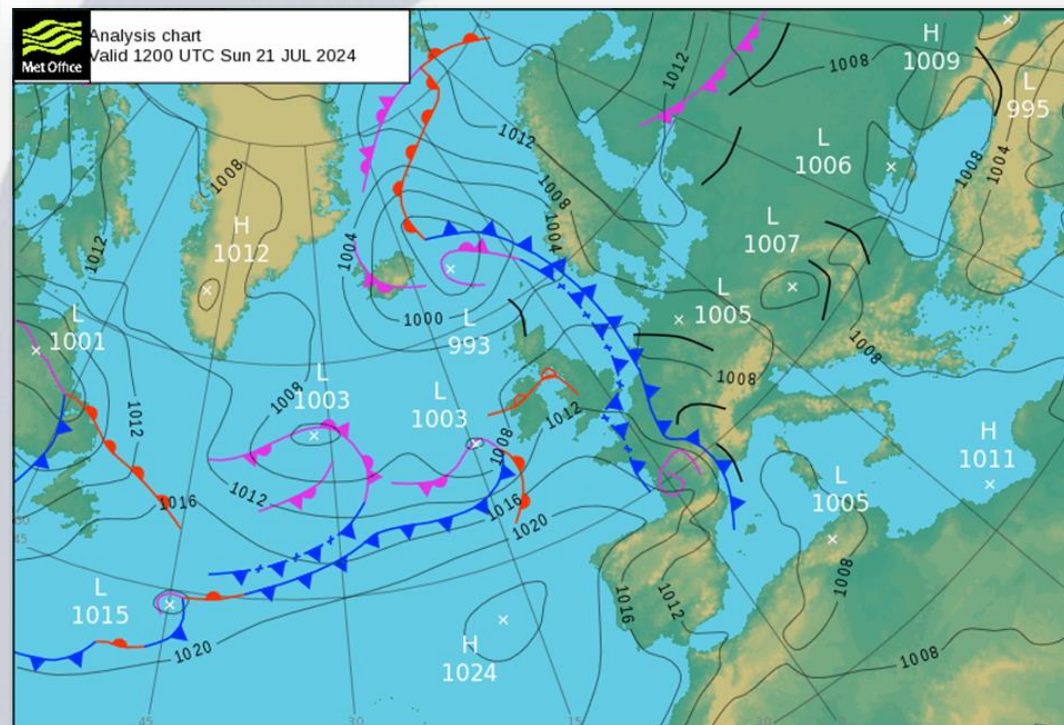
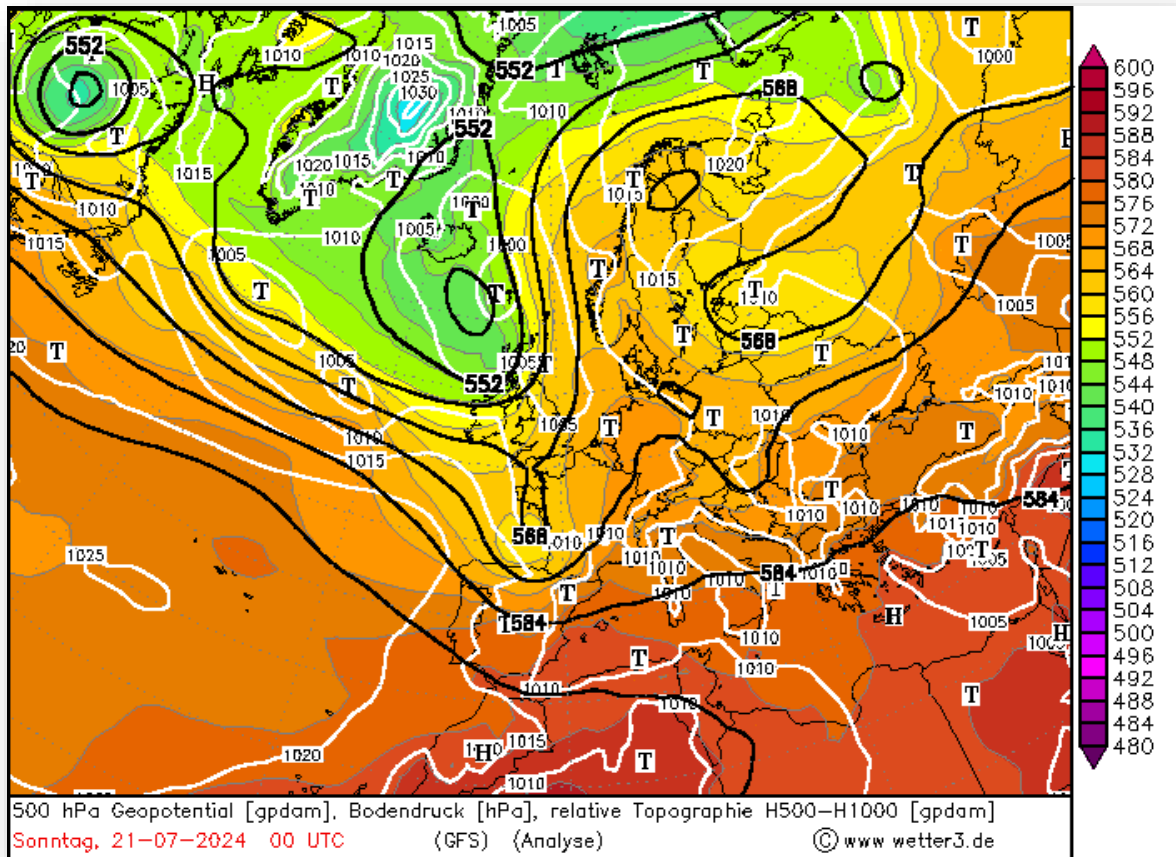
## The challenge of forecasting convection

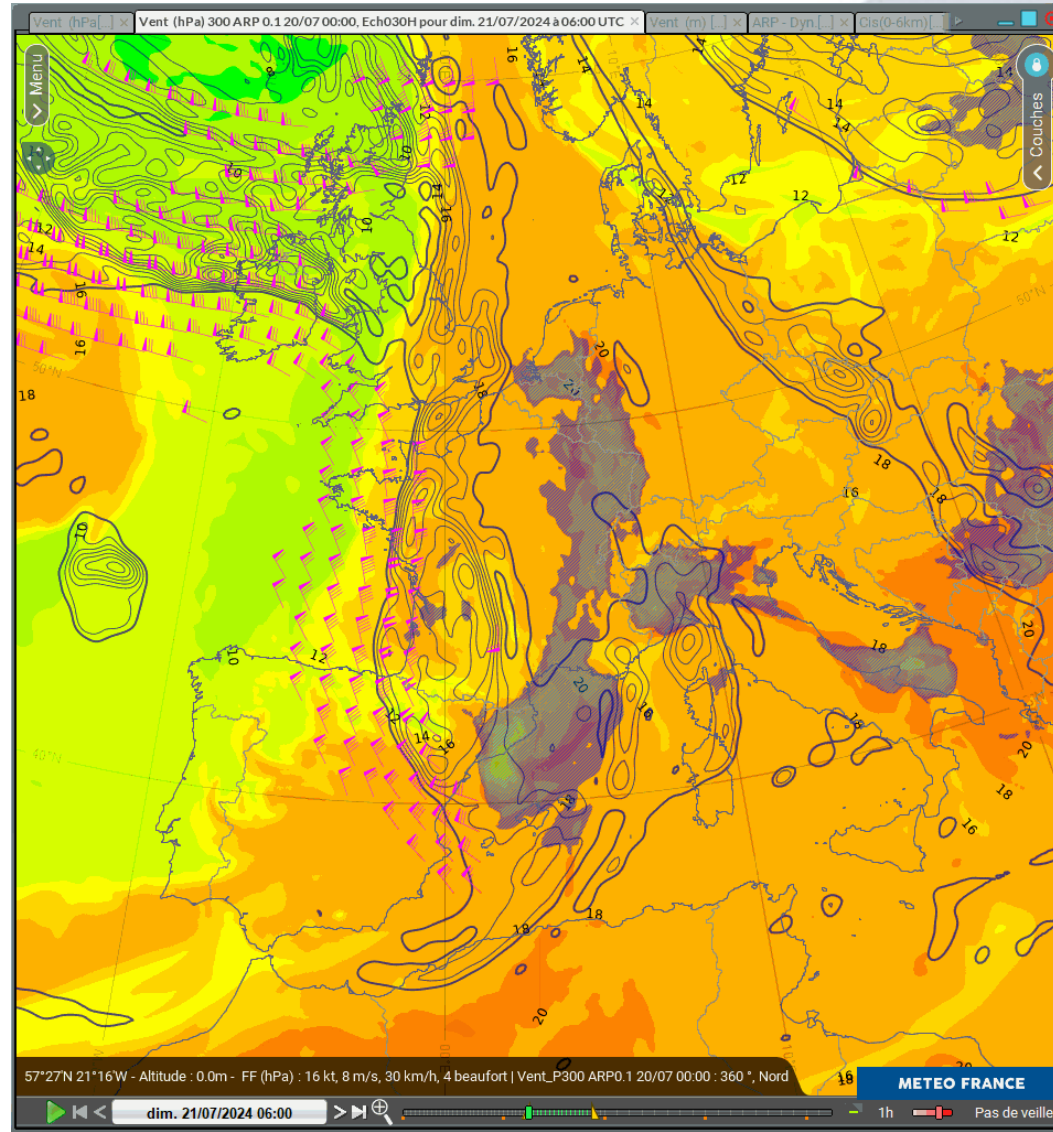
- Convection is highly chaotic and dynamic
- Convective clouds (**CB**, **TCU**) can only be simulated by high-resolution weather models
  - Alternatively, conditions prone for convective developments can be predicted
- There is not the single best data source, the forecasters compare and assess their usage of numerical predictions day by day



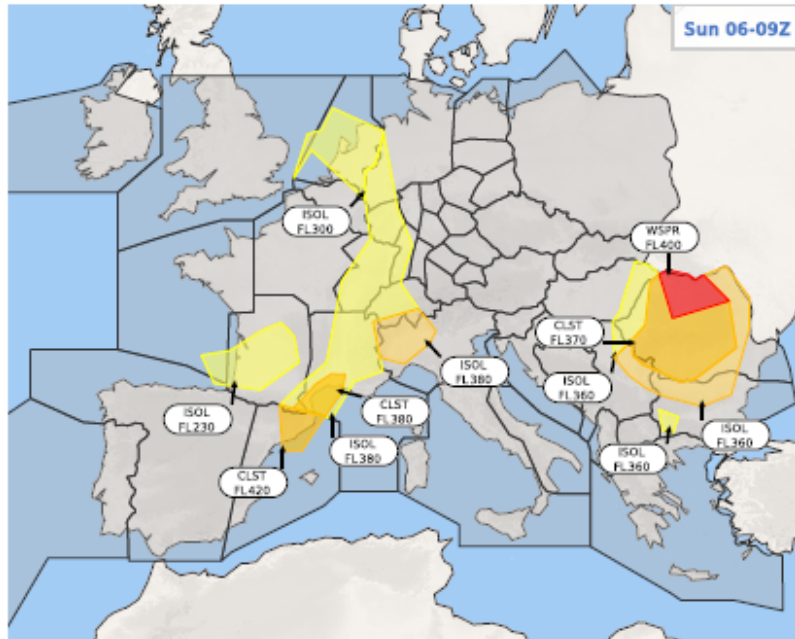
Source: University Wageningen

# Weather Situation on 21/07/2024

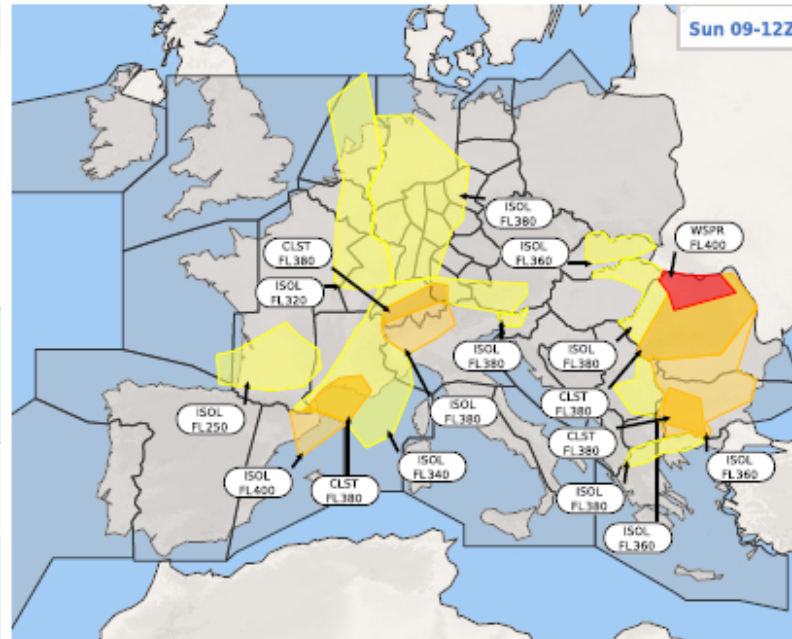




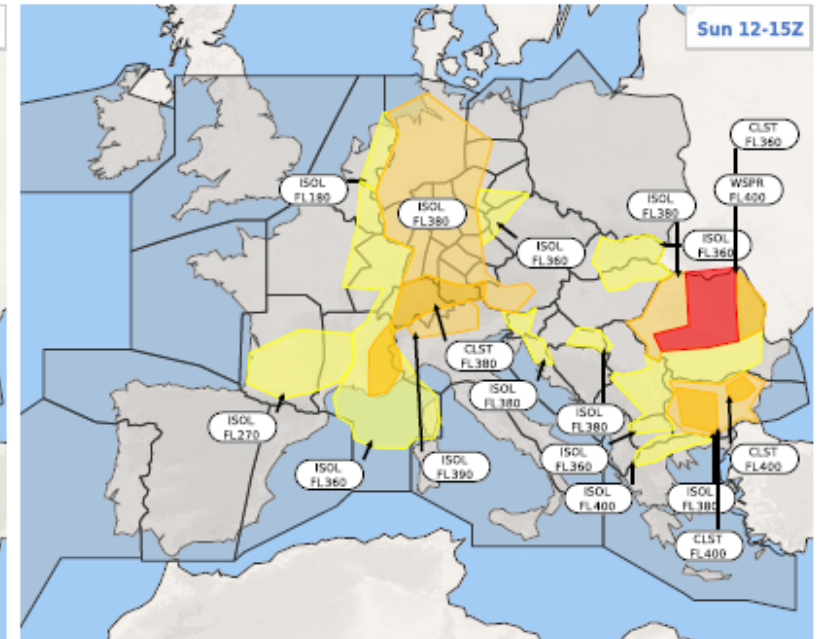




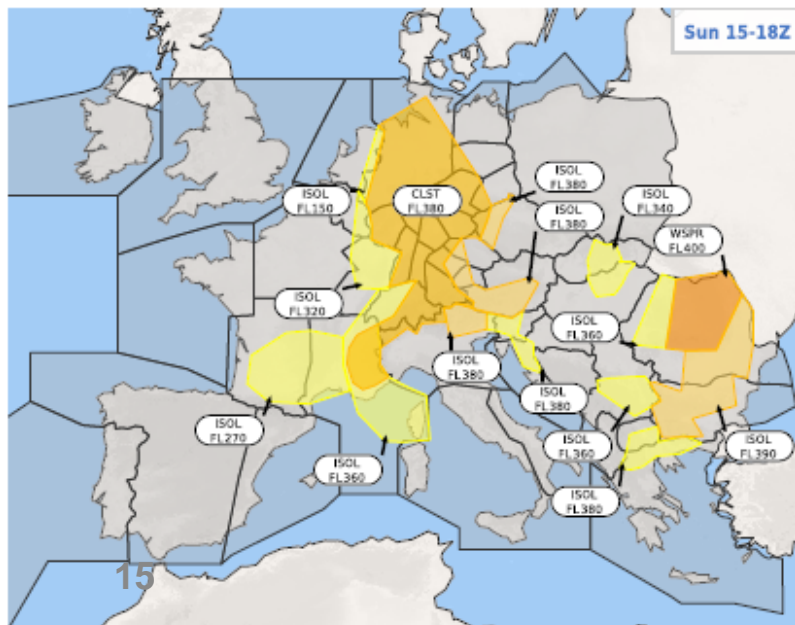
Sun 06-09Z



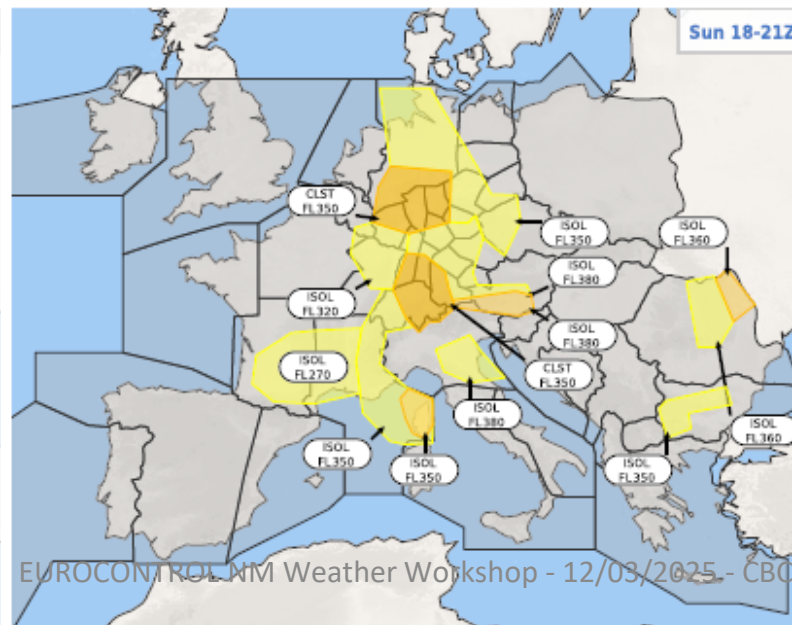
Sun 09-12Z



Sun 12-15Z



Sun 15-18Z



Sun 18-21Z

Convection over W & Central Europe, at first mainly ISOL with CLST confined to French/Spanish border. Later Convection over Germany intensifies and a fairly large CLST risk area will spread across large parts of Germany and the Alps.

Convection (mainly ISOL) is expected over Hungary, Italy, Slovenia and Slovakia.

In SE Europe Romania and Bulgaria have the highest risks with CLST or even WSPR possible.

Collaboratively provided by the EUMETNET Cross Border Convection Forecast participants.

For planning purposes only

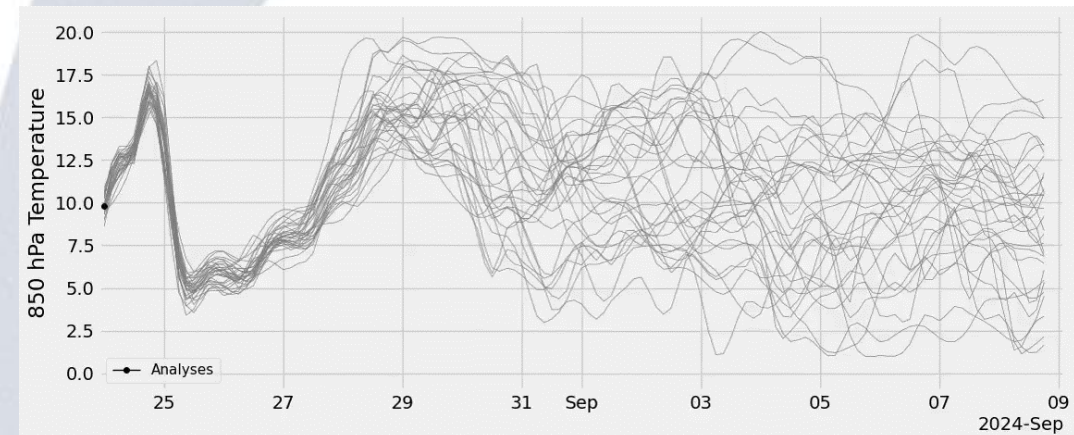
For more information contact [cbcf.contact@eumetnet.eu](mailto:cbcf.contact@eumetnet.eu)

created at 20/07/2024 06:52 UTC

Very likely	ISOL	CLST	WSPR
Likely	ISOL	CLST	WSPR
Less likely		CLST	WSPR
CB clouds	Isolated	Clustered	Widespread

## Limitations of CBCF

- Clearly aimed at network level weather awareness
- 3 hour intervals, pan-European scope and infrequent updates limit granularity
- Timing horizon up to T+38h!

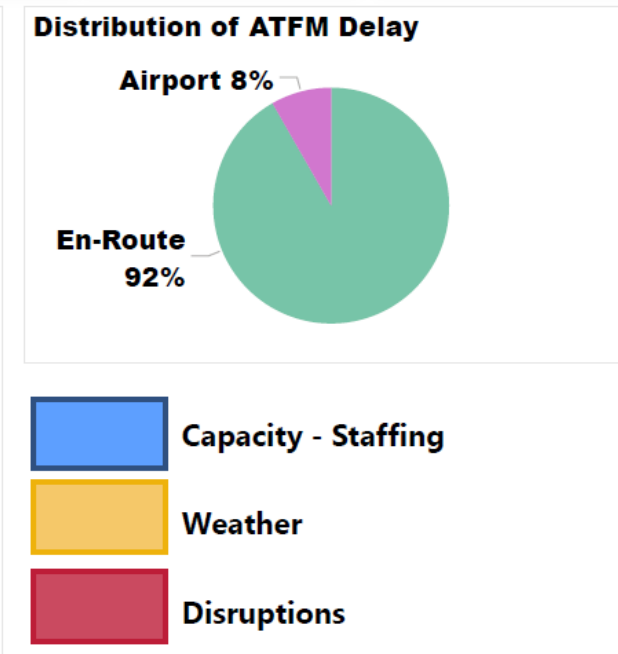
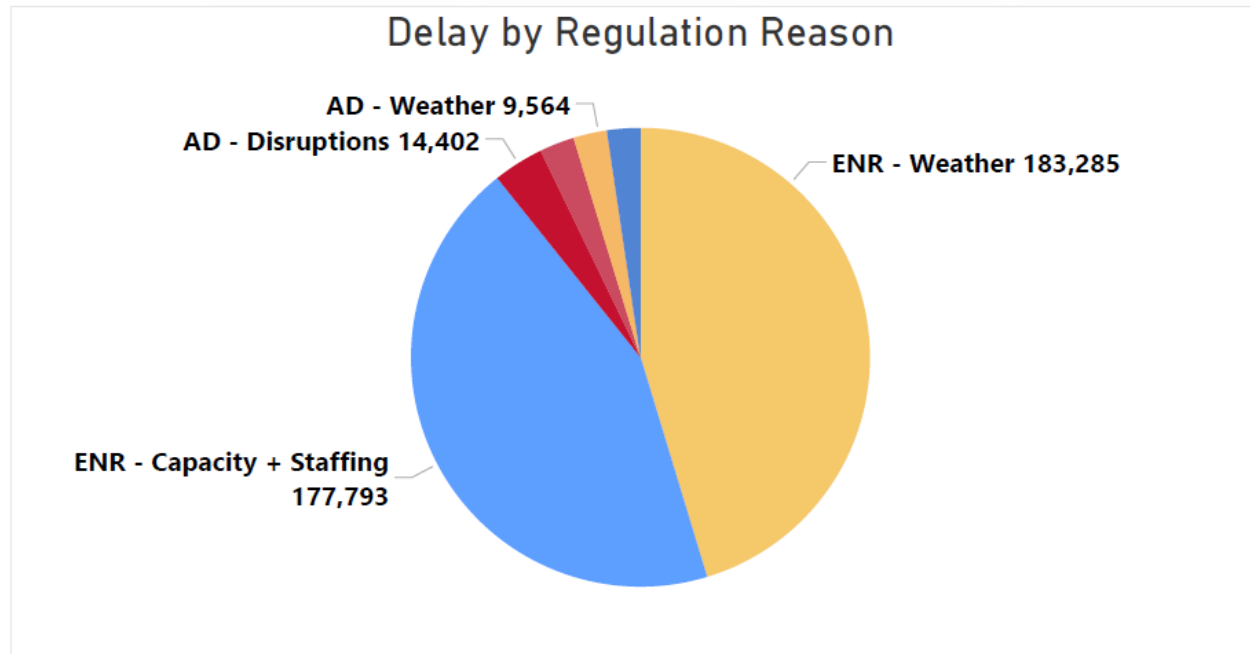


Source: Guido Cioni

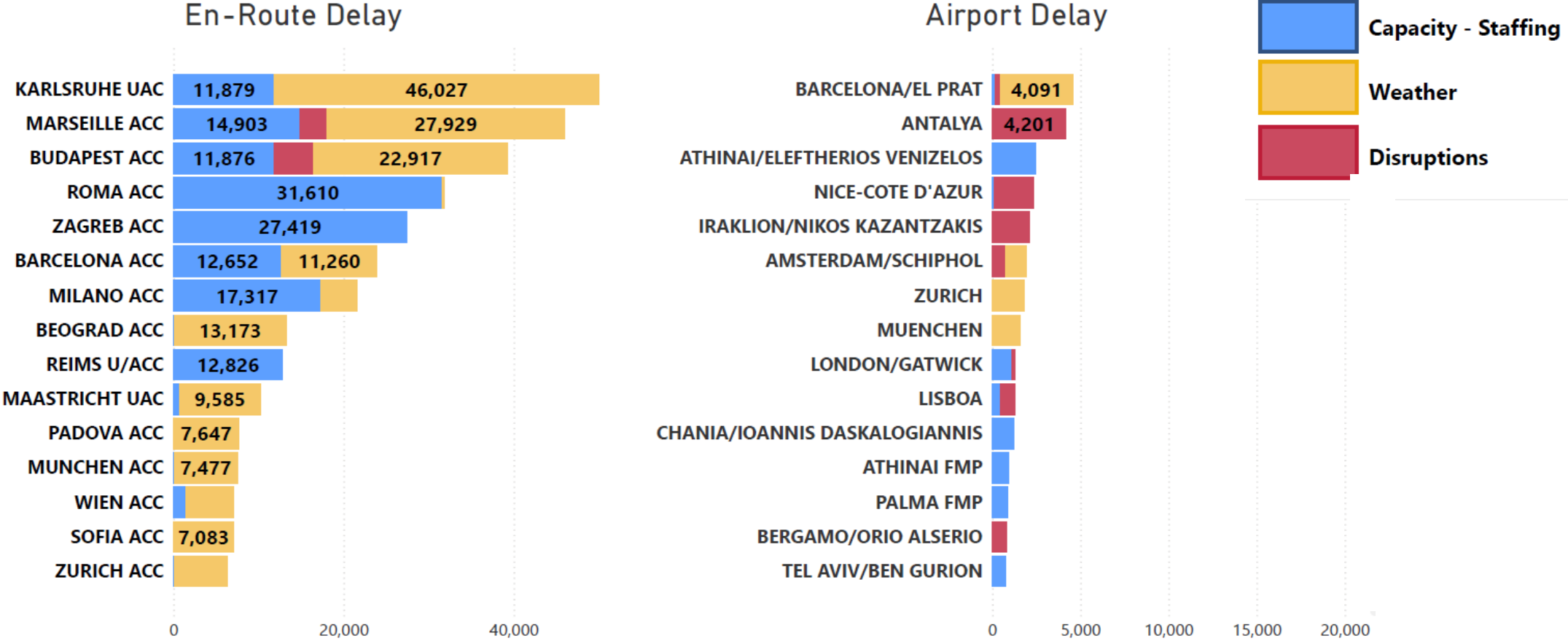
→ CBCF is regarded as initiator for more in-depth review and discussion about potential weather impact

# Why 21<sup>st</sup> July?

	<b>Traffic</b> <b>33,417</b> Last. year: 32,443 (+974)	% of Previous Year Traffic <b>103.0%</b>	WoW Traffic Difference <b>-708</b>	WoW % Change <b>-2.1%</b>	Total Diversions <b>60</b>	Delayed Traffic <b>13,063</b>
		Total Delay [min] <b>404,467</b>	En-Route Delay [min] <b>371,023</b>	Airport Delay [min] <b>33,444</b>	ATFM Delay per Flight [min/flt] <b>12.28</b>	Delay per delayed flight <b>34.78</b>



# Both South-East and South-West Axes Impacted





# Weather Delay



# All ATFM Delay



# Non-Operated Schedules, Cancellations

- Impacting more than 500 flights
  - Several flights were caught in the curfew hours
  - Lots of cancellations

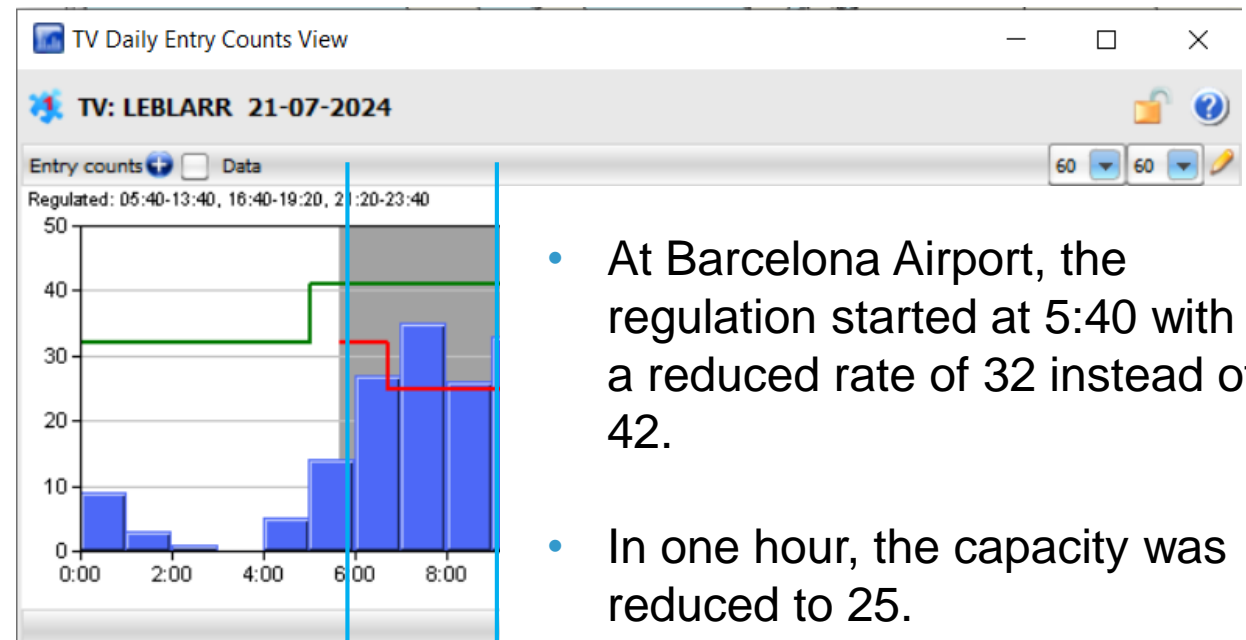
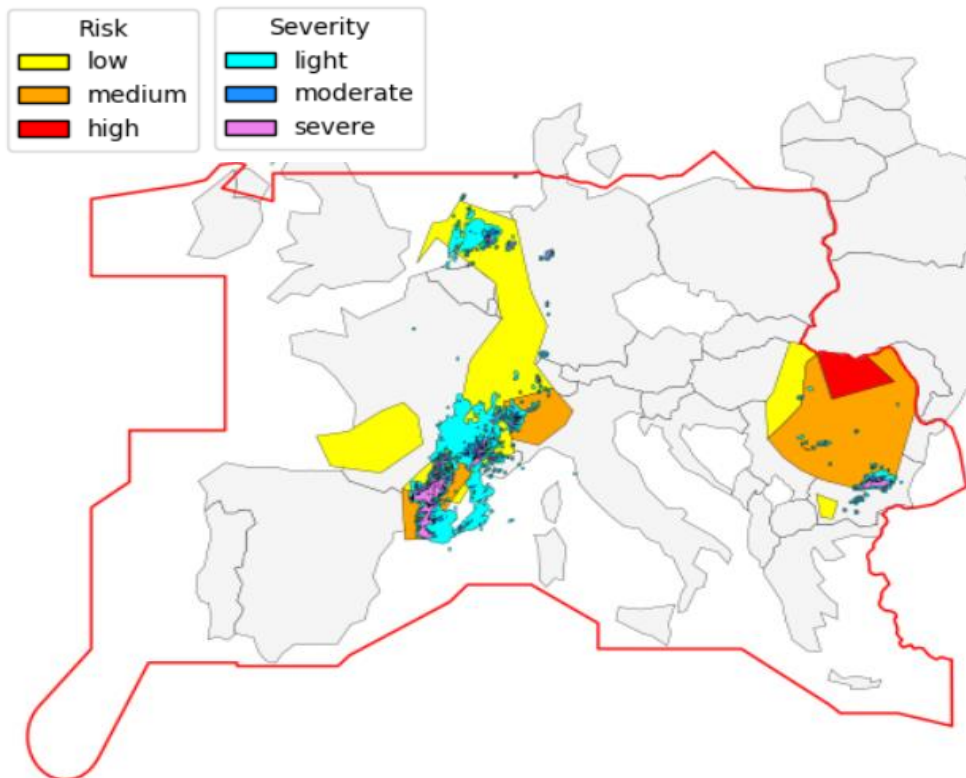
# Pre-tactical Planning Discussion





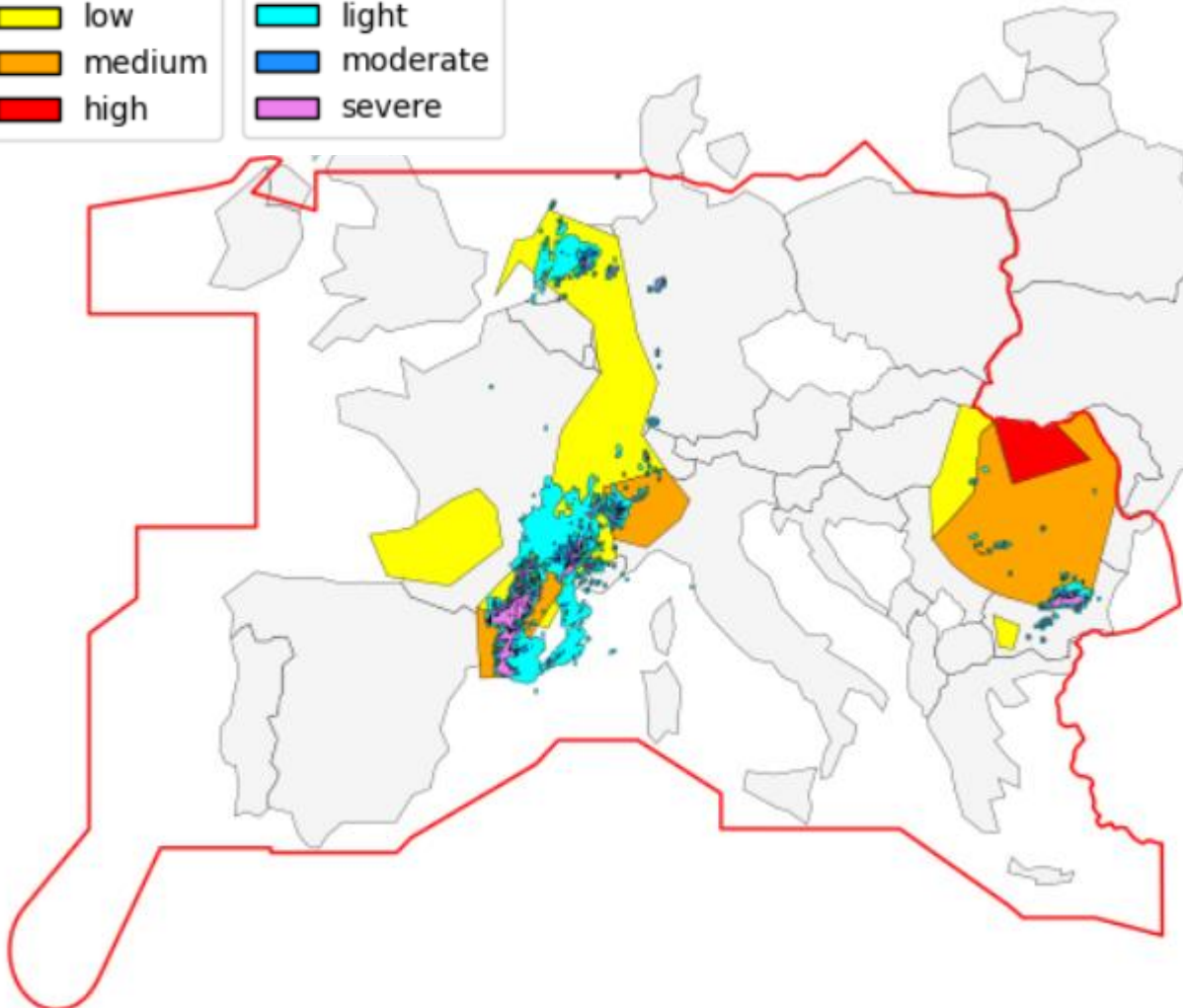
# 06:00-09:00

- Precautionary regulations were applied in the SE Axis without capacity reduction which led to low delays.
- The main effect of weather was on Barcelona ACC and airport.

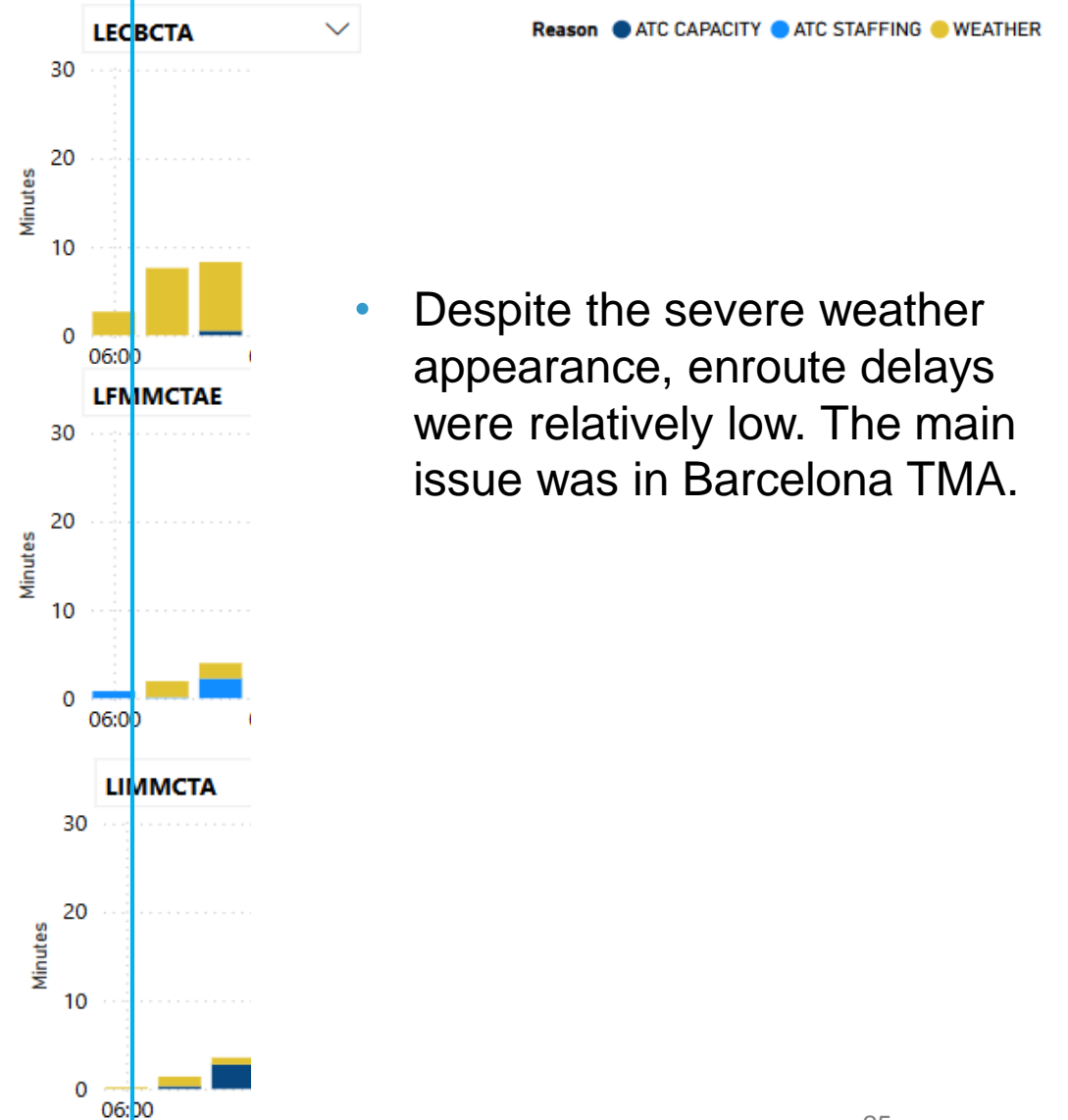


- At Barcelona Airport, the regulation started at 5:40 with a reduced rate of 32 instead of 42.
- In one hour, the capacity was reduced to 25.

# 6:00-9:00



## Hourly Delay Per Flight

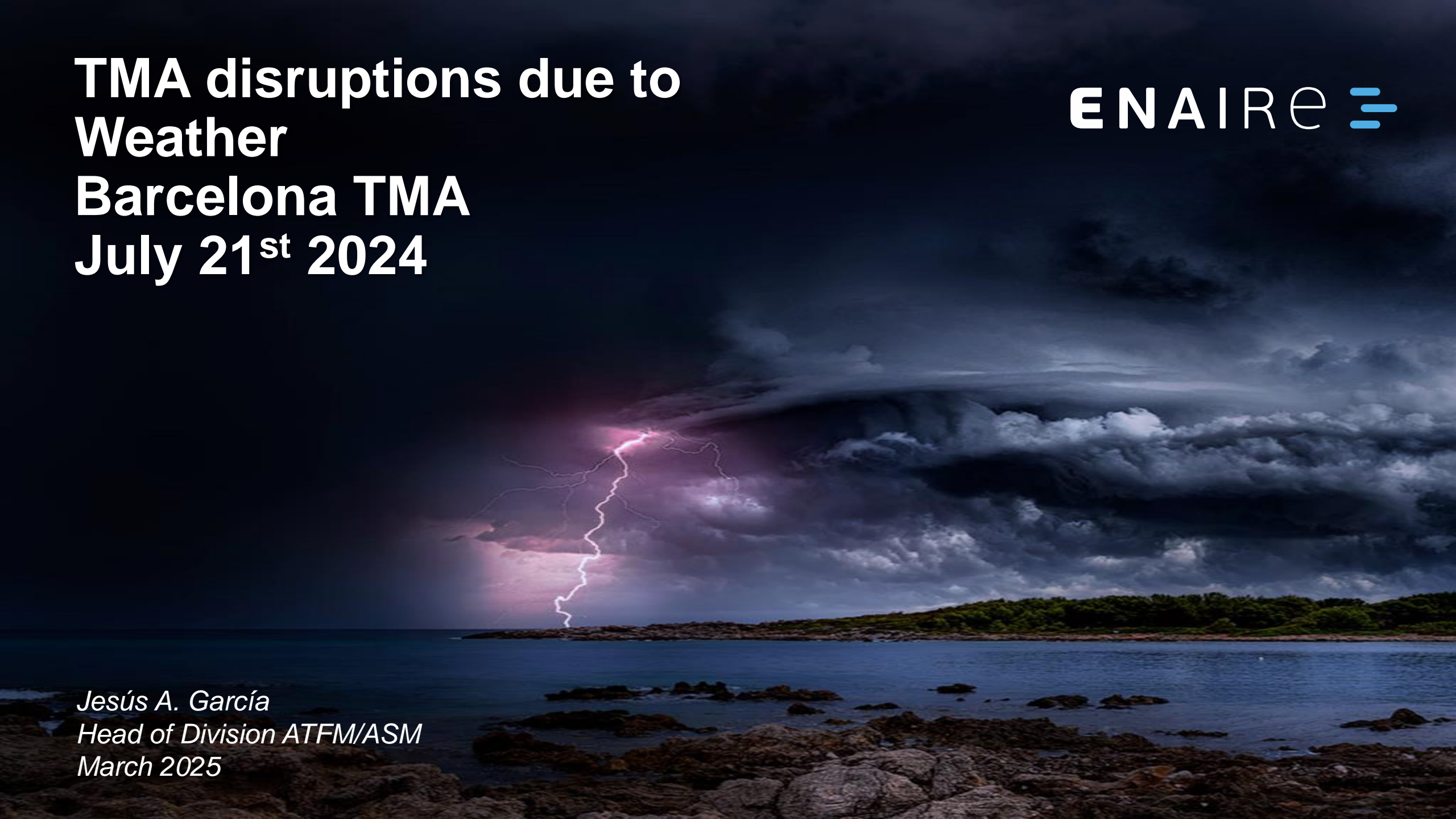


- Despite the severe weather appearance, enroute delays were relatively low. The main issue was in Barcelona TMA.

# TMA disruptions due to Weather Barcelona TMA July 21<sup>st</sup> 2024

ENAIRe 

*Jesús A. García  
Head of Division ATFM/ASM  
March 2025*





# BARCELONA TMA SECTORIZATION – CONFIGURATION “E”





## TMA vs En Route: COMPARISON

- ✓ **Confined space:** relatively small (20-50 NM rad.), 1.500-15.000 ft vs FL200 – FL600, less flexibility for deviations and strategic adjustments.
- ✓ **High traffic density,** limited maneuvering space: terrain proximity, obstacles.
- ✓ **Dynamic environment:** frequent changes in heading, speed & altitude: less predictable trajectories and less stable traffic flow.
- ✓ **Complex operations:** traffic in evolution, managed through radar vectors.
- ✓ **Highly sensitive to bad weather:** local weather phenomena less predictable and manageable than large-scale, with more immediate operational impact.  
Changes in weather conditions can disrupt operations rapidly



## MAIN OPERATIONAL EFFECTS IN TMA

- **Runway changes** increase in number (wind intensity and variation).
- **Diversions** to alternate aerodromes.
- High probability of activating **massive diversion procedures** affecting already congested airports.
- Significant increase in **missed approaches**.
- **Flight paths very different** from the standard.
- **Inability to perform standard published holds** (due to thunderstorm activity and turbulence).
- Emergencies – **Fuel shortages**.
- Significant **increase in workload** and **frequency saturation**.
- **Reduction of available capacity**: limited splitting options, runway changes.
- Potential **Safety** risks.

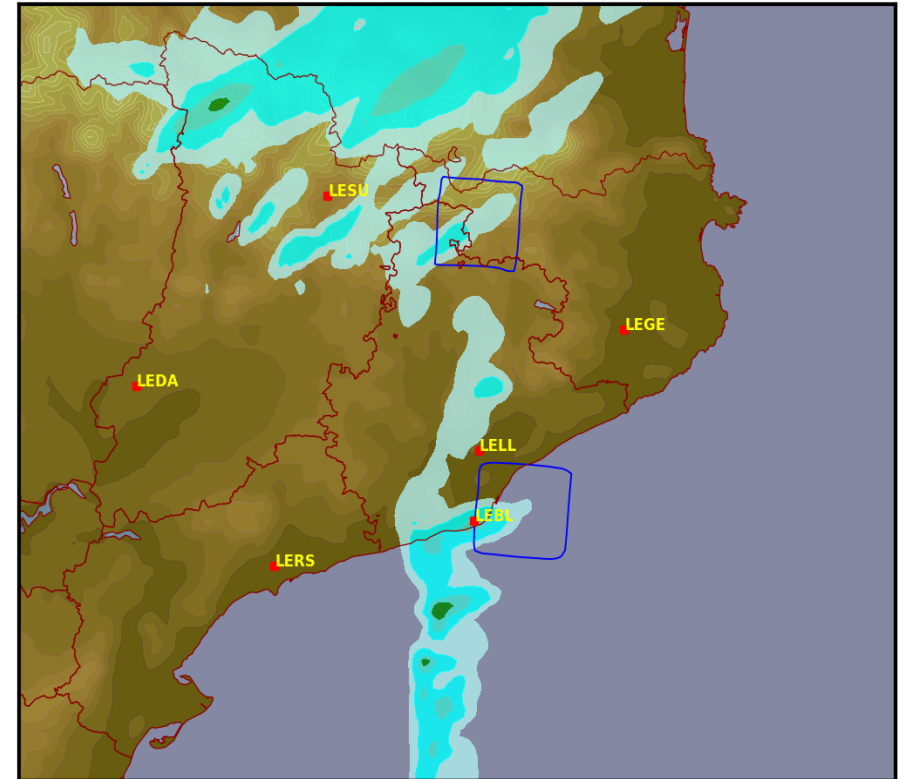
# METEOROLOGIST & FLOW CONTROLLER REPORT. July 20th

- **21:40:** "Bad weather expected tomorrow. Considering regulating LEBLARR from 05:40-08:00 at rate 28/60."

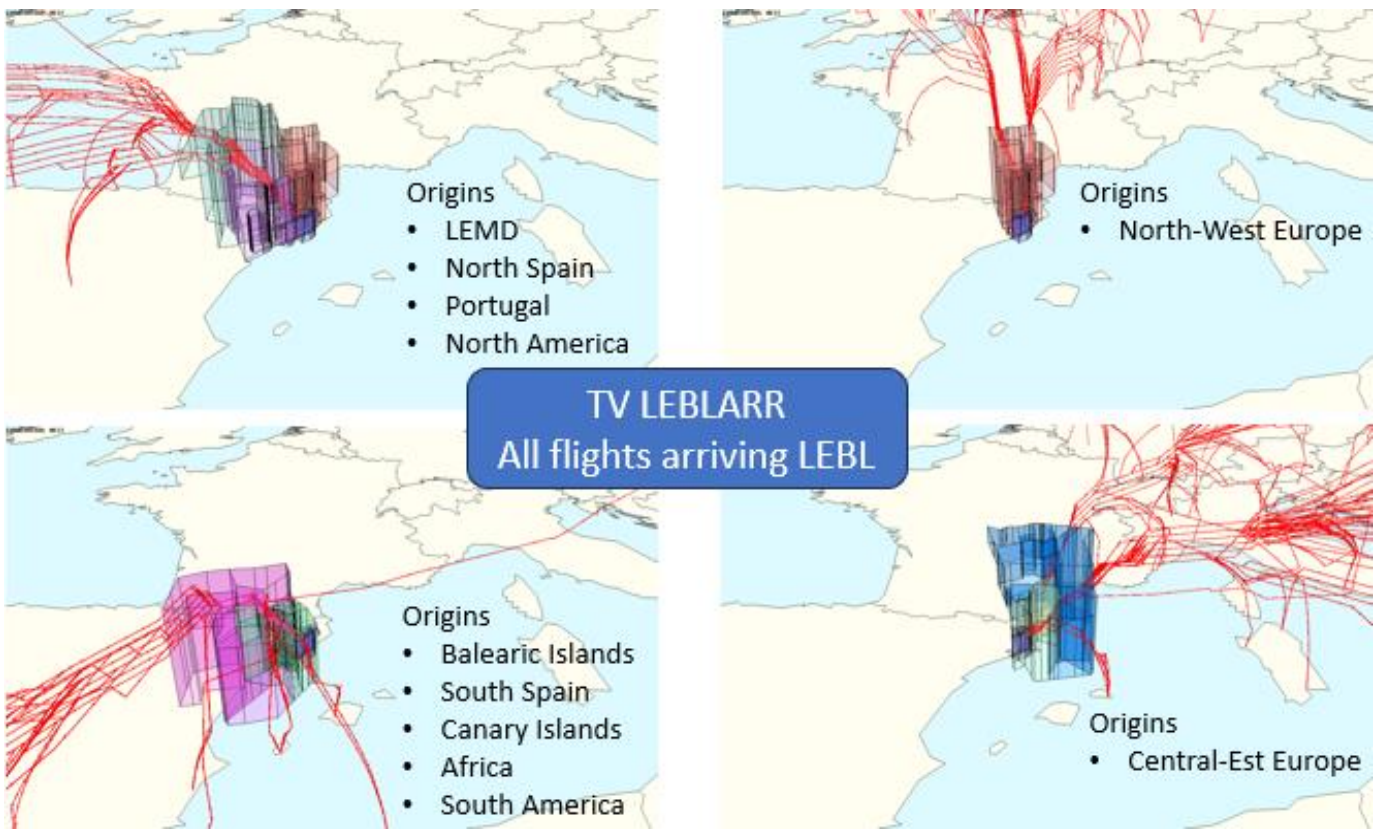
**Key idea: Proactivity & pre-tactical planning**

- ✓ Minimize reactive decision-making on the day D.
- ✓ Regulation applied to TV LEBL ARR.
- ✓ Set at 28/60 ARR (standard: -40% (25)).

HARMONIE-AEMET 20-07-2024 12z, pronóstico para el Domingo 21-07-2024 08z (H+20)



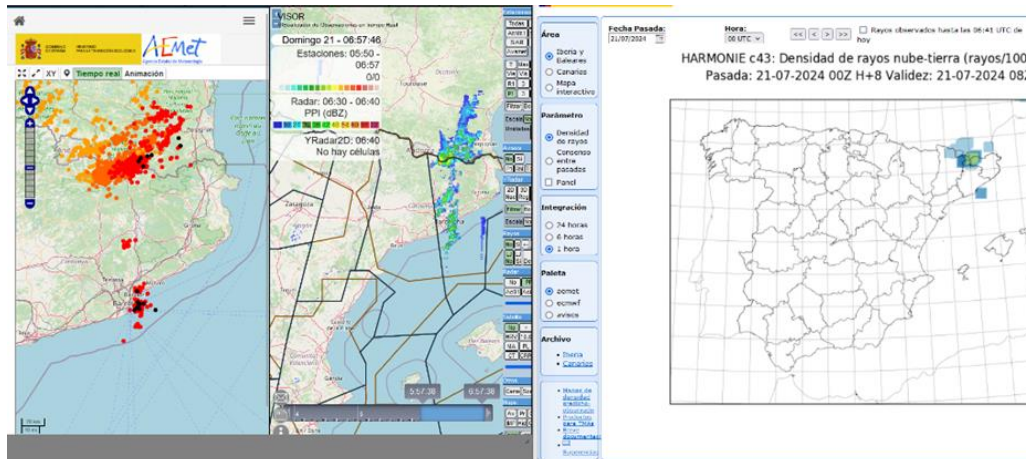
precipitación en las 2 horas previas (mm)  
 0.1 1 5 10 20 30 50 70 100 150 200  
 contornos: estimación de descargas nube-tierra (rayos/h/100km²) (azul) 1-5, (rojo) 5-10, (marrón) 10-20, (negro) más de 20





# METEOROLOGIST & FLOW CONTROLLER REPORT. July 21st

- **05:05:** *“TS expected near LEBL starting 07-08Z”*
- **05:10:** *“Increase regulation rate for LEBLARR to 32/60 until 07:00 and extend it until 09:00.”*
- **06:05:** *“T1E with over-demand at 08:40. Given the weather forecast, it is regulated (rate 33).”*



- **06:30:** *“Weather expected to deteriorate in the coming hours (tailwind conditions, SHRA or TS and clouds affecting DEP”. “TWR requests 6NM delivery spacing to protect MAP (DEP diverted immediately after takeoff. LEBLARR rate lowered (25).”*

Regulaciones durante el servicio						
Las regulaciones deben monitorizarse de forma constante y, al menos, cada hora registrar en observaciones si se realiza alguna acción o no es necesario.						
Hora Solicitud	TV	Regulación	Rate	Hora inicio	Hora fin/cancela	Minutos demora Inicial
20-22:54 05:15	LEBLARR	LEBLA21E	28 32 28	05:40 05:40 07:00	08:00 07:00 09:00	203
06:30 08:15			25 25	0640 11:40	11:00 12:00 13:40	
06:15	LEBLT1E	LET1E21M	33	08:40	12:00	1210

**KEY IDEA**

✓ **D- Day dynamic adjustments**

On day D, the rate established in pre-tactical planning is assessed based on the updated forecast and adjusted up or down: fine tuning of the pre-actical Regulations.

## METEOROLOGIST & FLOW CONTROLLER REPORT. July 21st

- **07:45:** “TS in LEBL will persist until 11Z, moving eastward but at a very slow pace.”  
“LEBLARR regulation until 11:00 to gradually increase the rate as conditions improve”.
- **08:20:** “LEBLARR Regulation extended until 12:00 as the forecast does not improve as initially expected.”
- **09:00:** “Tactical balancing ARR through T2E.”
- **09:32:** “Increase the LEBLARR rate to full capacity starting from 11:40”
- ...
- **14:07:** “LEBLARR regulated from 16:40-18:00, rate 41.” (Demand shift due to prior Wx Regulations).
- **16:18:** “LEBLARR Regulation extended (overload).”

### KEY IDEAS

- ✓ **Close monitoring of the weather and operational context.**
  - ✓ **Dynamic ATFCM measures** to adapt to short-term forecasts, weather evolution and demand shift, minimizing delay impact: Regulations adjustments, Demand – Capacity Balance, Flight Exclusions.

14:07	LEBLARR	LEBLA21A	41	16:40	18:00	22
16:18					19:20	326



## SUMMARY: KEY POINTS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SEVERE WEATHER

- ✓ **Proactivity and pre-tactical planning.**
- ✓ **Proactive adoption of ATFM measures:** minimize reactivity .
- ✓ **Dynamic management of ATFM measures:** fine tuning.
  - ✓ **Safety & Efficiency.**
- ✓ **Enhanced real time collaboration** among stakeholders.
  - ✓ **Meteorologist & advanced forecasting tools.**
  - ✓ **More complex & reduced capacity scenario.**
    - ✓ **Airspace & ATCOs flexibility.**



# WEATHER IMPACT ON AIRPORT OPERATIONS



# Weather impact on Airport Operations

## EARLY WEATHER FORECASTING IMPORTANCE

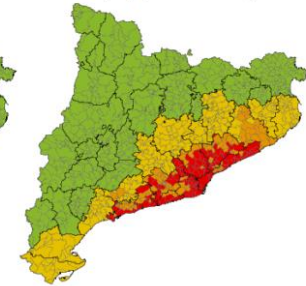
- Helps airlines, handlers, and AIRPORT services activate **contingency plans**.
- Ensures infrastructure maintenance (drainage systems, runways, etc.).
- Improves response times to extreme weather events.

Mapa Risc - Meteor: Intensitat de pluja (Data Emissió: 07/09/2024 08:27)

Dia: 08/09/2024 00:00

Intensitat de pluja (De 0 a 6 hores)

Intensitat de pluja (De 6 a 12 hores)



Intensitat de pluja (De 12 a 18 hores)

Intensitat de pluja (De 18 a 24 hores)

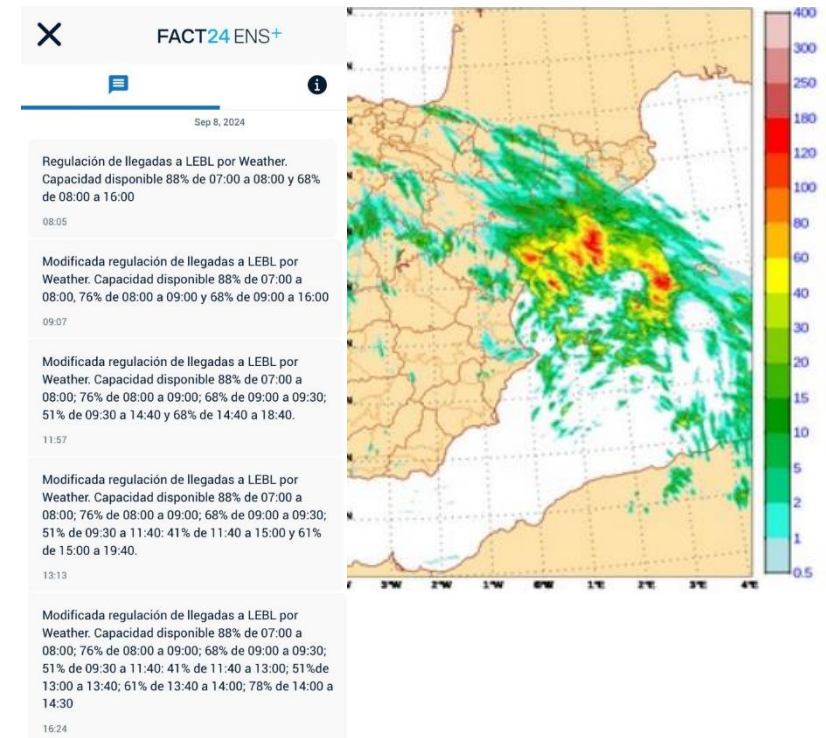


ANTICIPATION & PREPAREDNESS CAN MINIMIZE DISRUPTIONS

# Weather impact on Airport Operations

## INFORMATION SHARING & COMMUNICATION TOOLS

- Lesson learned: Sharing all available information in Real Time is KEY.
- Tools used:
  - FACT24 ENS+
  - Email to pre-activate 'Chaotic Situation' Committee



INFORMATION SHARING IMPROVES OPERATIONAL READINESS

# Weather impact on Airport Operations

## AIRPORT PROCESSES AFFECTED BY WEATHER EVENTS

- Check-in & security / passport control process
- Airport services disruption
- Aircraft parking availability
- Ground handling work challenges
- Cancellation passenger allocation

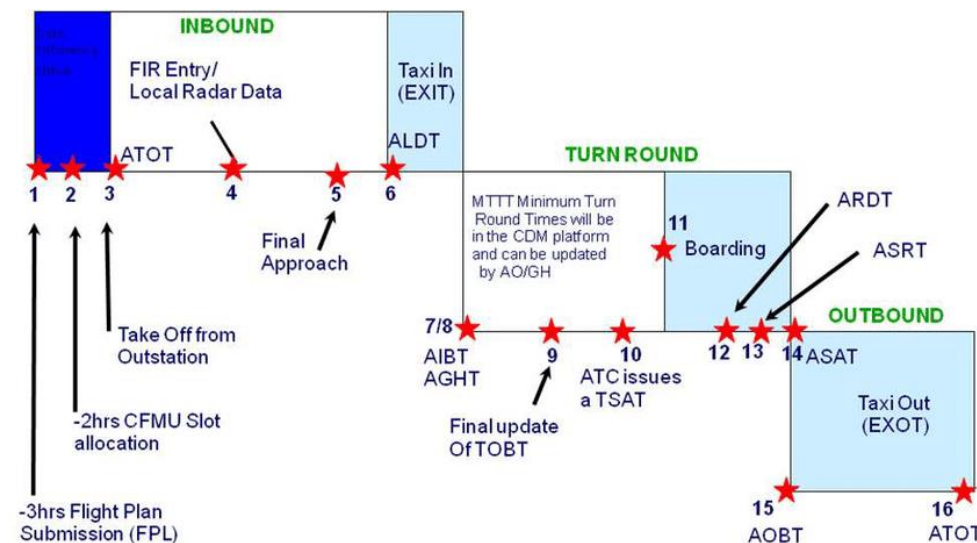


WEATHER IMPACTS ALL AIRPORT OPERATIONS, REQUIRING A HOLISTIC APPROACH

# Weather impact on Airport Operations

## RESPONSIBLE USE OF CDM (COLLABORATIVE DECISION MAKING)

- Ensures all stakeholders update real-time information (FPL & TOBT)
- Reduces delays and improves reallocation of resources.
- Keeps airport information as updated and accurate as possible



ACCURATE DATA IN CDM LEADS TO BETTER AIRPORT MANAGEMENT AND REDUCED DELAYS





- Convective storms with towering clouds are the main weather phenomena affecting Barcelona airport in fall.
- Waterspouts and thunderstorm rains are expected.
- TWYs can be flooded.



- Average sea temperature in summer will be above 27° Celsius during the day.
- CBs and TCUs affect APP and DEP.
- STARs and SIDs can't be flown.
- Difficult impact prediction



- Advection fog can be expected in Winter early morning.
- Usually affecting departure RWY 24L/06R.



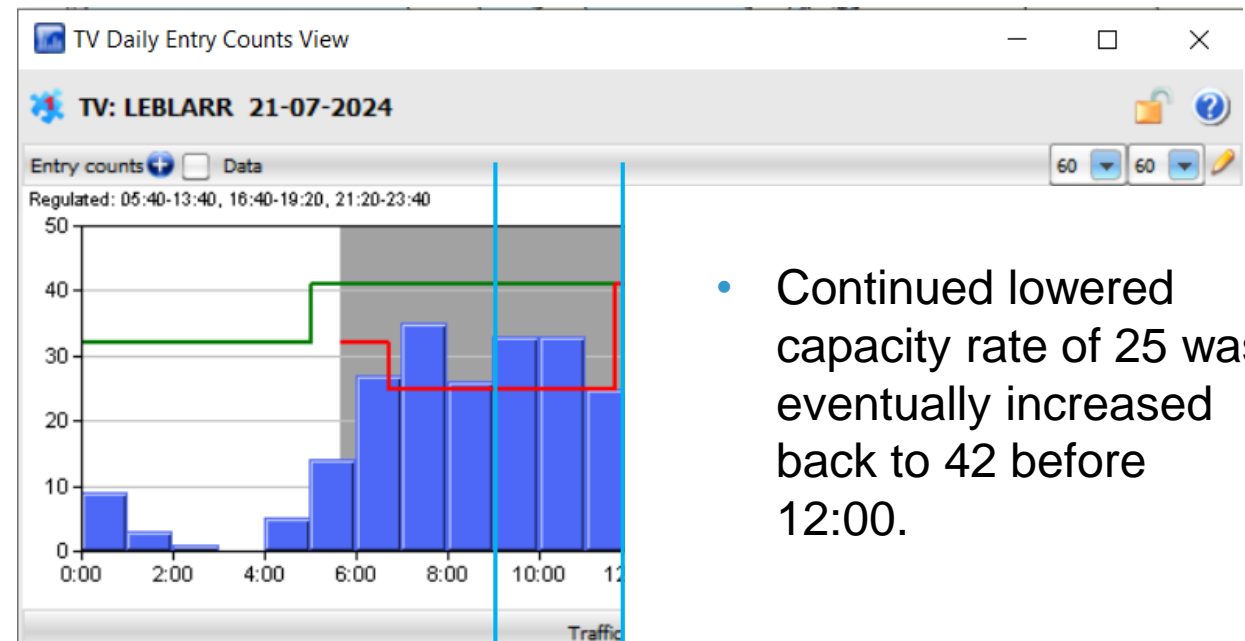
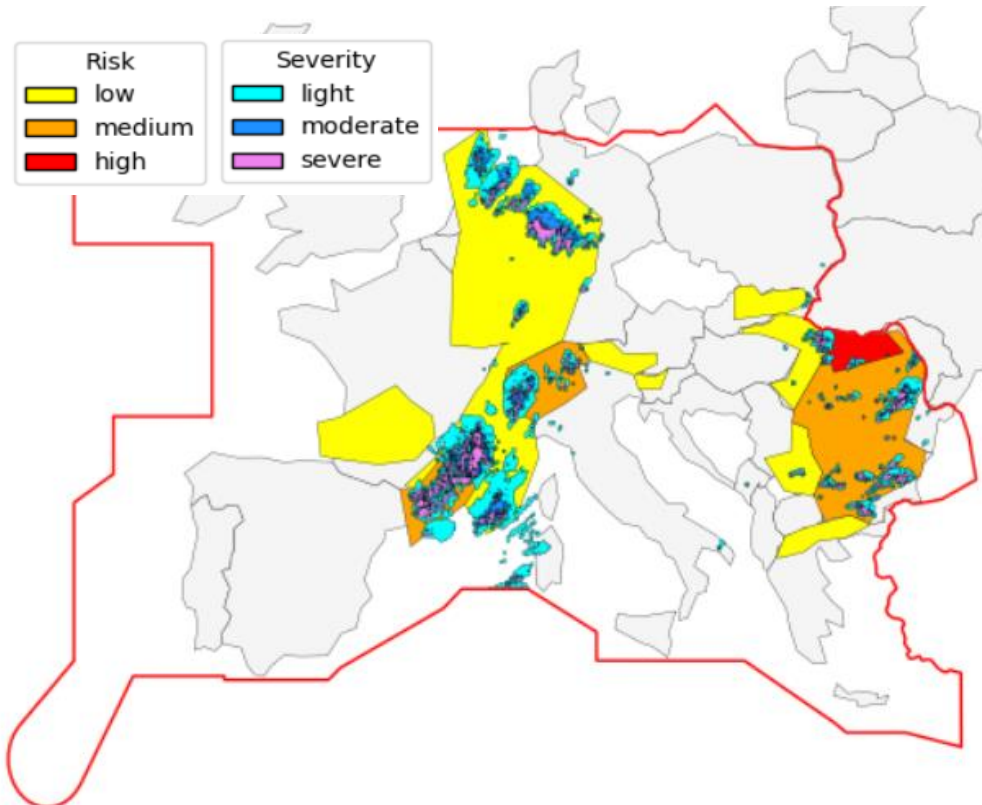
Use the **QR code** or  
go to **[ectrlvote.eu](https://ectrlvote.eu)** and  
log in with **eurocontrol521**





# 09:00-12:00

- Increased delay in SE Axis and unplanned entries
- The main effect of weather was on Barcelona ACC and airport.

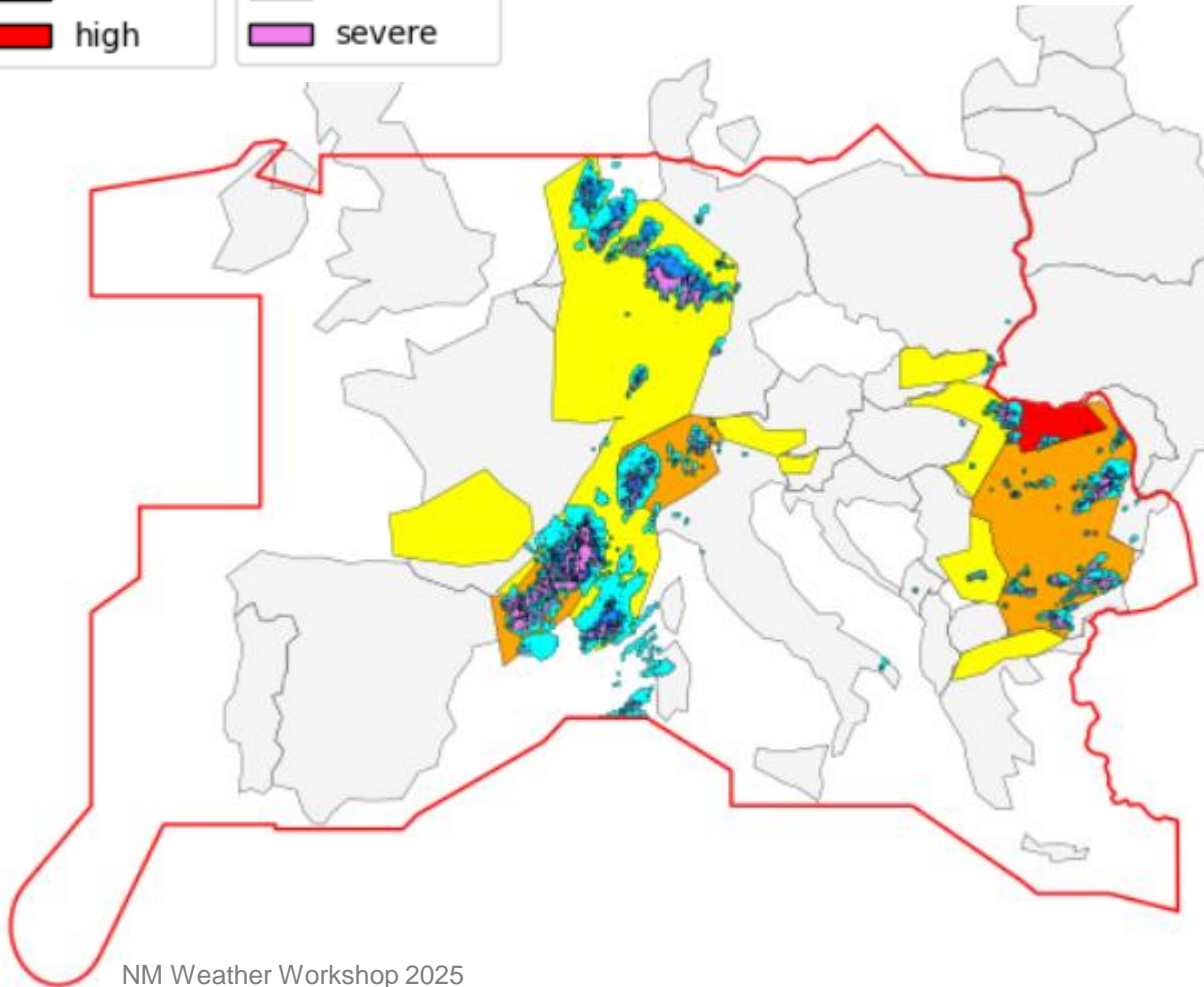


- Continued lowered capacity rate of 25 was eventually increased back to 42 before 12:00.

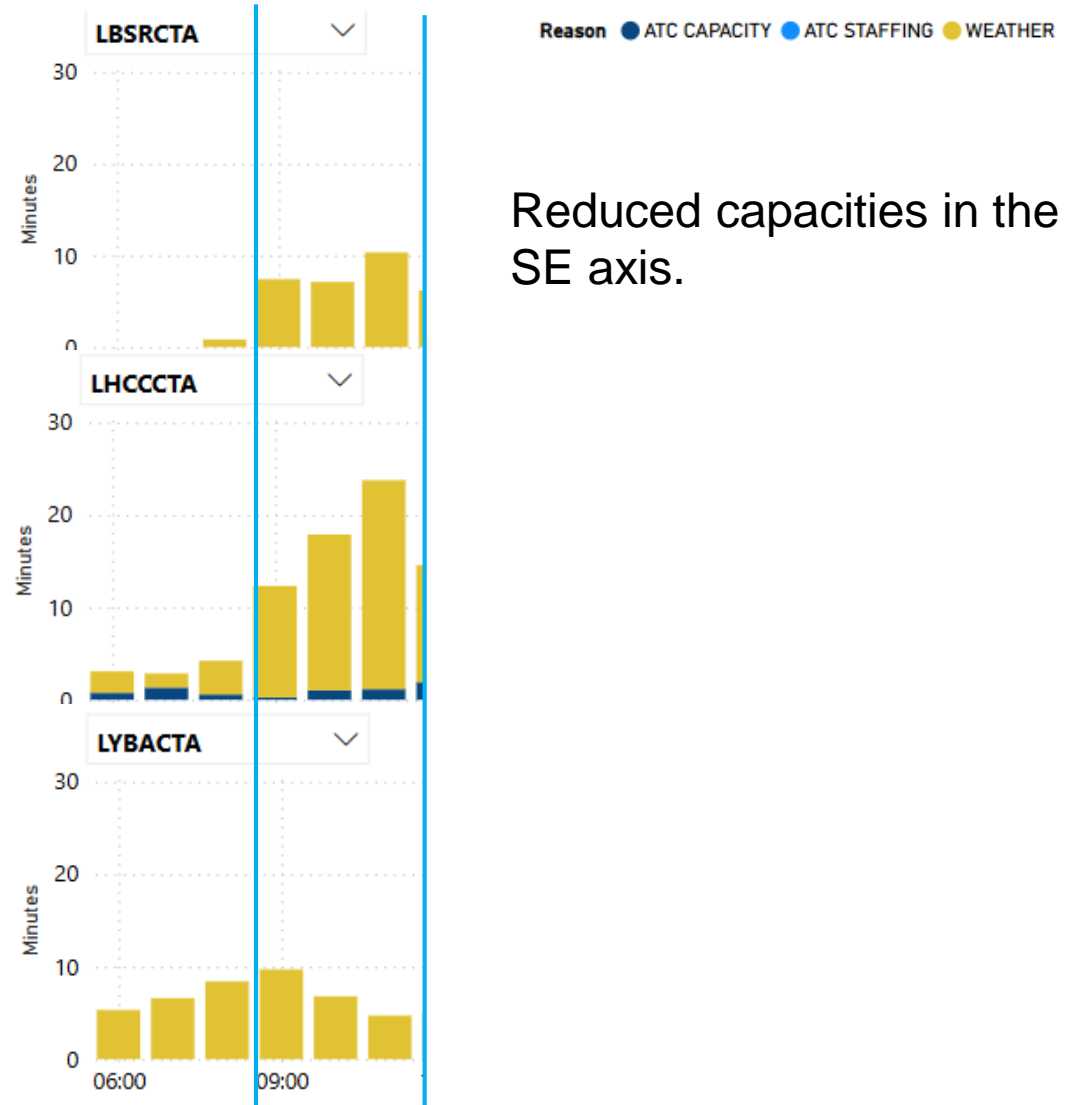


# 9:00-12:00

Reduced capacities in Serbia, Hungary

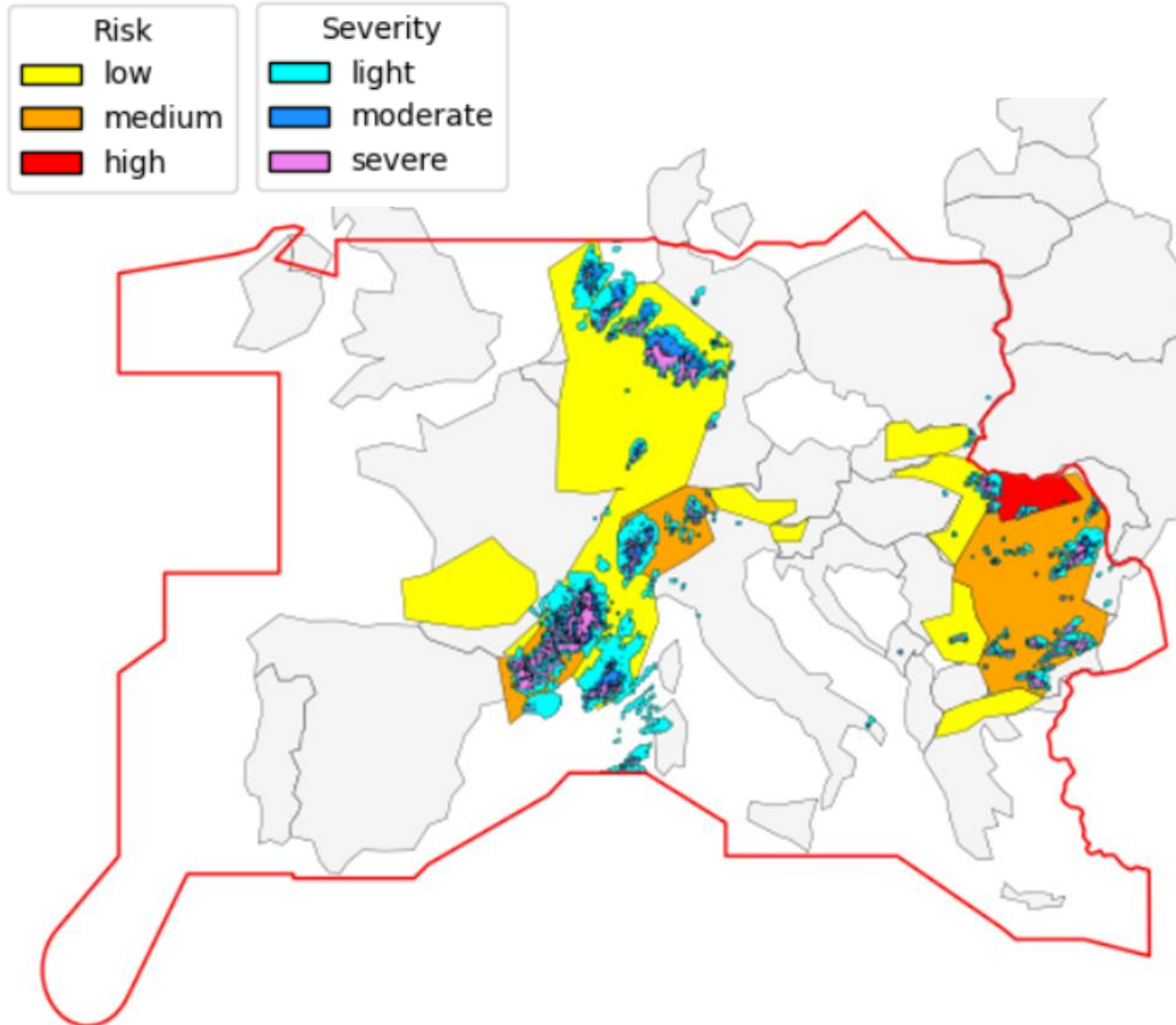


## Hourly Delay Per Flight

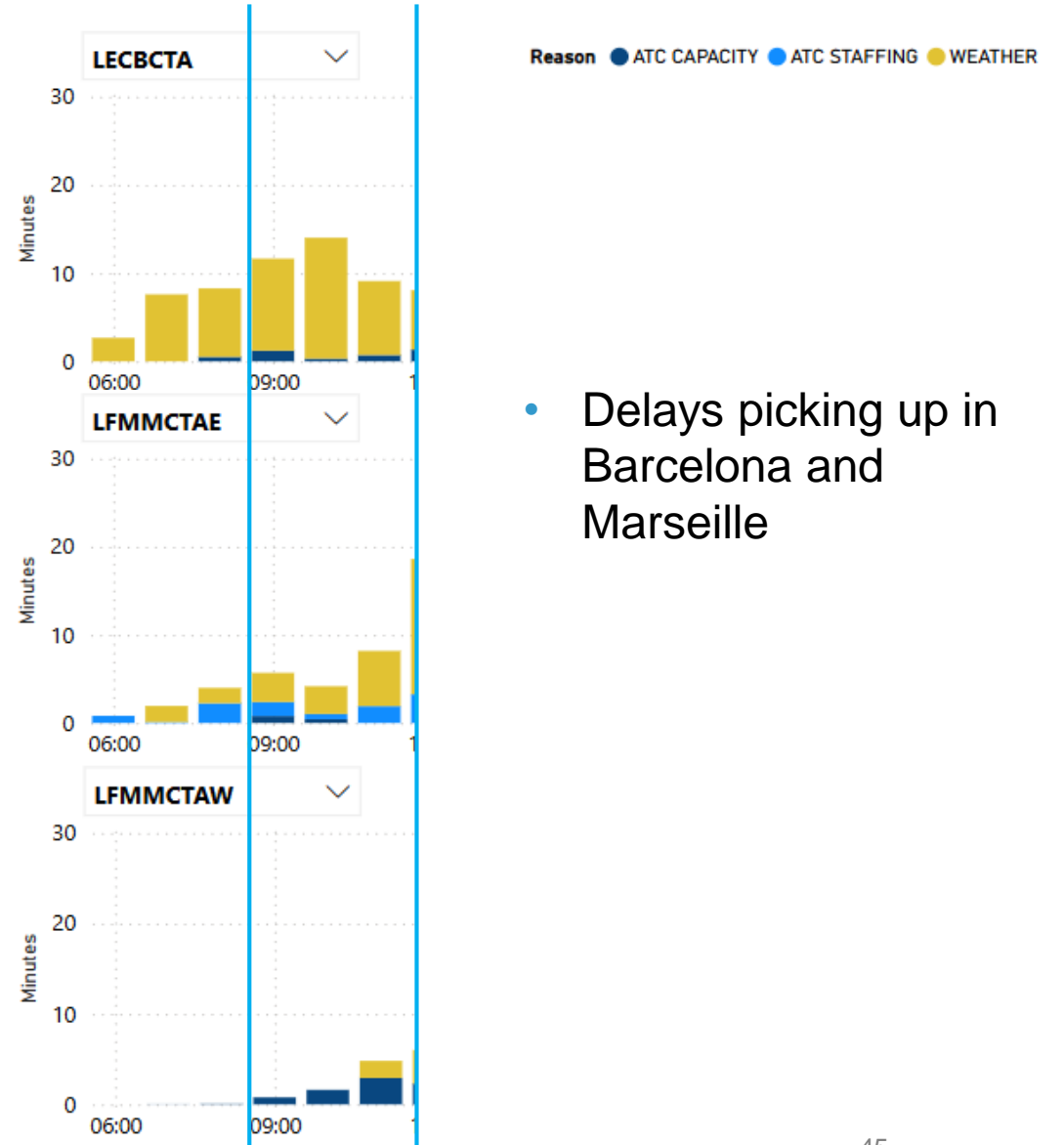


Reduced capacities in the SE axis.

# 9:00-12:00

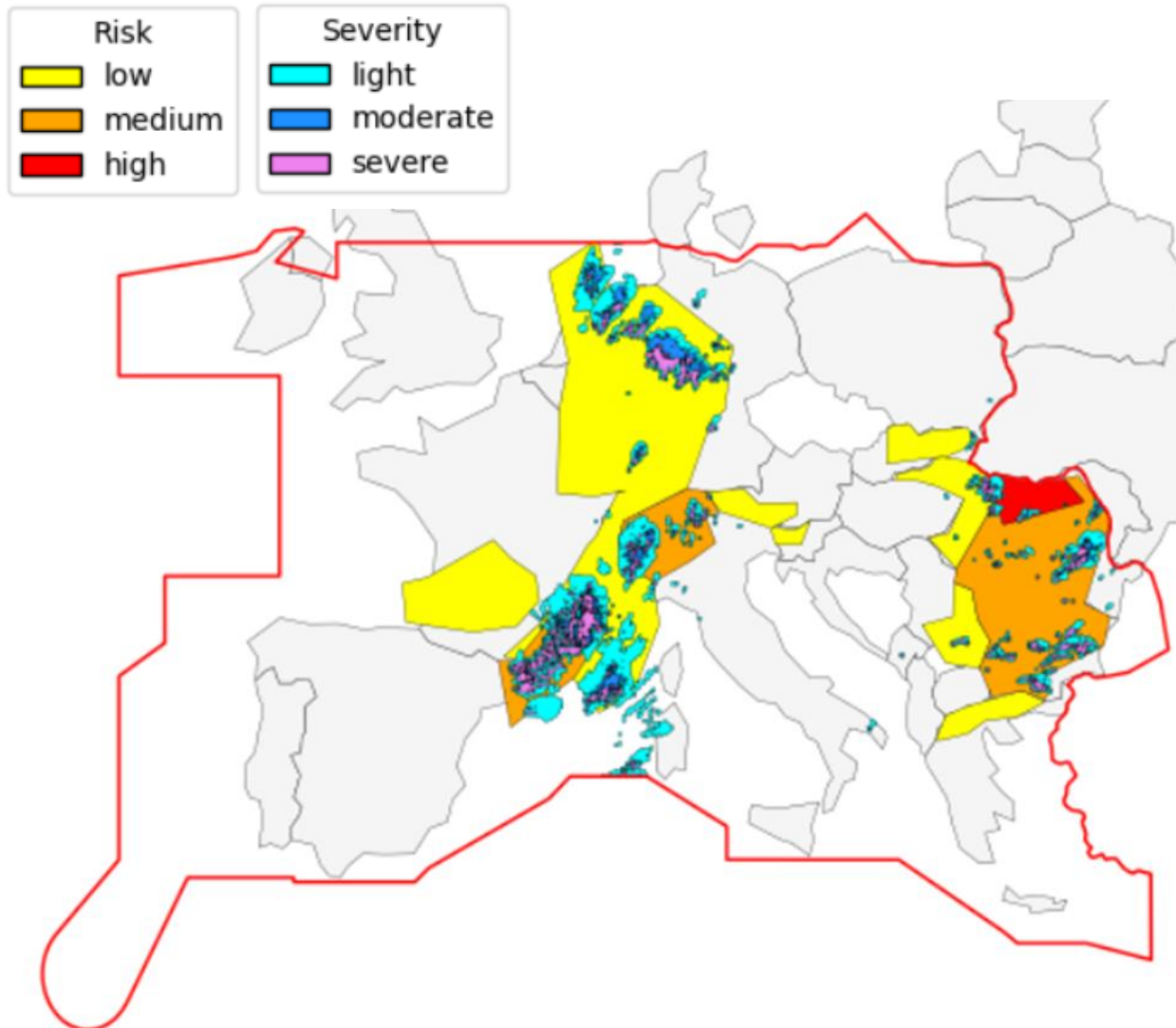


## Hourly Delay Per Flight

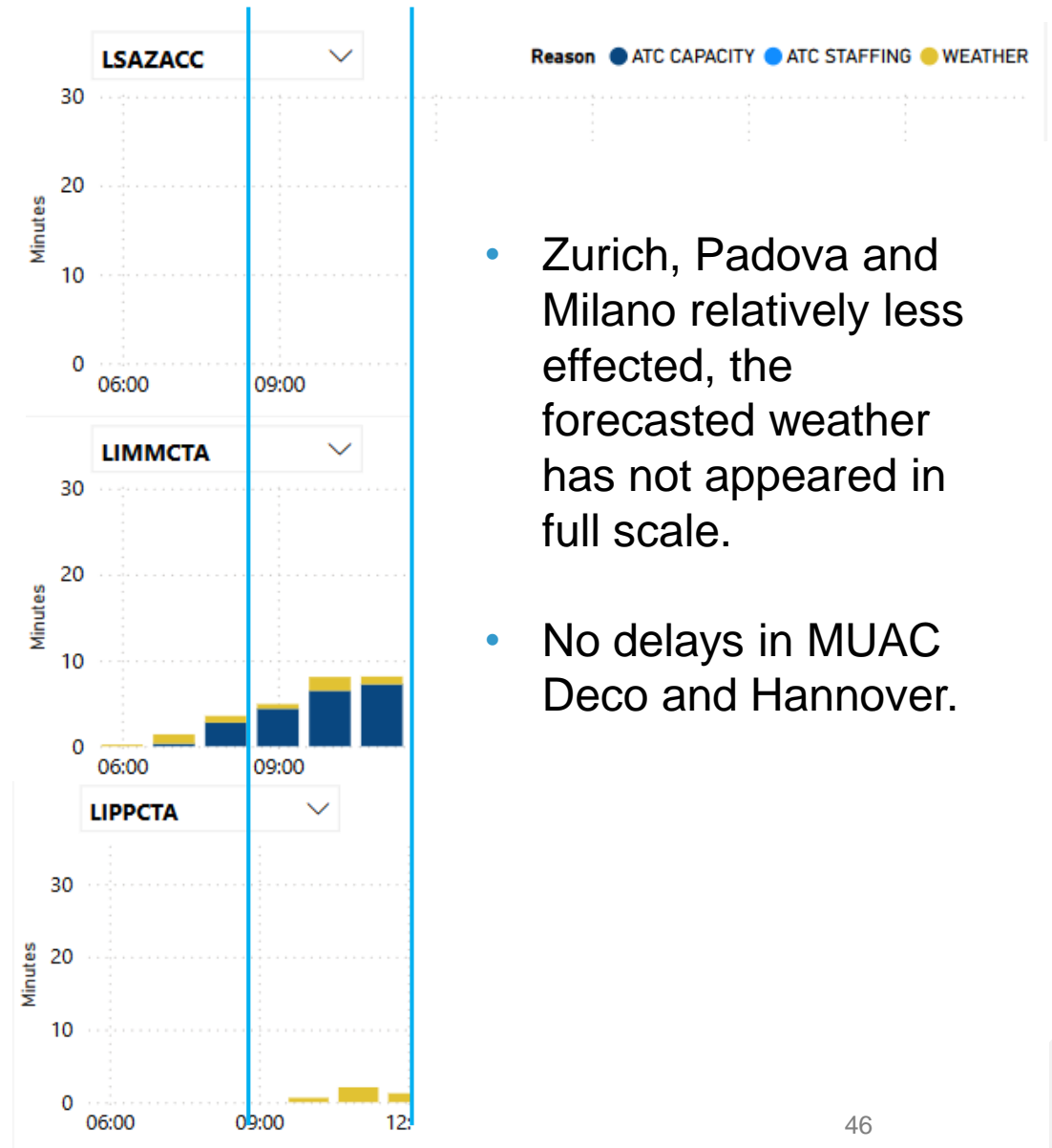


- Delays picking up in Barcelona and Marseille

# 9:00-12:00



## Hourly Delay Per Flight



- Zurich, Padova and Milano relatively less effected, the forecasted weather has not appeared in full scale.
- No delays in MUAC Deco and Hannover.

# LFMM Feedback on Weather Management

Sunday July 21st 2024



# LFMM Pretactical Briefing

Sent by FMP office on  
Friday – for FMP Ops  
and Supervisors

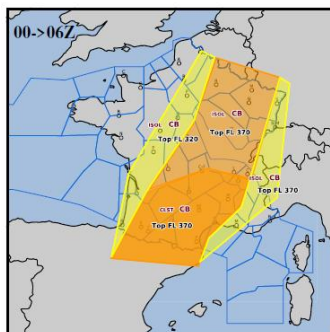
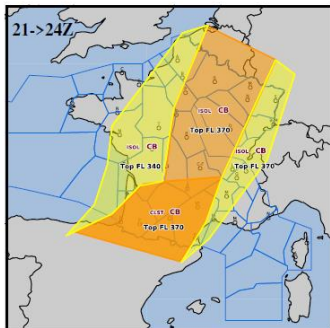
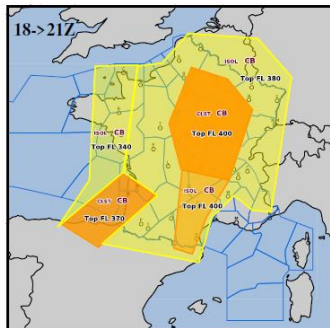
## Information shared:

- Staffing
- Weather forecast
- Hotspots
- Military activities or special events

Reminders, Advises  
and feedback to handle  
traffic

# Meteo France Forecast – worst than expected

## Bulletin de pré-alerte orages (20/07/24 18 au lendemain 06Z)

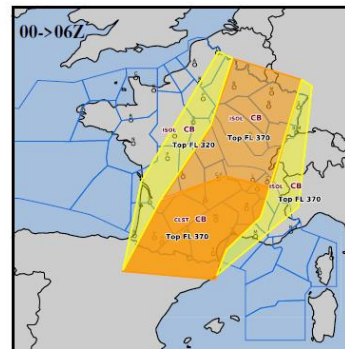
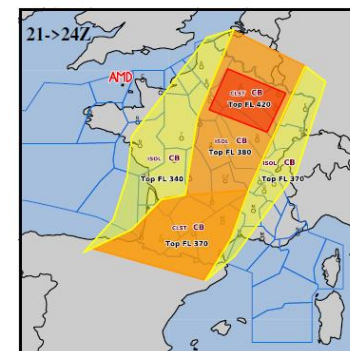
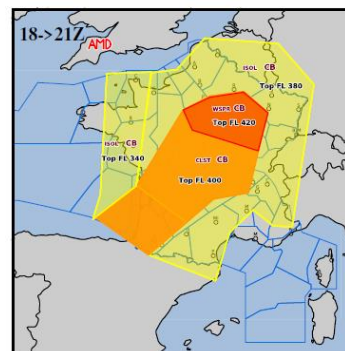


### COMMENTAIRES / COMPLEMENTS

Comme prévu, l'instabilité est en train de se renforcer en cette fin d'après-midi.  
L'amas orageux actuellement positionné sur le nord/nord-est du Massif Central remonte vers le nord et le nord-est ce soir (cf. CLST orange foncé).  
Une autre dégradation orageuse est en train de se former sur le sud du golfe de Gascogne, et va circuler sur le Sud-Ouest ce soir et cette nuit.

Actualisé le 20/07 16h12 UTC

## Bulletin de pré-alerte orages (20/07/24 18 au lendemain 06Z)



### COMMENTAIRES / COMPLEMENTS

#### AMENDEMENT AMENDEMENT WSPR / CLST SUR NORD DU PAYS

Comme prévu, l'instabilité est en train de se renforcer en cette fin d'après-midi.  
L'amas orageux actuellement positionné sur le nord/nord-est du Massif Central remonte vers le nord et le nord-est ce soir (cf. WSPR puis CLST Rouge).  
Une autre dégradation orageuse est en train de se former sur le sud du golfe de Gascogne, et va circuler sur le Sud-Ouest ce soir et cette nuit. (CLST ORANGE)

é le 20/07 20h04 UTC

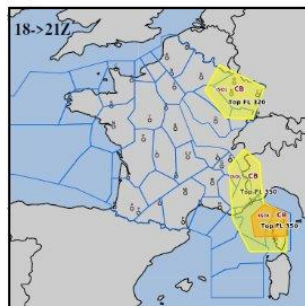
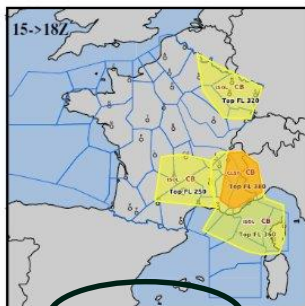
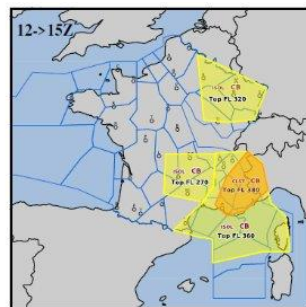
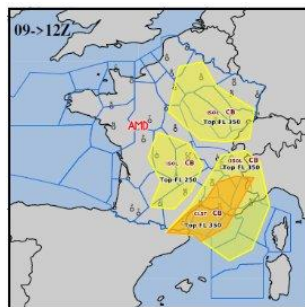
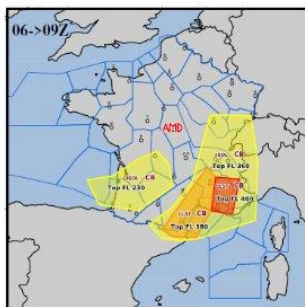
# LFMM tactical weather management

## To keep in mind :

- A lot of amendements in wx forecasts
- Expected staffing issues
- Supervisors and FMP ops are "captains on board" the day of operations

# Meteo France Weather Update 21st of July

## Bulletin de pré-alerte orages (21/07/24 06->21Z)



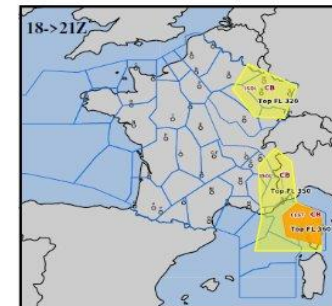
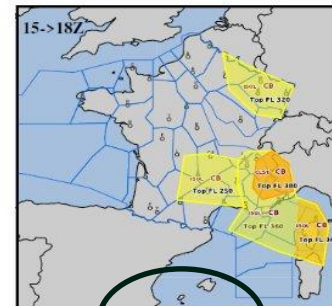
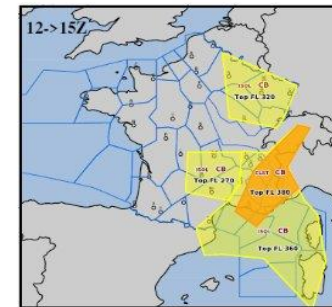
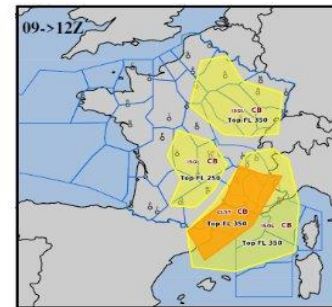
Actualisé le 21/07 06h22 UTC

### COMMENTAIRES / COMPLEMENTS

AMD: ligne de grain sur les secteurs A et M du CRNA SE entre 06 et 09z

- La situation reste encore instable.
- Des orages isolés circulent sur le sud-est, parfois organisés en cluster des Pyrénées vers les Alpes et la Corse (M A B du CRNA SE en journée et secteur K en soirée).
  - Sur le sud-ouest, CB isolés avec des TOP plus bas.
  - Quelques CB isolés sont encore présents sur le nord-est toute la journée (risque très faible).
  - Par ailleurs, zone de turbulence localement sévère sur le nord en matinée. Risque d'ondes sévères sur l'est des Pyrénées en fin de journée (H du CRNA SW).

## Bulletin de pré-alerte orages (21/07/24 09->21Z)



Actualisé le 21/07 08h00 UTC

### COMMENTAIRES / COMPLEMENTS

- La situation reste encore instable, notamment sur le sud-est du pays.
- Des orages circulent sur le CRNA SE, parfois organisés en cluster des Pyrénées vers les Alpes puis la Corse (H, M, A, B, Y du CRNA SE en journée et secteur K en soirée).
  - Sur le sud-ouest, CB isolés avec des TOP plus bas.
  - Quelques CB isolés sont encore présents sur le nord-est possibles toute la journée
  - Par ailleurs, zone de turbulence localement sévère sur le nord en matinée. Risque d'ondes sévères sur l'est des Pyrénées en fin de journée (H du CRNA SW).



## Regulations

### **East zone:**

- 16 regulations > 250 min of delays
- No pretactical ones
- A lot of changes
- Short notices

### **West zone:**

- 10 regulations > 250 min of delays
- No pretactical ones
- A lot of changes
- Short notices

## Staffing

### **East zone :**

- 14 sect opened / 14 sect available

### **West zone :**

- 12 sect opened / 13 sect available



# Managing Weather Disruptions: VLG iOCC's Approach

12MAR25 NM HQ



Introduction

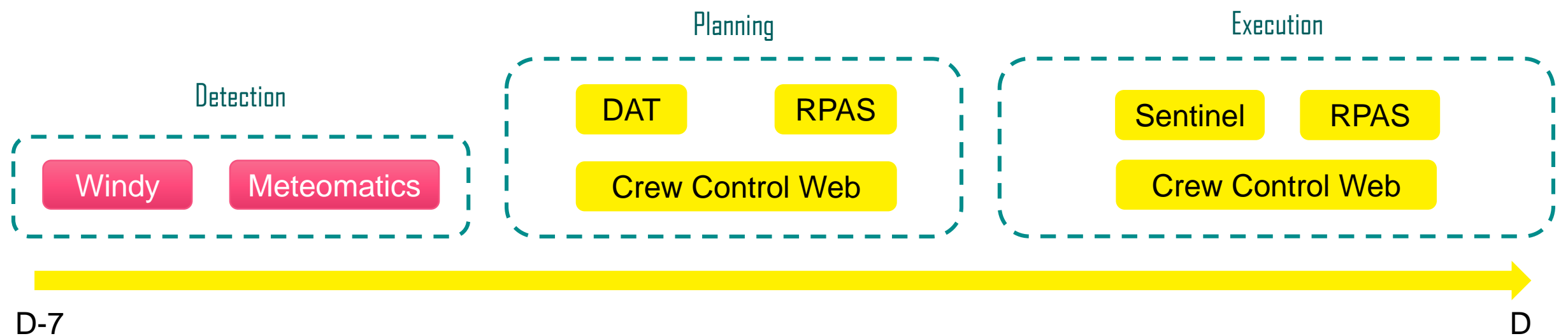
The Journey


Detection

Planning

Execution

Post-mortem



 In-house tool

 External tool



# DETECTION



Tactical Planner

Readiness

Operational Manager

Duty Manager

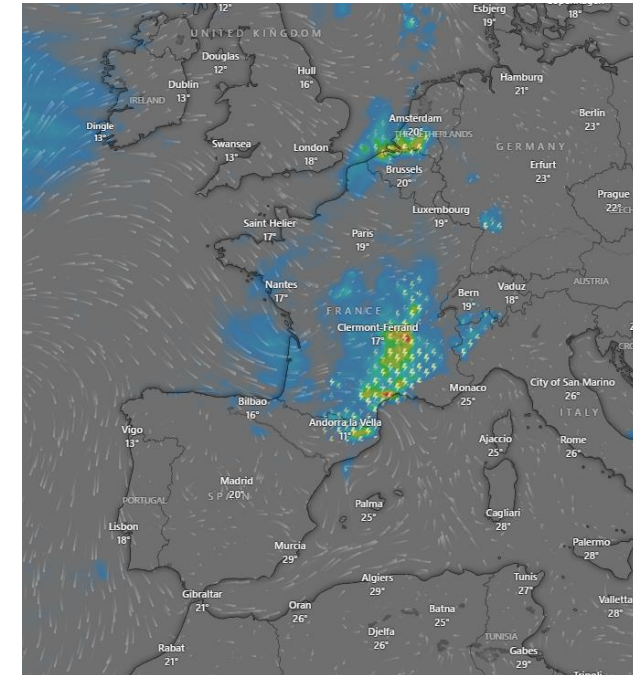


Wind Warning

Precipitation

Lightning

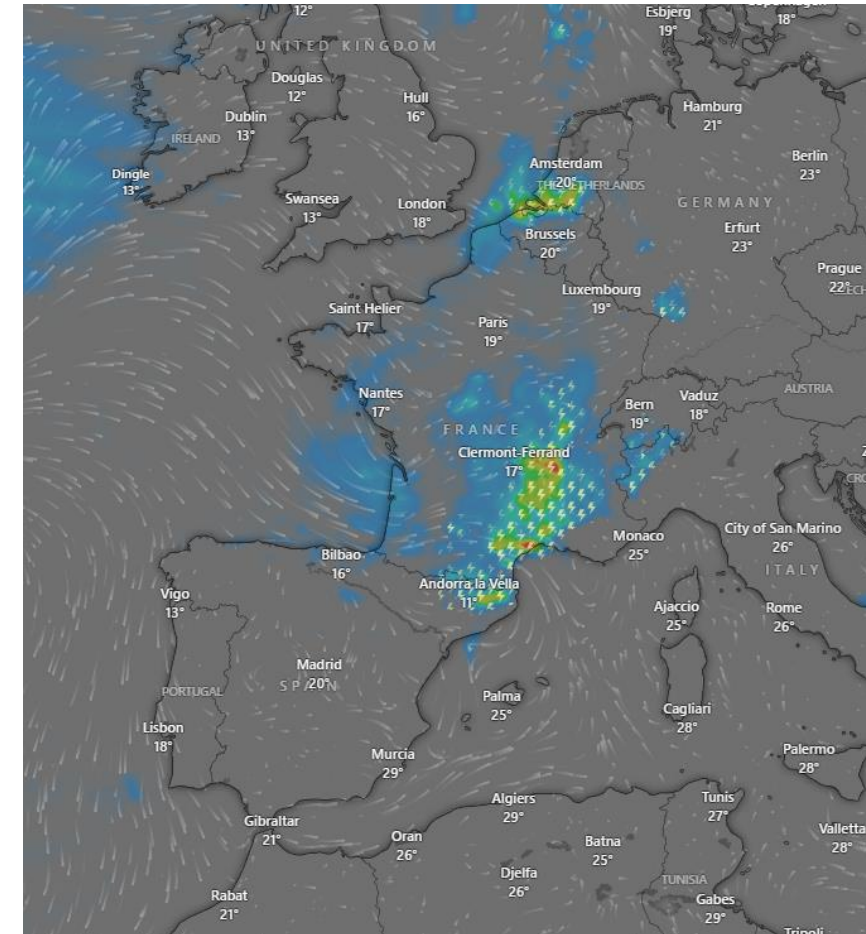
CAPE



# DETECTION

## D-1 D-2 OPS

- OPERATIONAL MANAGER will inform about the Airports with Low visibility & TS expected. And if it is needed extra Weather holding.
- CREW CONTROL will inform about the standby Crew Resources available for the next day. And identify Critical routes to be splitted.
- TACTICAL PLANNER will inform about the number of backups available for next day.
- MOC MAINTENANCE will inform about the AOG situation.



# PLANNING



Crew Control  
Ground OPS  
Flight Dispatch  
Operational Manager  
Maintenance  
Tactical Planner  
Readiness  
Customer Response

RPAS

RPAS Tool will allow to create a simulation at any Airspace or Weather situation in the past (NMIR)

DAT

Dynamic Allocation Tool will represent the Simulation applied.

Crew Control Web

Crew Control Web will allow to see which potential problems we will experience with Maximum Duty Time allow for Crews.

Introduction

The Journey

Detection

Planning

Execution

Post-mortem

vueling RPAS 24/02/2025 14:30 UTC Catálogo de rutas Simulaciones KPIs Informes ATC Regulaciones Configuración

Modo simulación: DANA 21FEB25 Report Simulación Comparación de simulaciones Editar simulación Salir modo simulación

Elige una geo localización

### Simulaciones

- Simulación **DANA 21FEB25** Modificada 18/02/2025 15:48 UTC [Cargar](#)
- Simulación **DANA 28-02-2025** Modificada 17/02/2025 17:03 UTC [Cargar](#)
- Simulación **EBBR 13FEB25** Modificada 12/02/2025 15:31 UTC [Cargar](#)
- Simulación **STRIKE FR** Modificada 02/02/2025 10:10 UTC [Cargar](#)
- Simulación **06DEC AMS WINDS**
- Simulación **FRANCE STRIKE 5DE**

TIMESTAMP	TIPO	RUTA	ARCID	REG	EOBT
> 14:24:22	REA	LEBL - LEZL	VLG41UZ	ECMIC	14:45
> 14:20:55	RFA	LEBL -	VLG7574	ECMOL	14:50



Pairing	Status	Crew	Firma	Fin Duty	Margen	Regulación M. ↑	Comentarios
128A - BCN-MXP-BCN-SVQ-BCN/28 feb.	✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️	CP - 5176, FO - 13742, FO - 14464, JC - 8908, TC - 11020, TC - 13333, TC - 13360, TC - 14092	13:40	23:55	01:20	-00:05	🗨️
122A - BCN-PMO-BCN-OVD-BCN/28 feb.	✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️	CP - 1358, FO - 10717, FO - 14463, JC - 6217, TC - 14104, TC - 14160, TC - 14376	13:20	23:45	01:25	-00:05	🗨️
1101A - BCN-DBV-BCN-LYS-BCN/28 feb.	✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️	CP - 1100, FO - 10712, JC - 4904, JC - 5633, TC - 13289, TC - 14039, TC - 14591	10:30	22:00	00:50	-00:10	🗨️
126A - BCN-SDR-BCN-LGW-BCN/28 feb.	✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️	CP - 1339, FO - 6804, FO - 14462, JC - 4956, TC - 13141, TC - 13479, TC - 14390	13:30	00:10	00:55	-00:15	🗨️
1FL6C - FLR-BCN-FLR-LGW-FLR/26 feb.	✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️	CP - 1543	11:15	22:20	01:15	-00:15	🗨️
FL04C - FLR-BCN-FLR-LGW-FLR/28 feb.	✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️	FO - 13731, JC - 6727, TC - 12890	11:15	22:20	01:15	-00:15	🗨️
FLR01 - FLR-BCN-FLR-LGW-FLR/27 feb.	✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️	TC - 12904	11:15	22:20	01:15	-00:15	🗨️
FC04A - FCO-BCN-FCO-VLC-FCO/28 feb.	✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️ — ✈️	CP - 6242, FO - 8729, JC - 7894, TC - 7881, TC - 7956, TC - 9213	11:45	22:45	01:20	-00:20	🗨️



**FDP CREW**

SLOTS

CREW DHC

**REACCOM**  
CAPACITY INCREASE TO IMPROVE

**PAX**

**CREW  
RESOURC  
ES**

CREW IN-TRAINING

**FLIGHT LIST:**  
To be protected  
Potential cancellations

**FLEET  
RESOURC  
ES**

MX SWAPS

**CREW REST**

CHARTERS/VIPS/TT00

**CURFEW**

MISSCONNECTIONS

# EXECUTION



Operational Manager  
Duty Manager  
Readiness  
Customer Response  
Crew Control  
Tactical Planner  
Flight Dispatch  
MOC  
VAS  
Airport Managers

Sentinel

Sentinel Tool will detect:

- Punctuality Recovery (OTP)
- Flight Prioritization
- Smart Cancellation
- Passenger Centricity in every decision

RPAS

RPAS Tool will detect considering non confirmed regulations and confirmed regulations:

- Potential Curfew Infringements
- Potential FDP Infringements

Crew Control Web

CC Web will monitor:

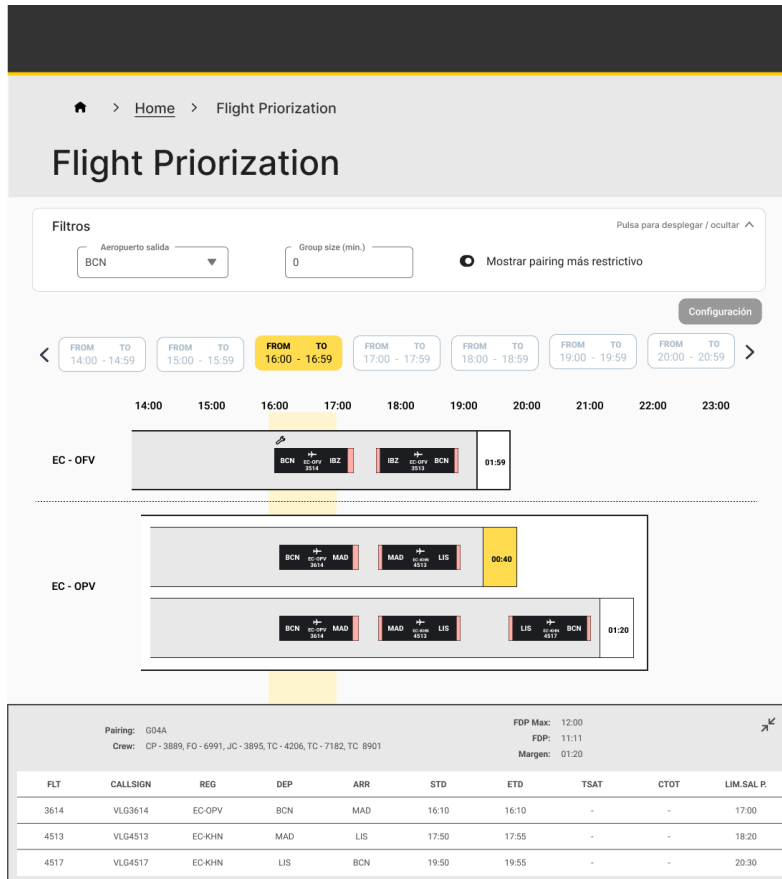
- Crew FDP

## Today's flights

Flight	ARCID	EOBT	CTOT	DEP	ARR	Regulations	Alt. CTOT		
VLG3RK	ECLVS	10:05	10:56*	LEBB	EHAM	41 min	N/A	CURFEW	Open
VLG6206	ECMGF	11:30	12:49*	LIRQ	EGKK	59 min	N/A	FDP CURFEW	Open
VLG77TU	ECODJ	11:50	12:13*	EHAM	LEAL	7 min	OUT REG	FDP	Open
VLG6307	ECMCU	11:55	13:01*	LEBB	EGKK	59 min	N/A	CURFEW	Open
VLG34LB	ECJTQ	12:25	13:34*	LEBL	EGKK	54 min	N/A	FDP	Open

RPAS Tool will detect as soon as possible potentials impacts with Curfew and FDP.

Pairing	Status	Crew	Firma	Fin Duty	Margen	Regulación M. ↑	Comentarios
128A - BCN-MXP-BCN-SVQ-BCN/28 feb.		CP - 5176, FO - 13742, FO - 14464, JC - 8908, TC - 11020, TC - 13333, TC - 13360, TC - 14092	13:40	23:55	01:20	-00:05	
122A - BCN-PMO-BCN-OVD-BCN/28 feb.		CP - 1358, FO - 10717, FO - 14463, JC - 6217, TC - 14104, TC - 14160, TC - 14376	13:20	23:45	01:25	-00:05	
1101A - BCN-DBV-BCN-LYS-BCN/28 feb.		CP - 1100, FO - 10712, JC - 4904, JC - 5633, TC - 13289, TC - 14039, TC - 14591	10:30	22:00	00:50	-00:10	
126A - BCN-SDR-BCN-LGW-BCN/28 feb.		CP - 1339, FO - 6804, FO - 14462, JC - 4956, TC - 13141, TC - 13479, TC - 14390	13:30	00:10	00:55	-00:15	
1FL6C - FLR-BCN-FLR-LGW-FLR/26 feb.		CP - 1543	11:15	22:20	01:15	-00:15	
FL04C - FLR-BCN-FLR-LGW-FLR/28 feb.		FO - 13731, JC - 6727, TC - 12890	11:15	22:20	01:15	-00:15	
FLR01 - FLR-BCN-FLR-LGW-FLR/27 feb.		TC - 12904	11:15	22:20	01:15	-00:15	
FC04A - FCO-BCN-FCO-VLC-FCO/28 feb.		CP - 6242, FO - 8729, JC - 7894, TC - 7881, TC - 7956, TC - 9213	11:45	22:45	01:20	-00:20	



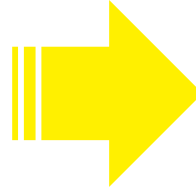
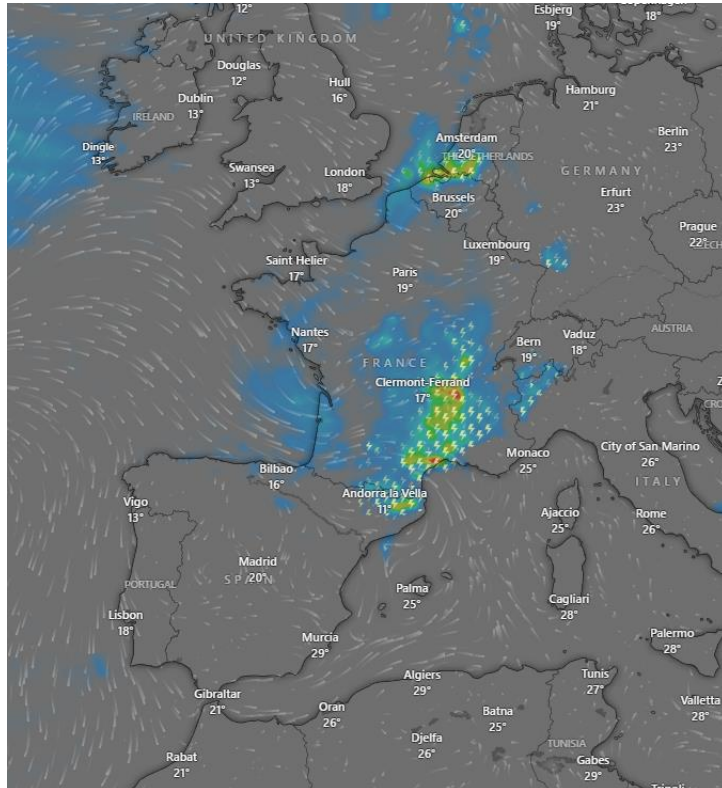
SENTINEL will allow us to monitor:

- Flight Priorization
- AOG monitoring
- OTP 180
- Weather: Below Minima & Crosswind
- Cancellor

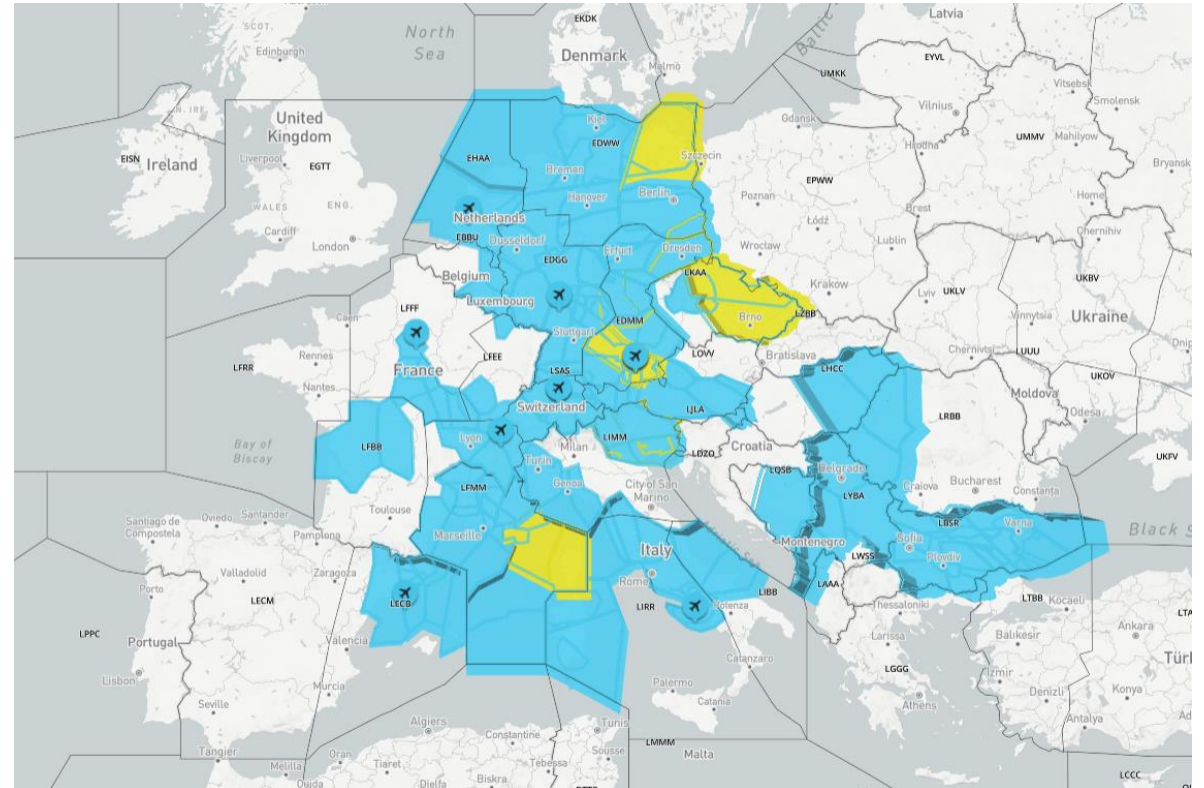


# POST-MORTEM

## OPS D-1

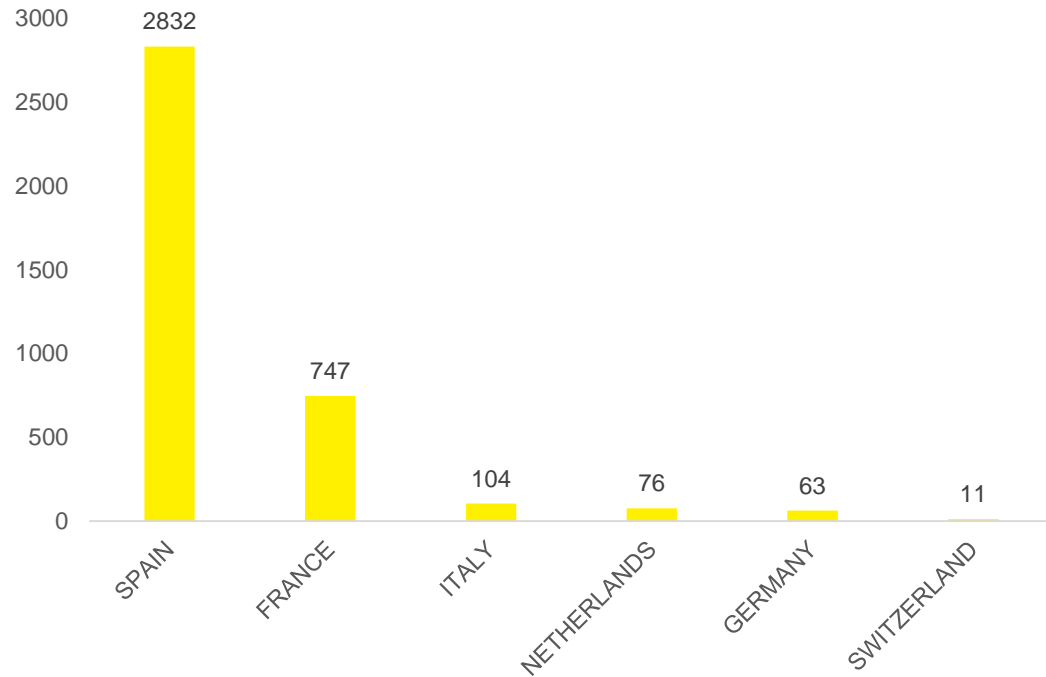


## DAY OF OPERATION

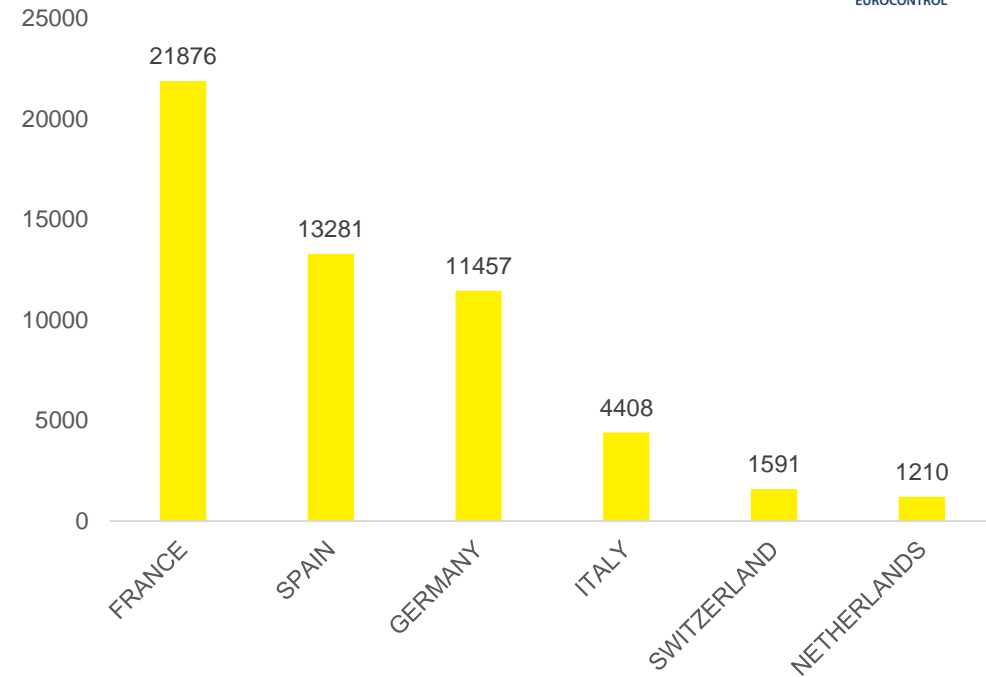


# WEATHER REGULATIONS (21JUL24)

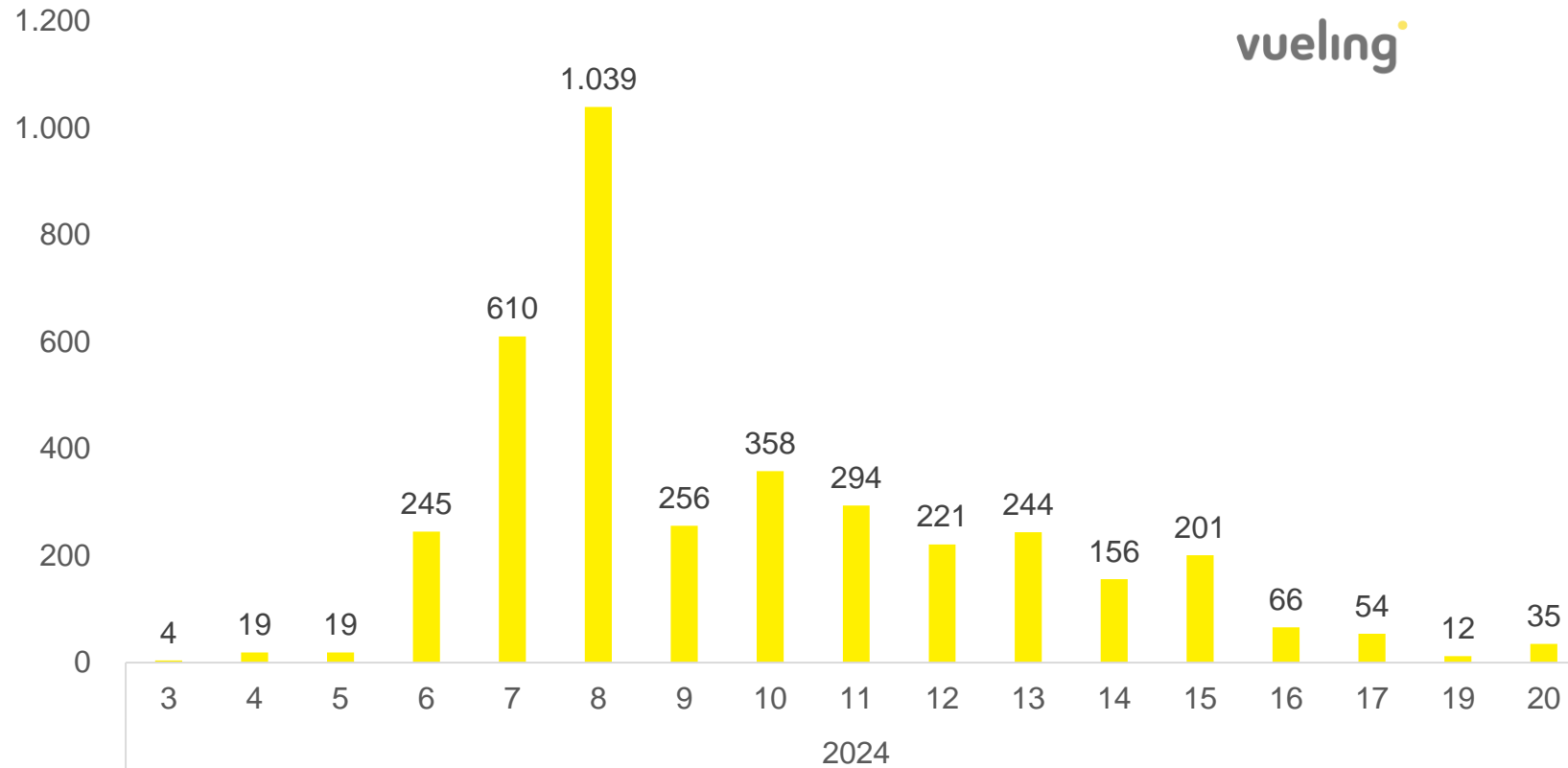
W - Weather (VLG)



W - Weather (NM)



# IMPACT BY HOURS (21JUL24) - Weather (VLG)



# CONSEQUENCE

## S



FLIGHTS: 714



OTP15: 50%



CANCELLATIONS: 11  
FLIGHTS



RECOVERY FOR NEXT  
DAY

# AFFECTED AIRPORTS & CITYPAIRS

## DESTINATION AIRPORTS

DAY	ADES	FLIGHT S
21/07/2024	LEBL	83
21/07/2024	EHAM	7
21/07/2024	LFPO	7
21/07/2024	LFPG	5
21/07/2024	LEBB	4
21/07/2024	LIRF	4
21/07/2024	EGKK	3
21/07/2024	LFMN	3
21/07/2024	LIMC	3
21/07/2024	EBBR	2
21/07/2024	EKCH	2
21/07/2024	LEPA	2
21/07/2024	LIRQ	2
21/07/2024	REST	26

## CITYPAIRS

CITYPAIR	FLIGHT S
EGKK-LEBL	5
LEMH-LEBL	5
LEIB-LEBL	4
LEPA-LEBL	4
LFPO-LEBL	4
LEBL-EGKK	3
LEBL-LFMN	3
LEBL-LFPG	3
LIRF-LEBL	3
EHAM-LEBL	2
LDDU-LEBL	2
LEAS-LEBL	2
LEBL-EBBR	2
LEBL-EHAM	2
LEBL-EKCH	2
LEBL-LFPO	2
LEBL-LIRF	2
LEMG-LEBL	2
LEPA-LFPO	2
LEST-LEBL	2
LEZL-LEBL	2
LFMN-LEBL	2
LIMC-LEBL	2
REST	91



# POTENTIAL IMPROVEMENTS

## To be considered

### AIRLINES

- Airlines opened to receive instructions to modify Routes & approaches.
- Keep EOBT UpToDate and Flight Levels adherence.
- Deviations from route is not only manager by Flight Crew, in some it is also managed by Flight Dispatchers

### EUROCONTRO

- Meetings with Eurocontrol/ANSP with medium/high weather disrupted situations.
- E-Helpdesk: Better understanding for this kind of unpredicted weather situations.
- Be focused on Curfew and Flight Duty Times (FDP)

### WEATHER

- Explore news methods of weather detection.
- The Mediterranean Sea zone is a weather bomb, and new tools are needed to monitor it.
- Support ANSP on weather situations.

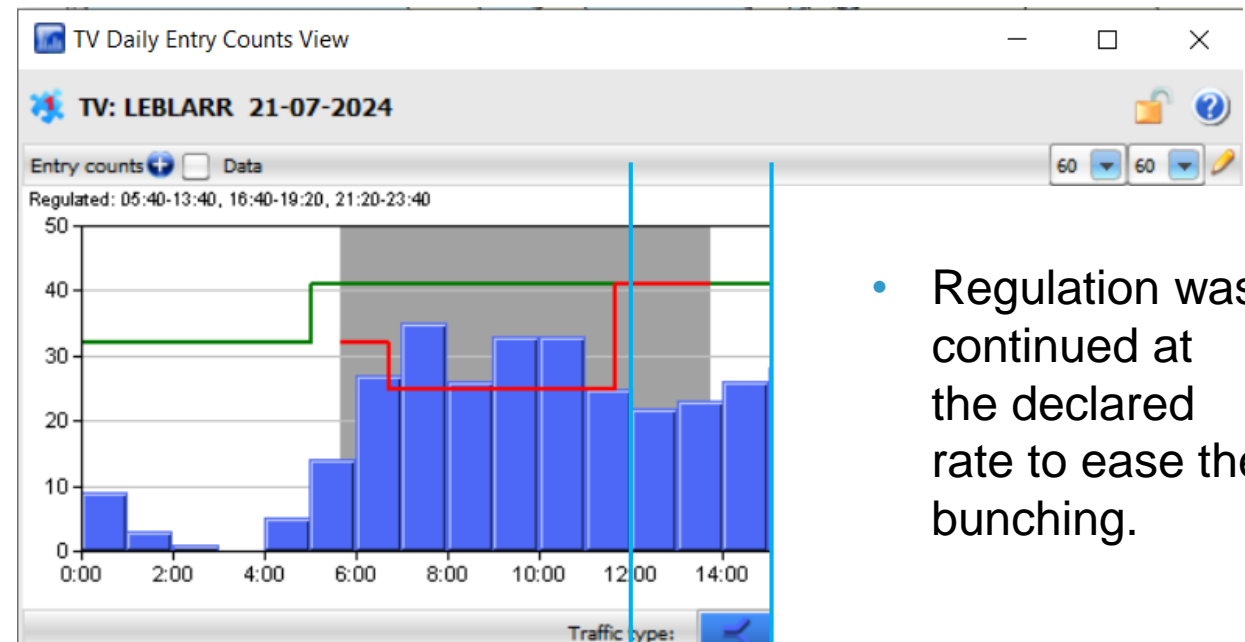
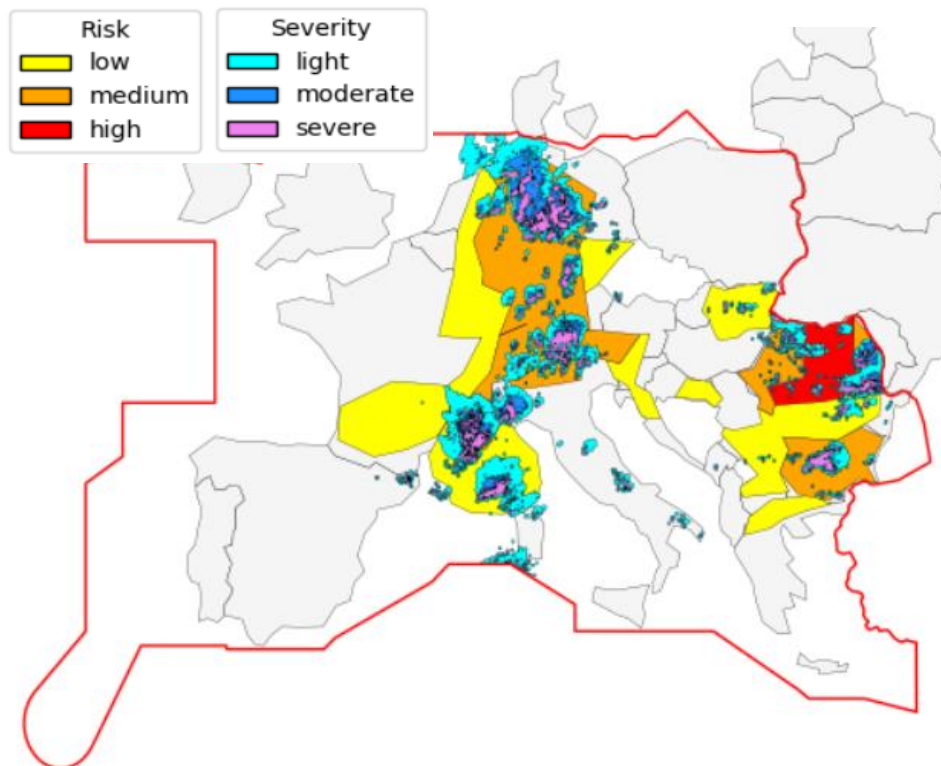


Use the **QR code** or  
go to **ectrlvote.eu** and  
log in with **eurocontrol521**



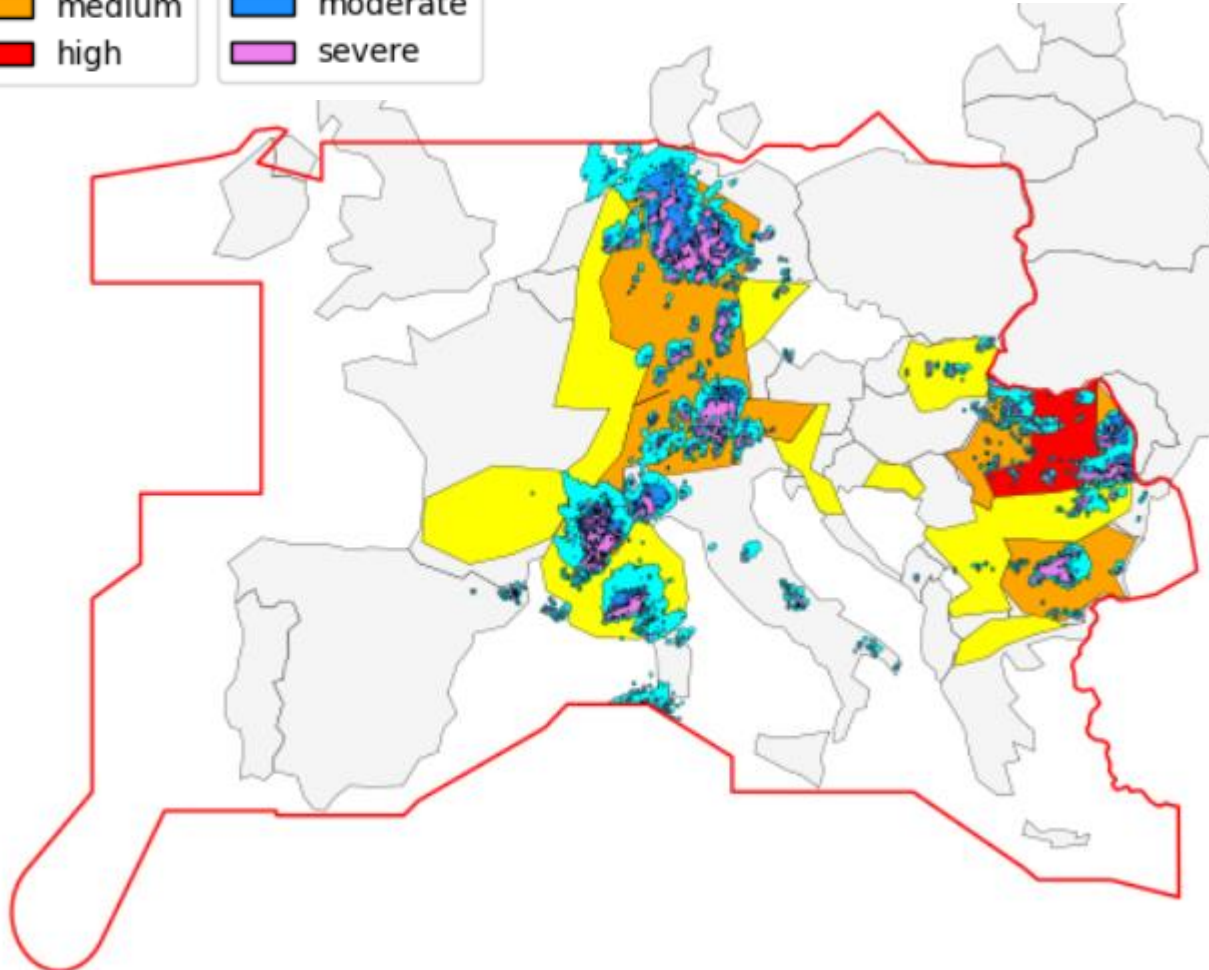
# 12:00-15:00

- The weather system moved east to Marseille East and Karlsruhe sectors.
- Barcelona ACC and airport started recovery.

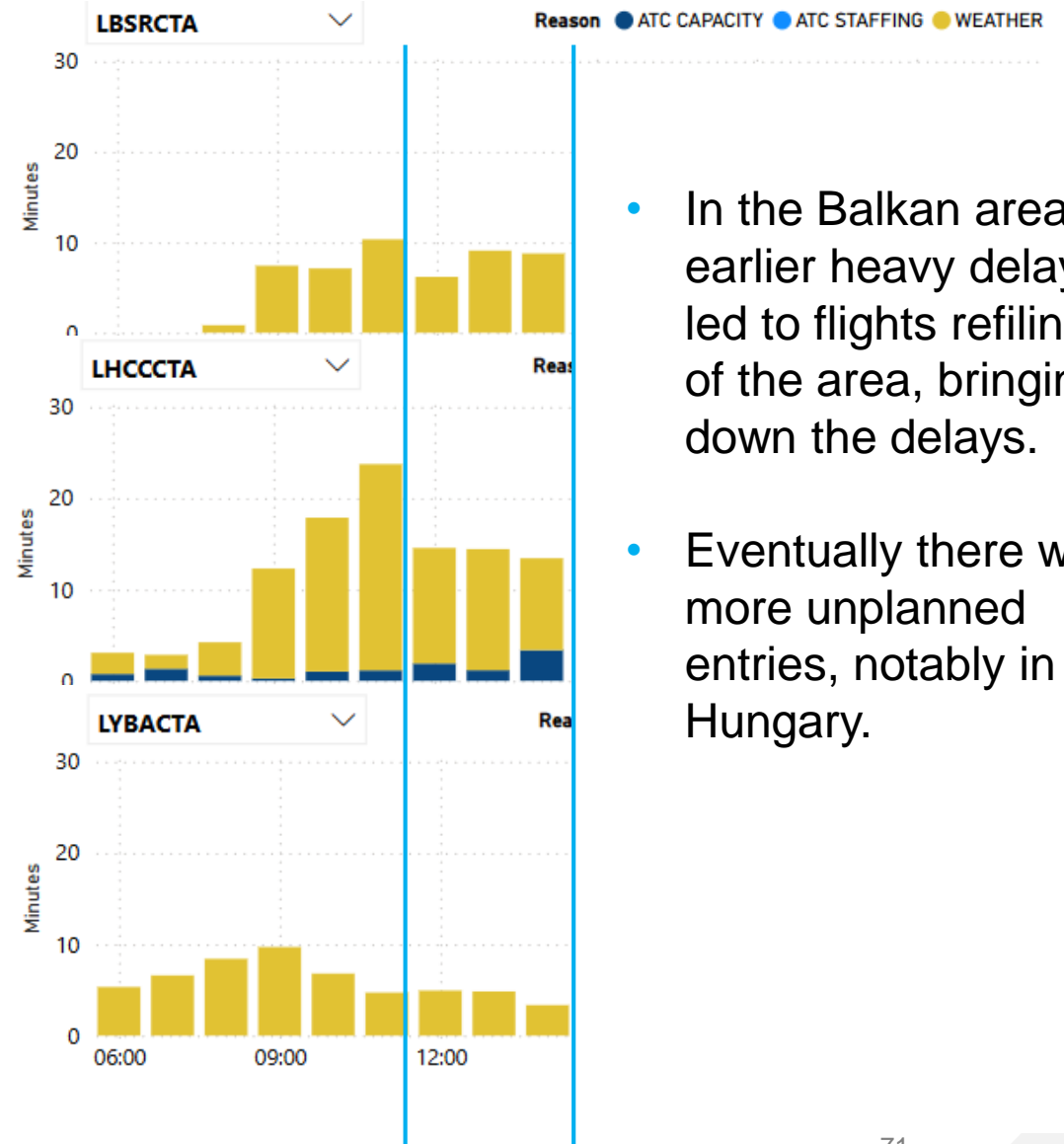


- Regulation was continued at the declared rate to ease the bunching.

# 12:00-15:00



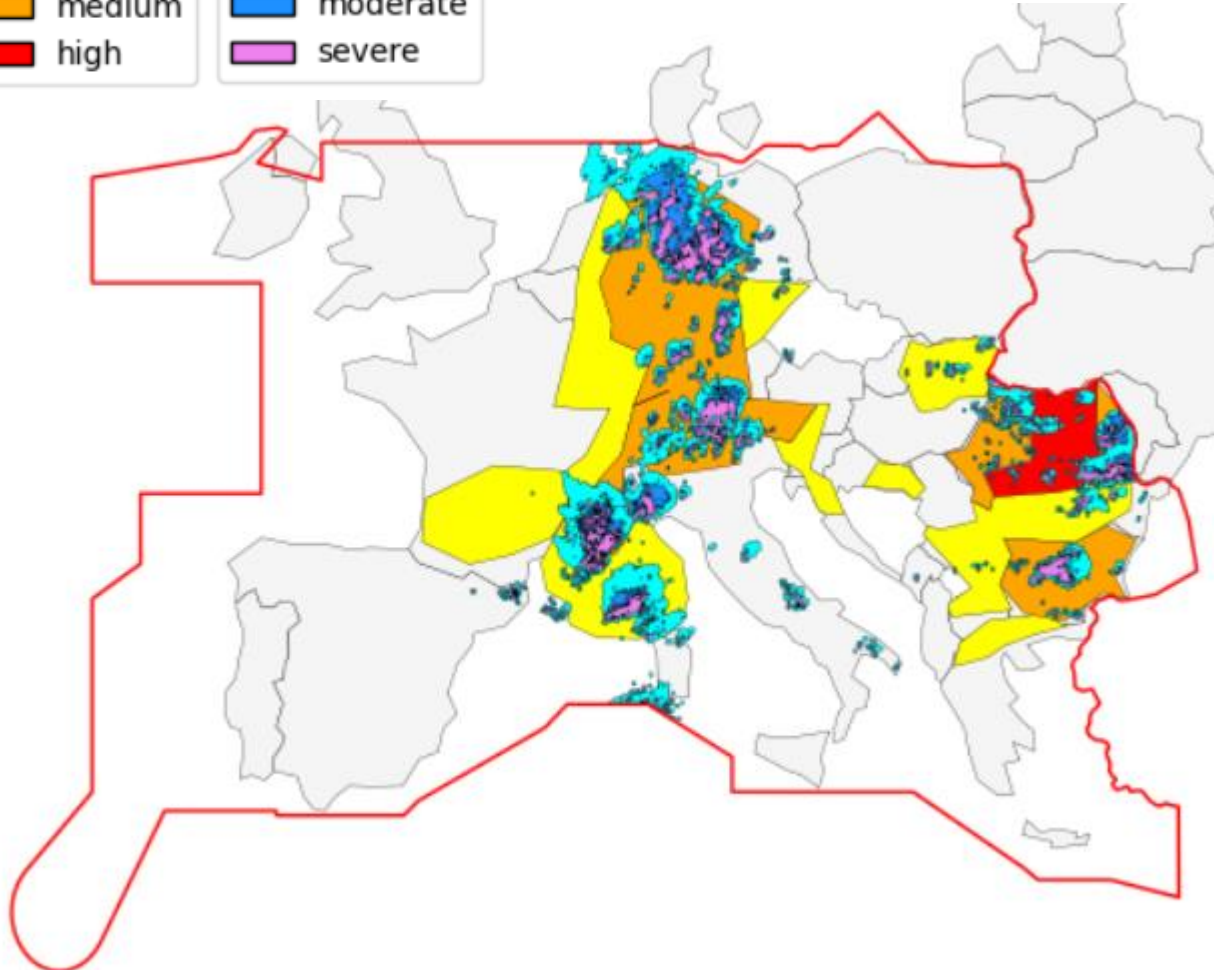
## Hourly Delay Per Flight



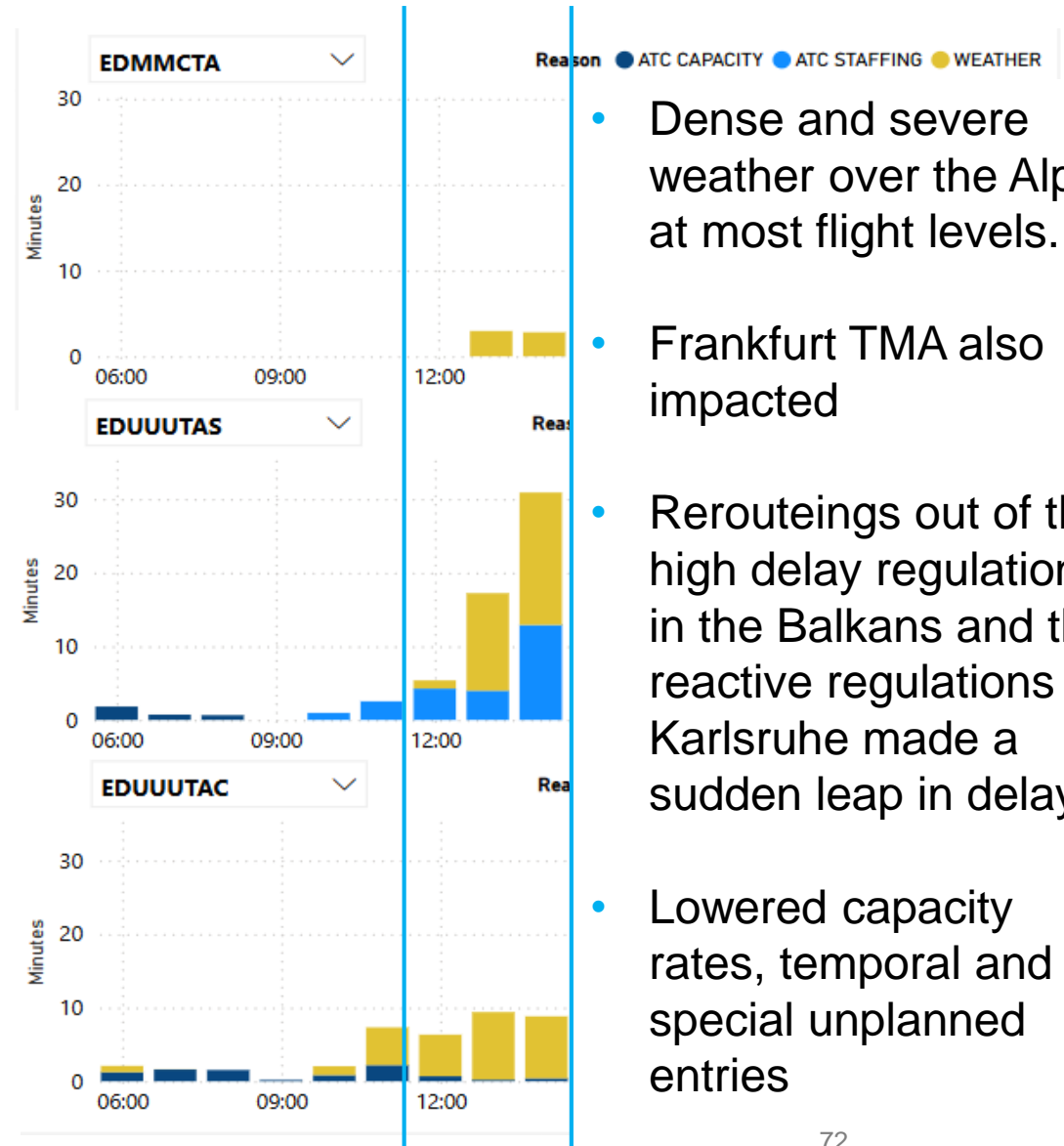
- In the Balkan area, the earlier heavy delays led to flights refiling out of the area, bringing down the delays.
- Eventually there were more unplanned entries, notably in Hungary.



# 12:00-15:00

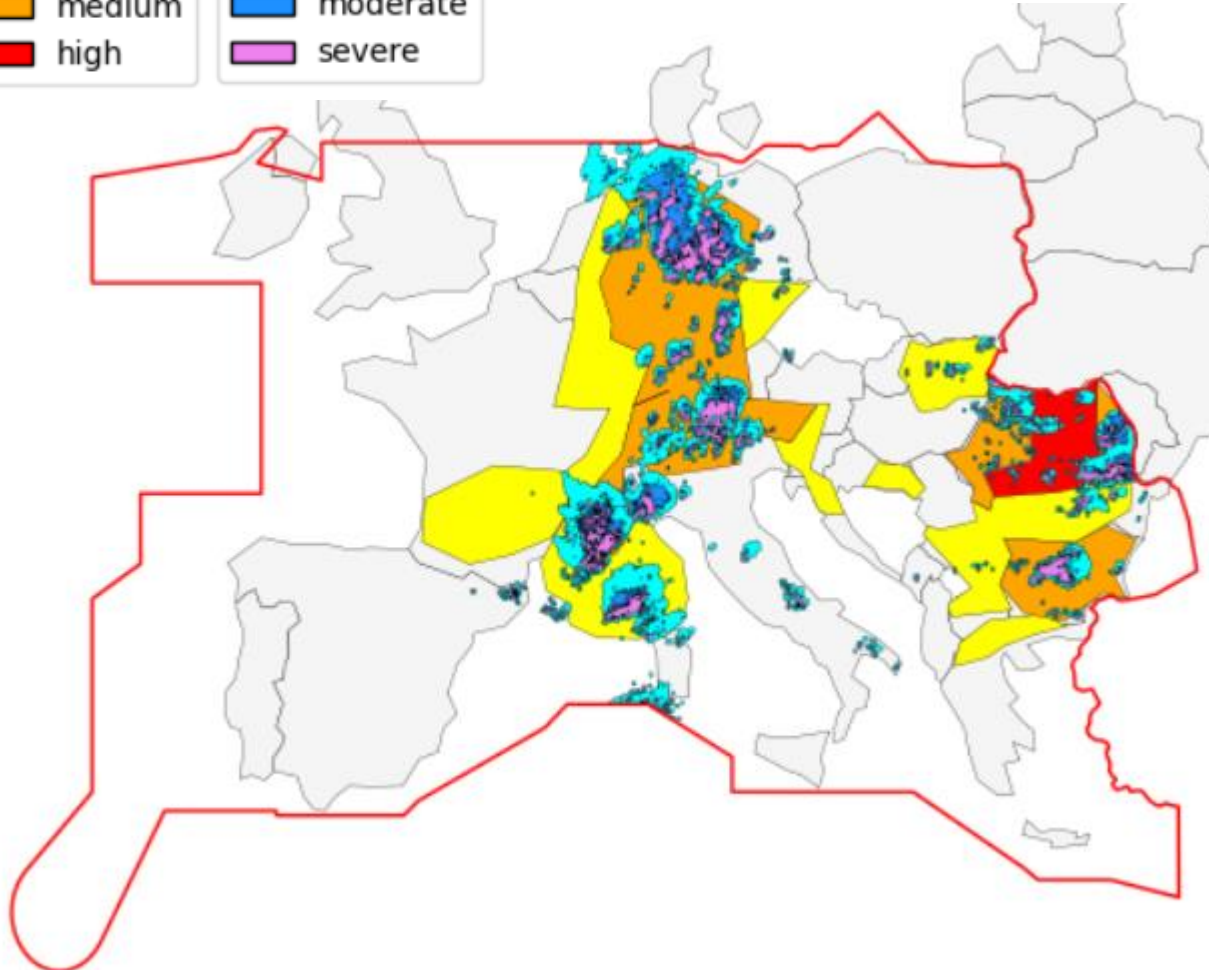


## Hourly Delay Per Flight



- Dense and severe weather over the Alps at most flight levels.
- Frankfurt TMA also impacted
- Rerouteings out of the high delay regulations in the Balkans and the reactive regulations in Karlsruhe made a sudden leap in delays.
- Lowered capacity rates, temporal and special unplanned entries

# 12:00-15:00

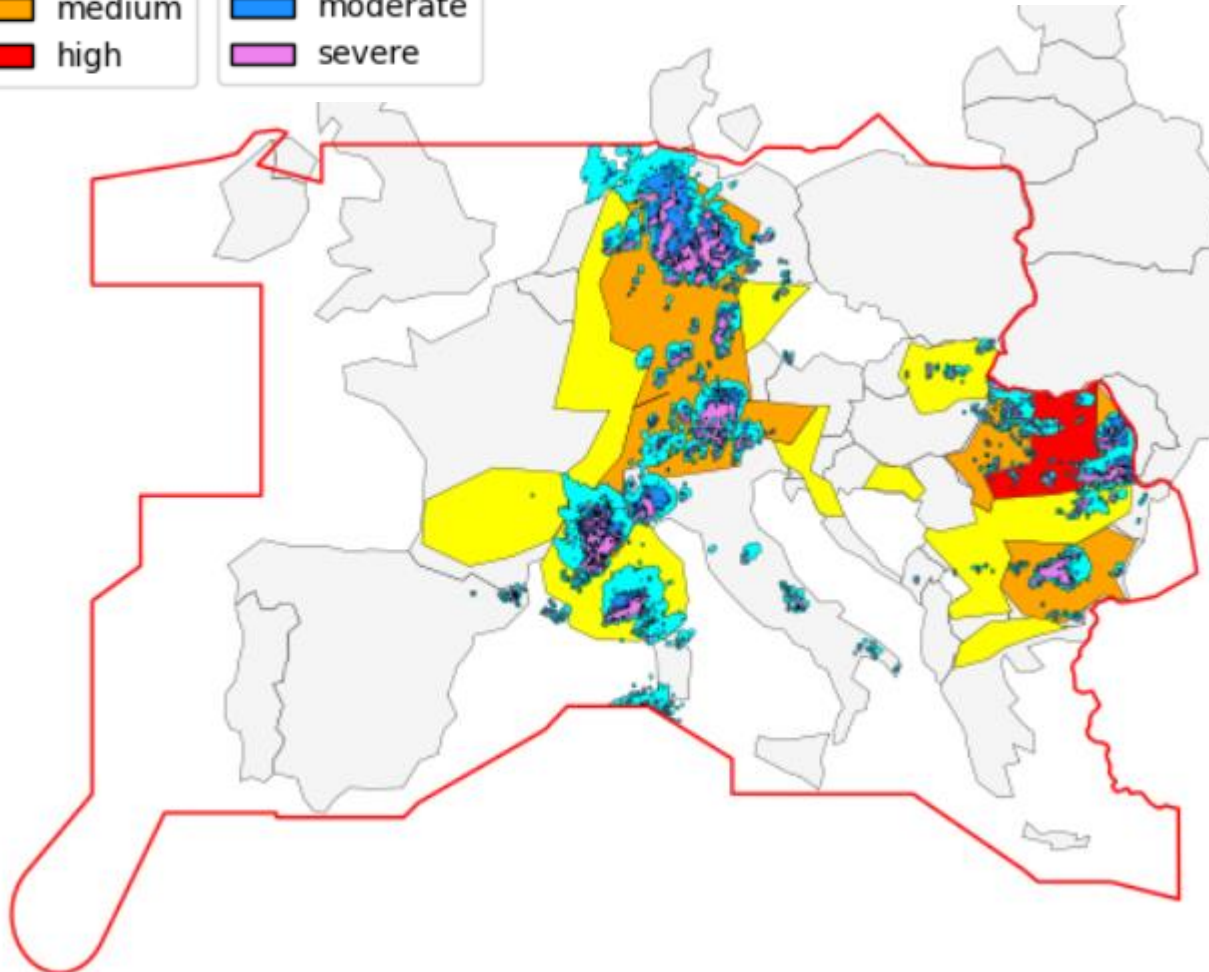


## Hourly Delay Per Flight



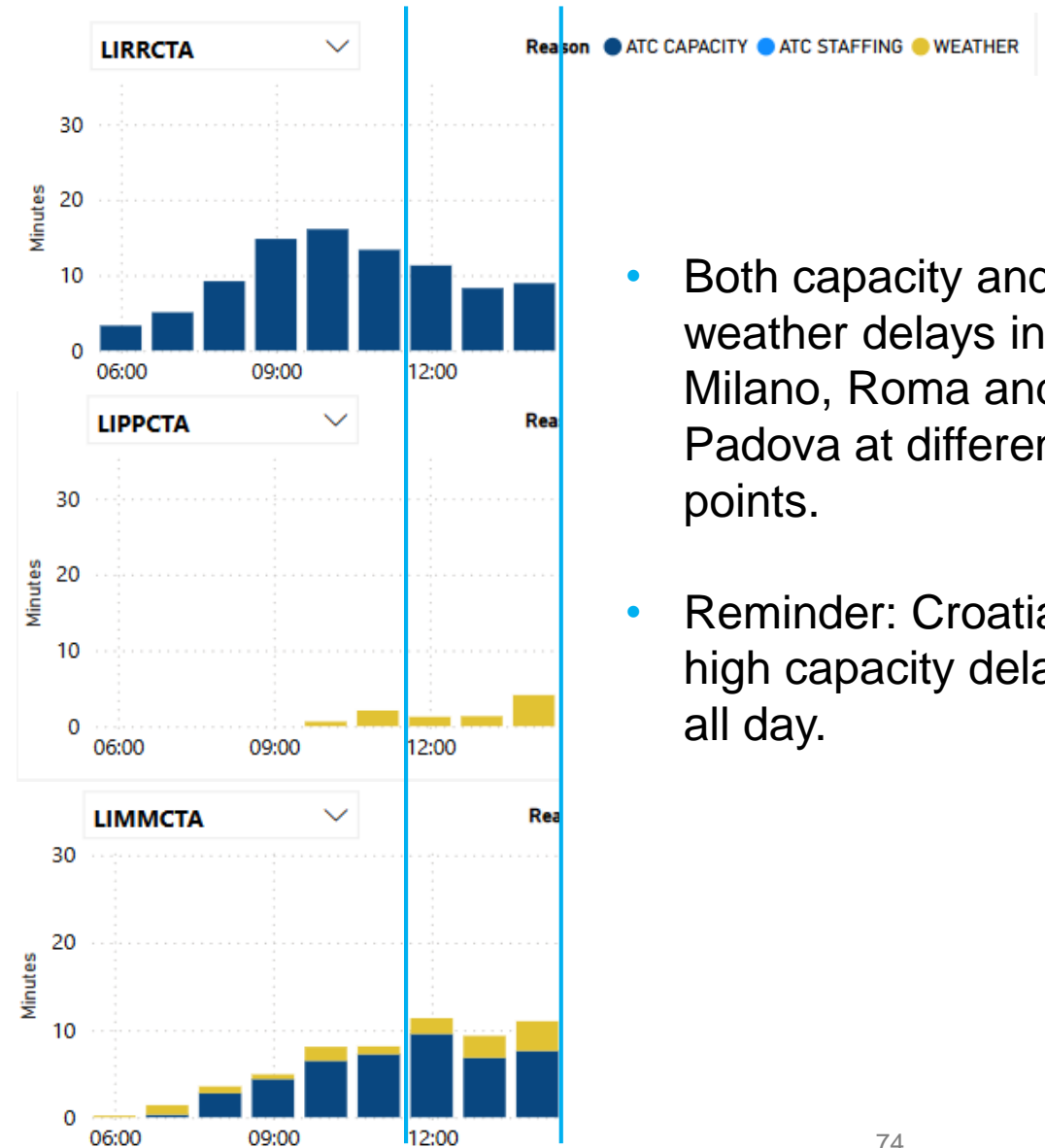
- Vienna takes precautionary measures mainly for unplanned entries
- Zurich impacted

# 12:00-15:00



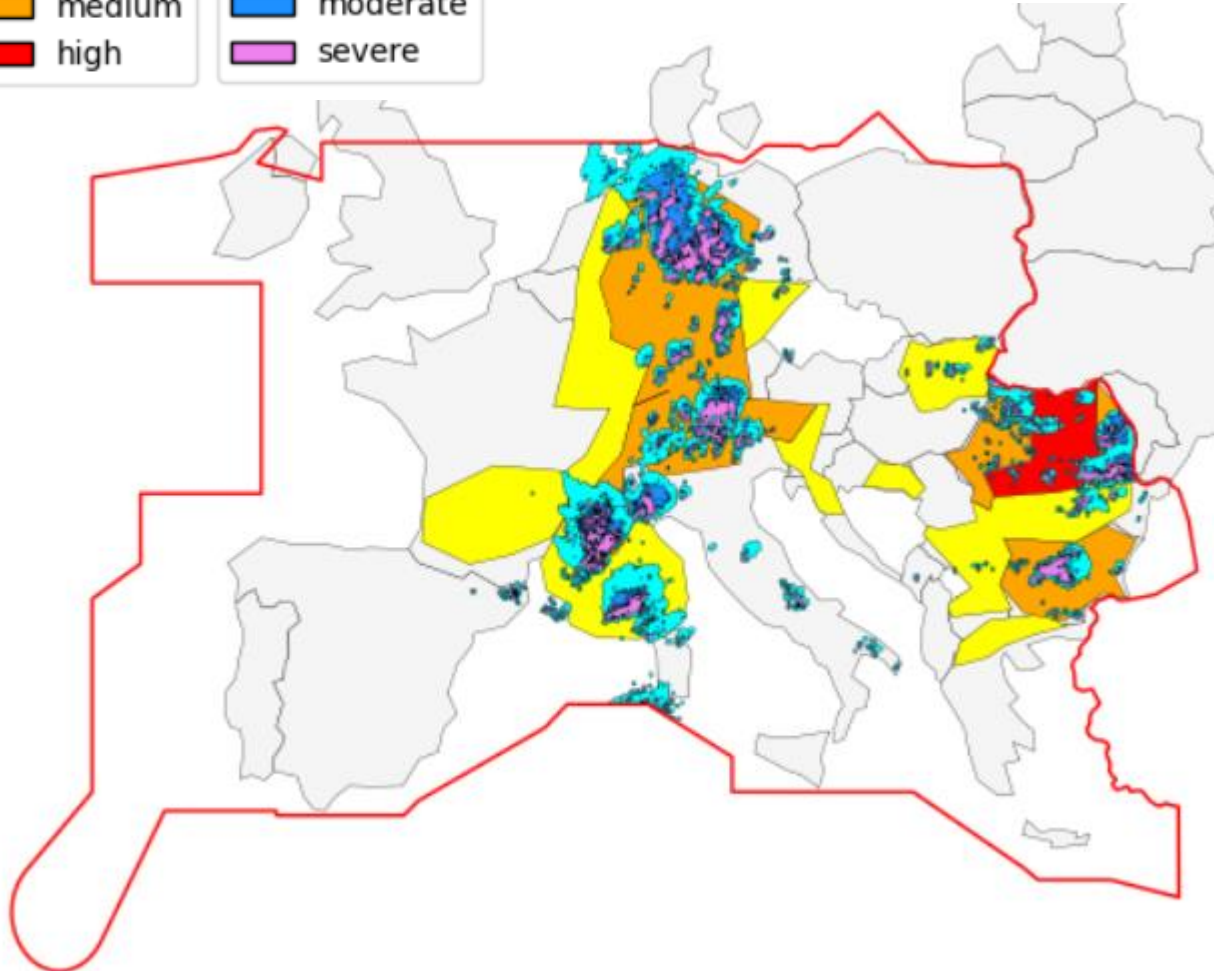
NM Weather Workshop 2025

## Hourly Delay Per Flight



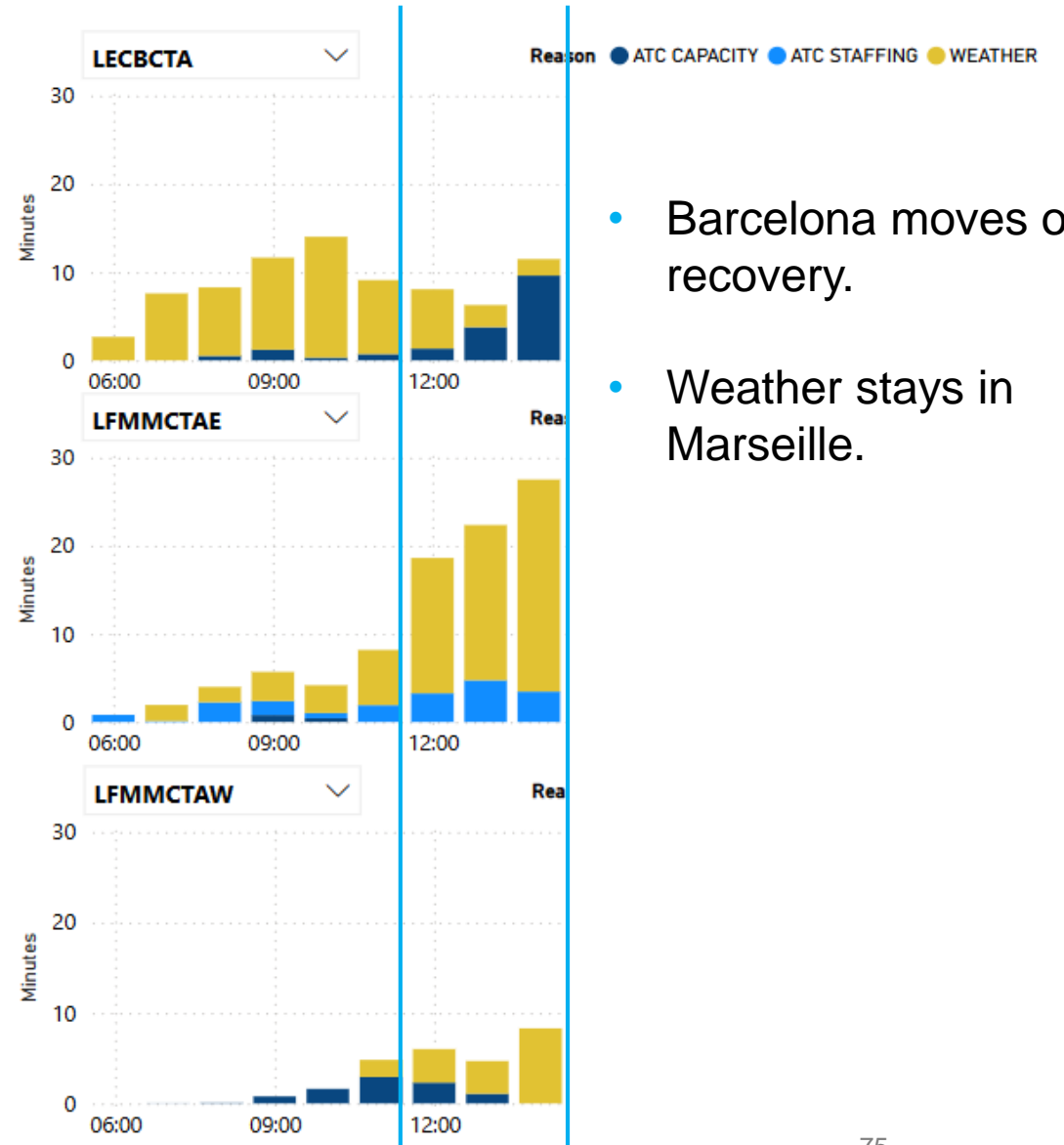
- Both capacity and weather delays in Milano, Roma and Padova at different points.
- Reminder: Croatia high capacity delays all day.

# 12:00-15:00



NM Weather Workshop 2025

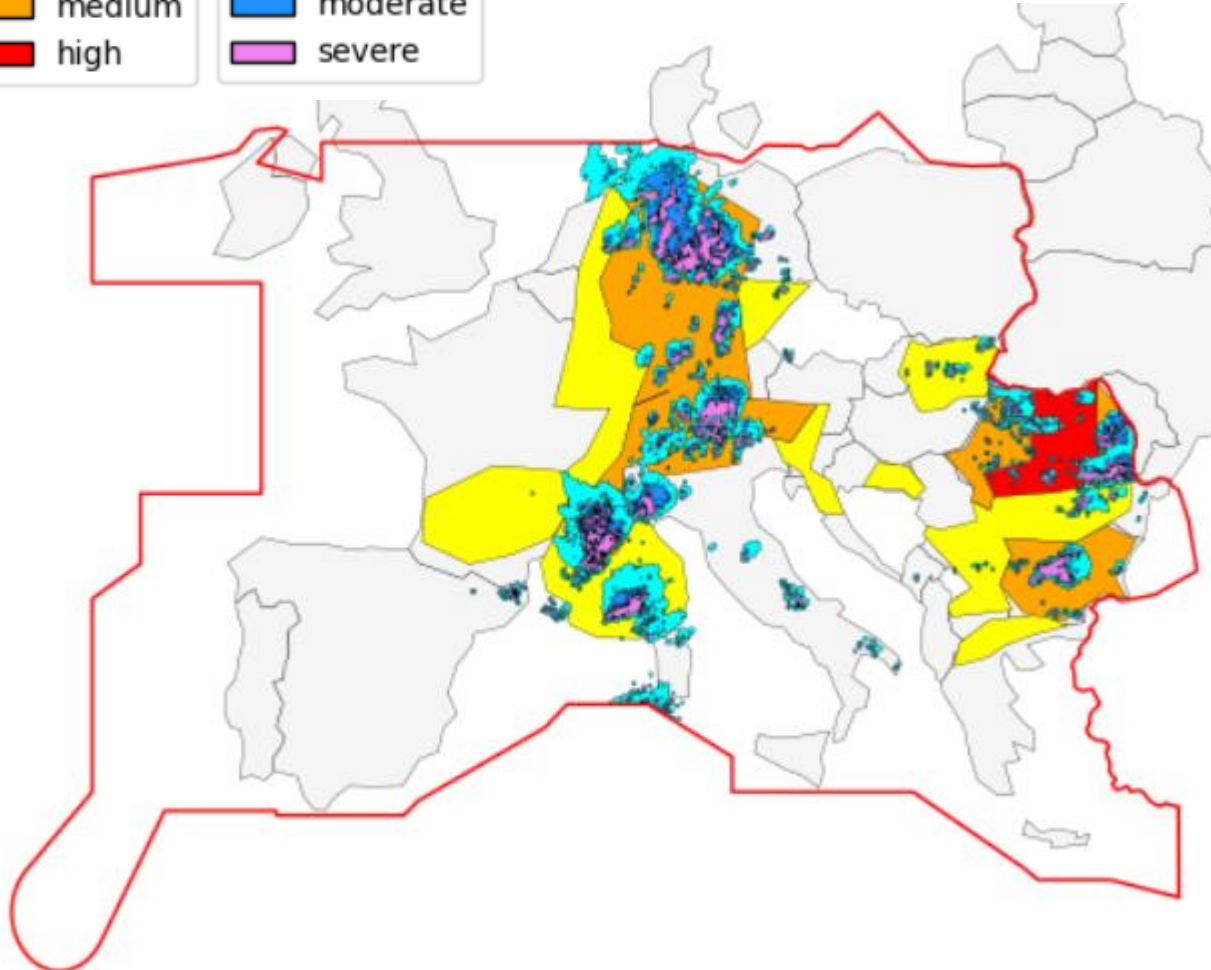
## Hourly Delay Per Flight



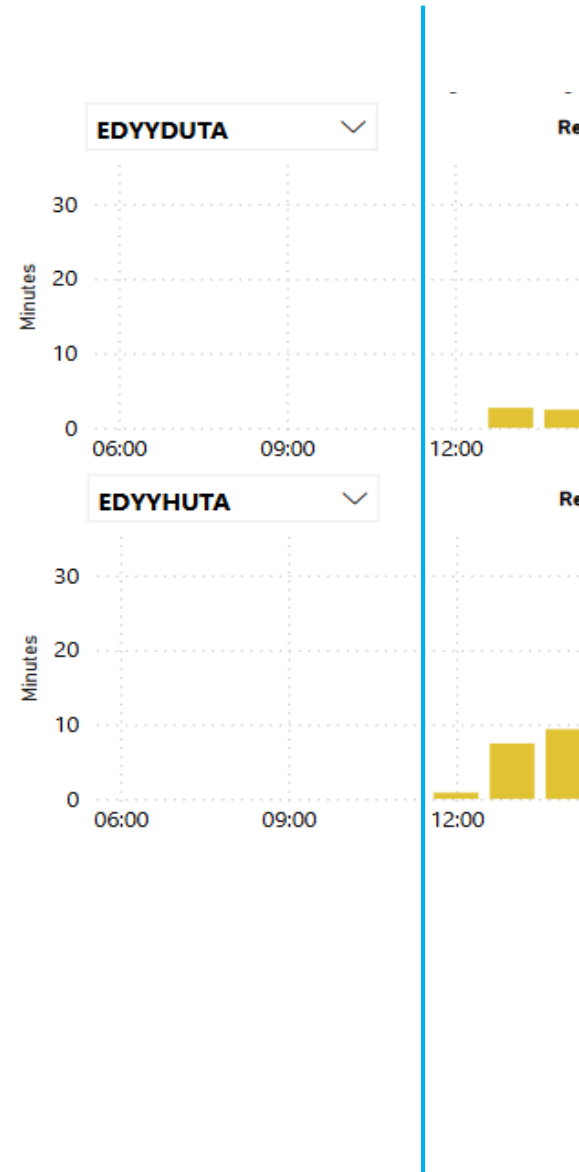
- Barcelona moves on to recovery.
- Weather stays in Marseille.



# 12:00-15:00



## Hourly Delay Per Flight



- Minor delays in MUAC.

# Eurocontrol NM Weather Workshop 2025

## Adverse Weather and Air Traffic Control

Brussels, March, 12th 2025



**DFS** Deutsche Flugsicherung

# Introduction

# Weather Avoidance

## From preplanning to reaction

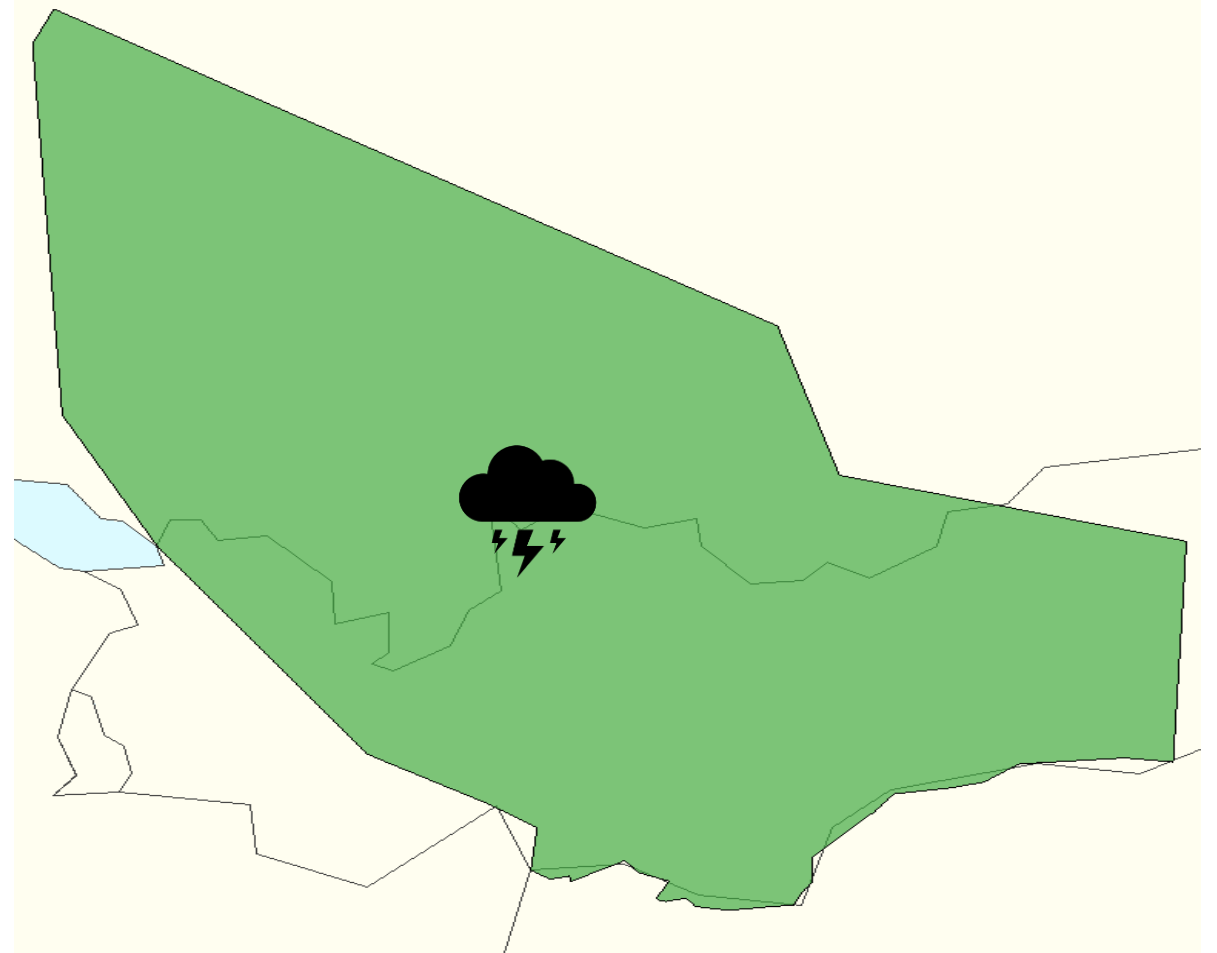
- The working conditions of air traffic controllers are completely different to normal operations
- Without weather you are able to plan your traffic in advance, you know the conflicts and crossing points of your sector
- The beginning of avoidance action lies **always** with the pilot, the weather radar in an aircraft is much more precise than our systems on ground
- Controllers have to react to the turn and level requests and need to ensure the separation on the new flight path



# Types of Weather

## Stable and moving slowly

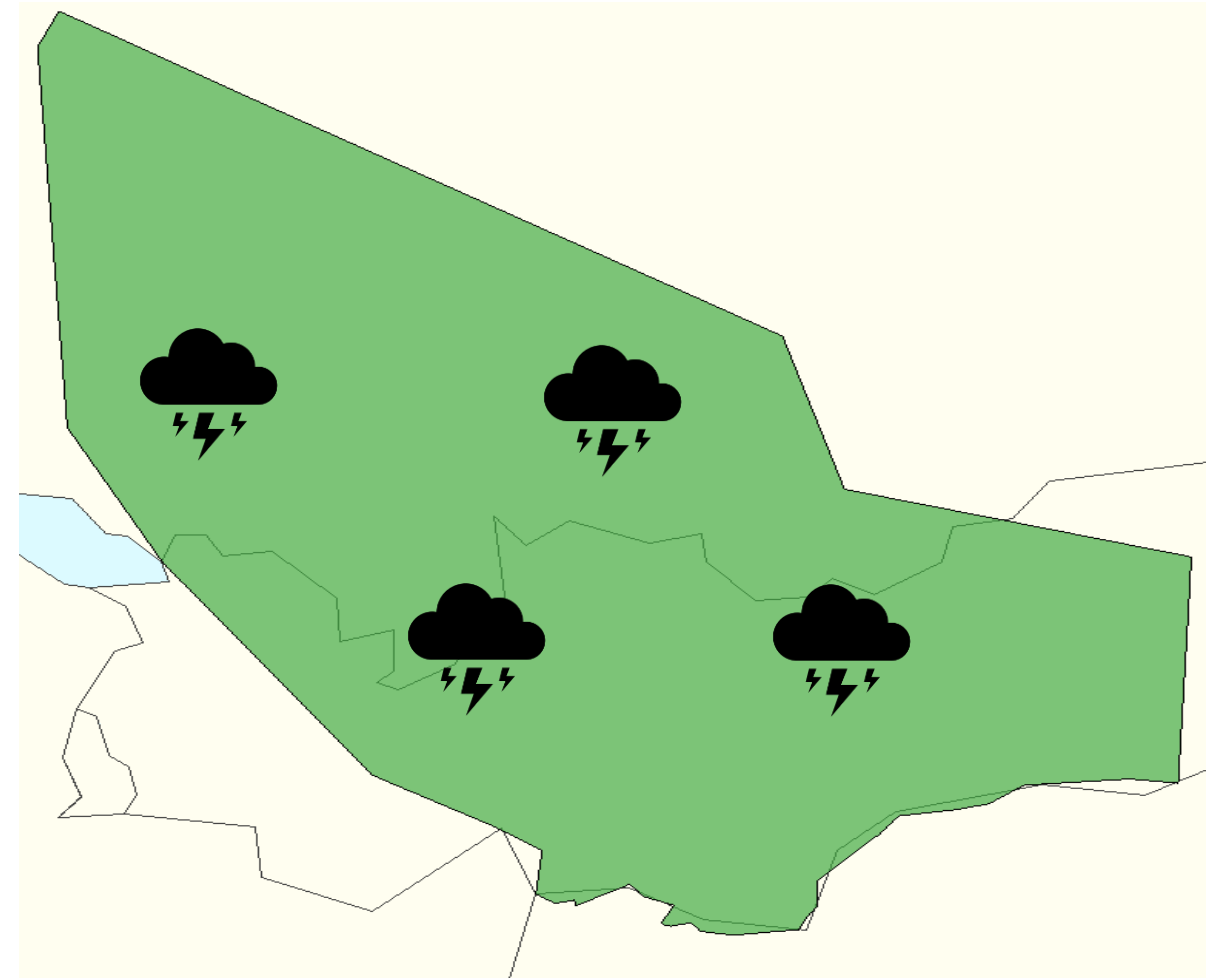
- This kind of weather is more plannable and easier to handle
- Traffic is quite predictable, the controller can prepare for the movements
- Additional traffic can be taken into consideration due to quite similar flight paths



# Types of Weather

## Changing and moving fast

- This kind of weather is unpredictable and changing all the time during the day
- The controller is not able to predict the movements requested by pilots
- Additional traffic has to be taken into consideration on the network level, traffic appears on very short notice

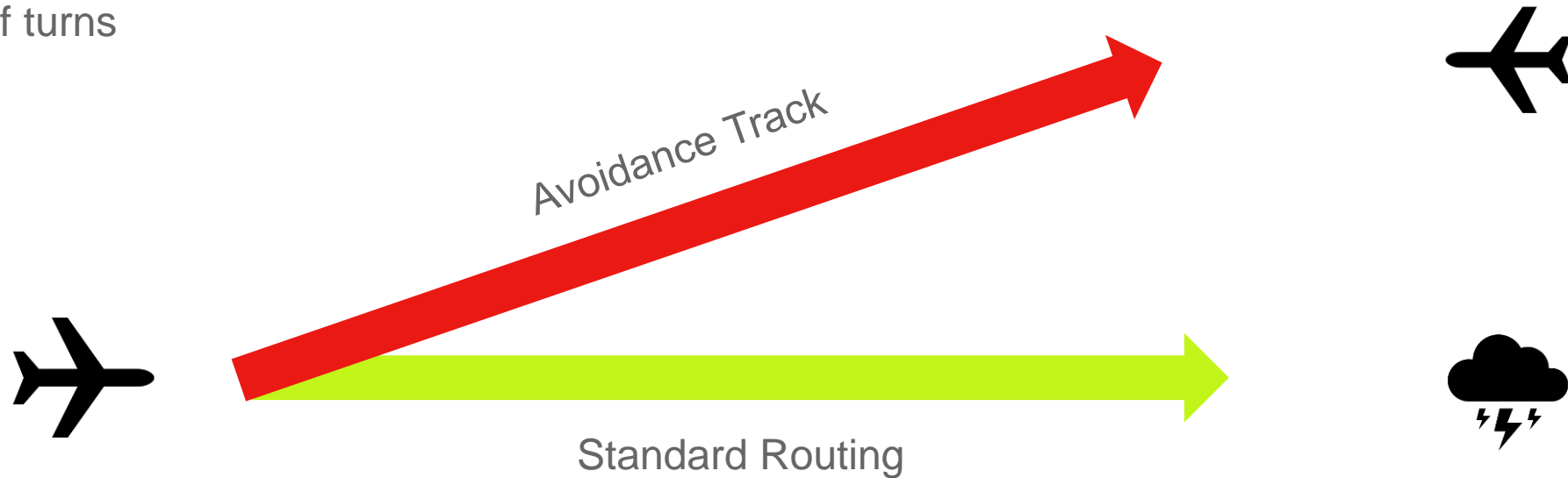


# Key Challenges with Adverse Weather

# Types of Conflicts

## Lateral Conflicts

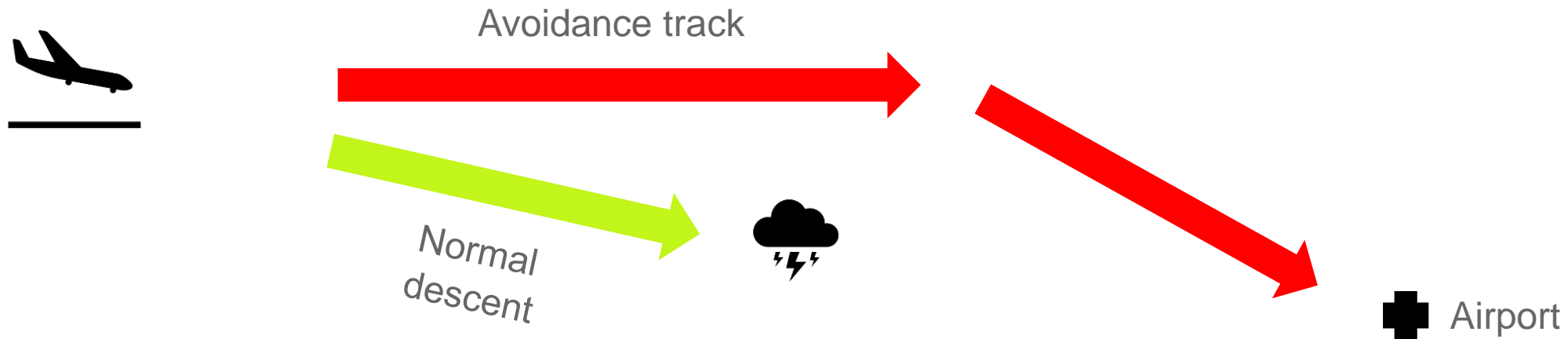
- Standard Routes are designed to keep a certain amount of same level flights clear
- With weather avoiding there is no normal procedure possible anymore, so the controller has to widen his range to a bigger scale of potential conflicting routes
- You prefer to have all the flights in different levels, so vertical separation is assured regardless of the direction of turns



# Types of Conflicts

## Departure/Inbound Conflicts

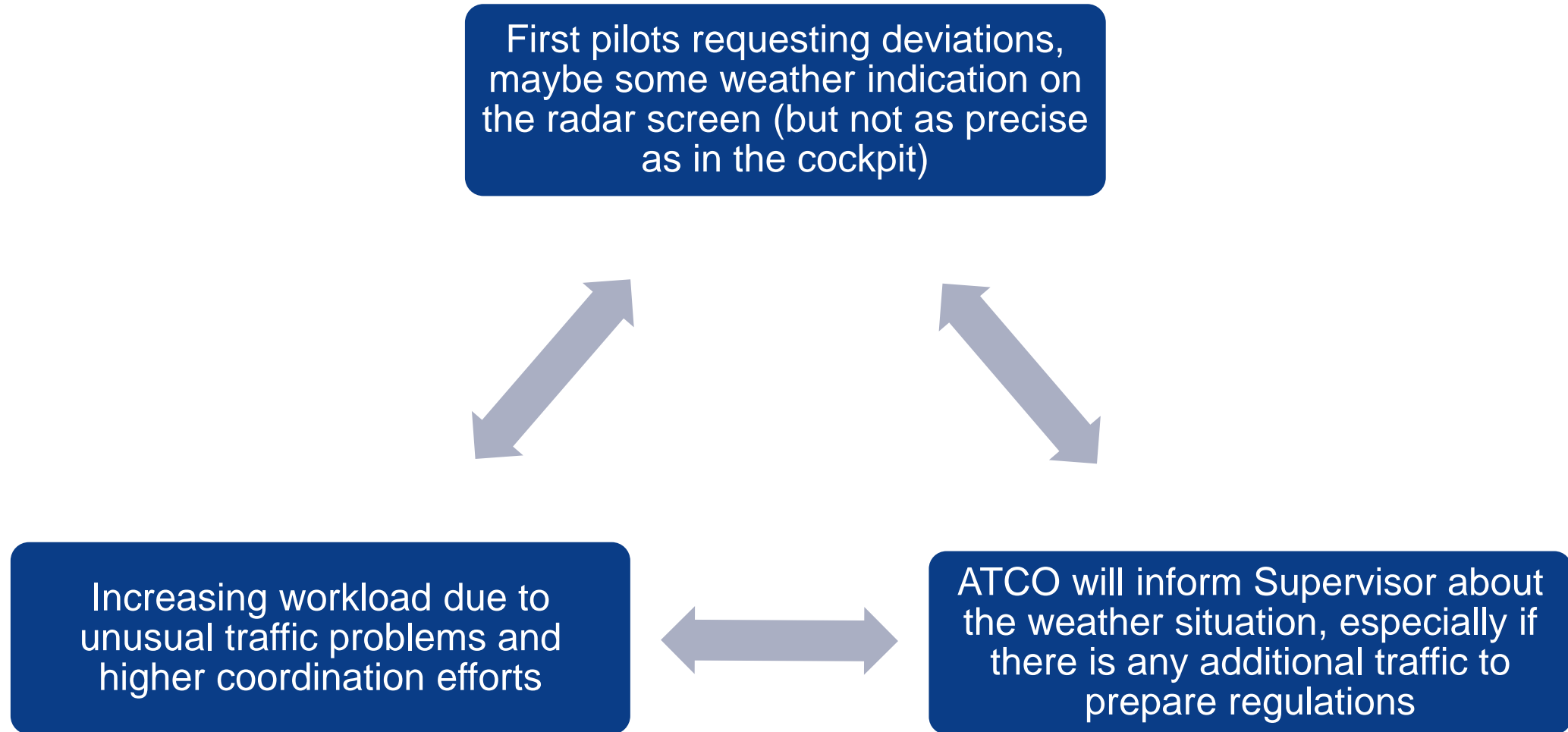
- Even with a lot of avoiding traffic, departures in the upper airspace can be stopped or rejected at any time on the tactical level
- Inbounds can increase the workload a lot, if they are not able to descent soon enough
- Especially inbound traffic, which is normally below your own sector leads to a lot of extra coordination work with the lower sectors





# Increase of Workload

## Early Stage



# Increase of Workload

## Mid Stage

Stable weather conditions: Traffic behaves predictable, new routes and possible conflicts are adapted by the controller



Additional, unplanned traffic increases the workload due to more coordination measures and undermines regulations in place



Unstable weather conditions: Traffic behaviour is still unpredictable, controller has to adapt on short notice, high workload

# Increase of Workload

## Mid Stage

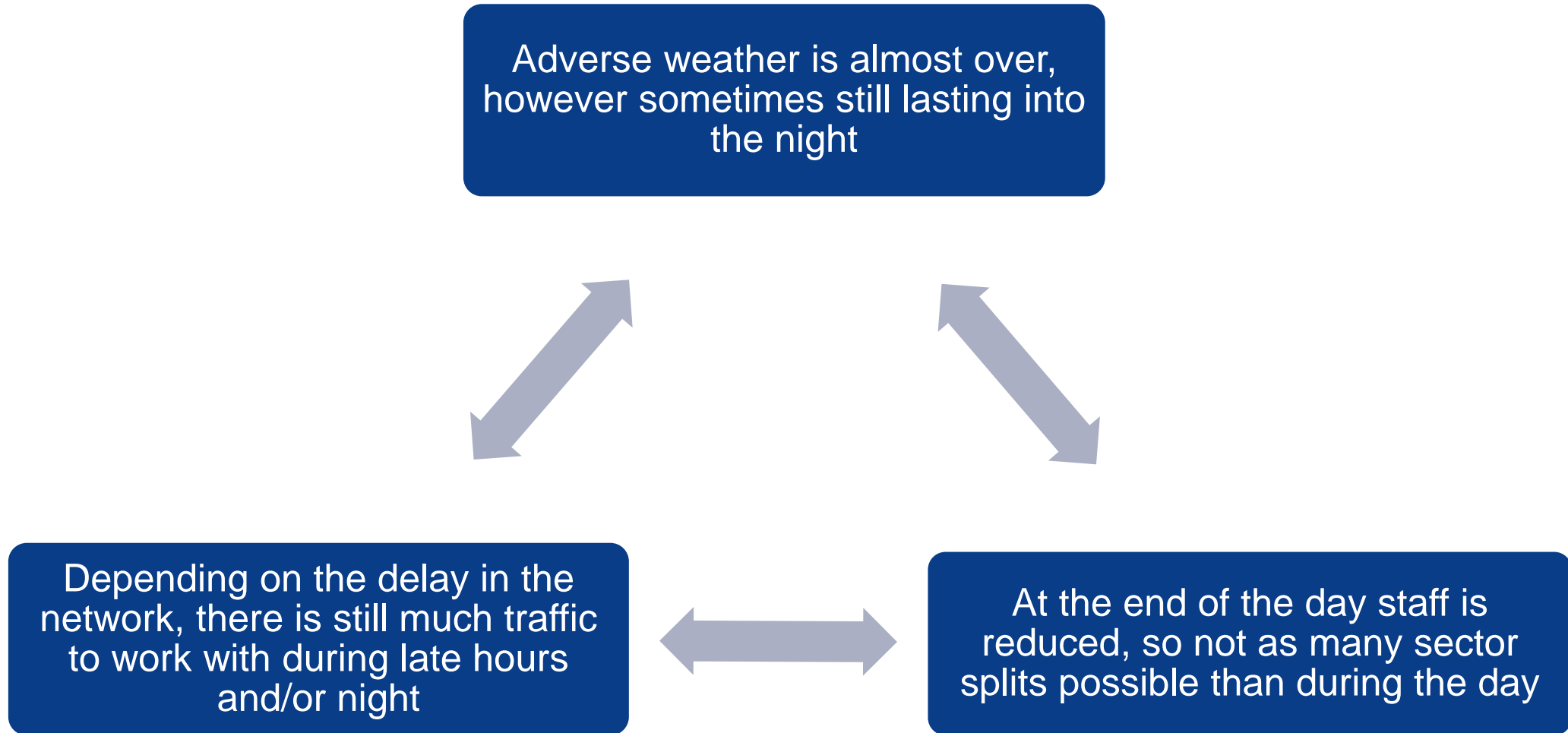
Stable weather conditions: Traffic behaves predictable, new routes and possible conflicts are adapted by the controller

Unstable weather conditions: Traffic behaviour is still unpredictable, controller has to adapt on short notice, high workload

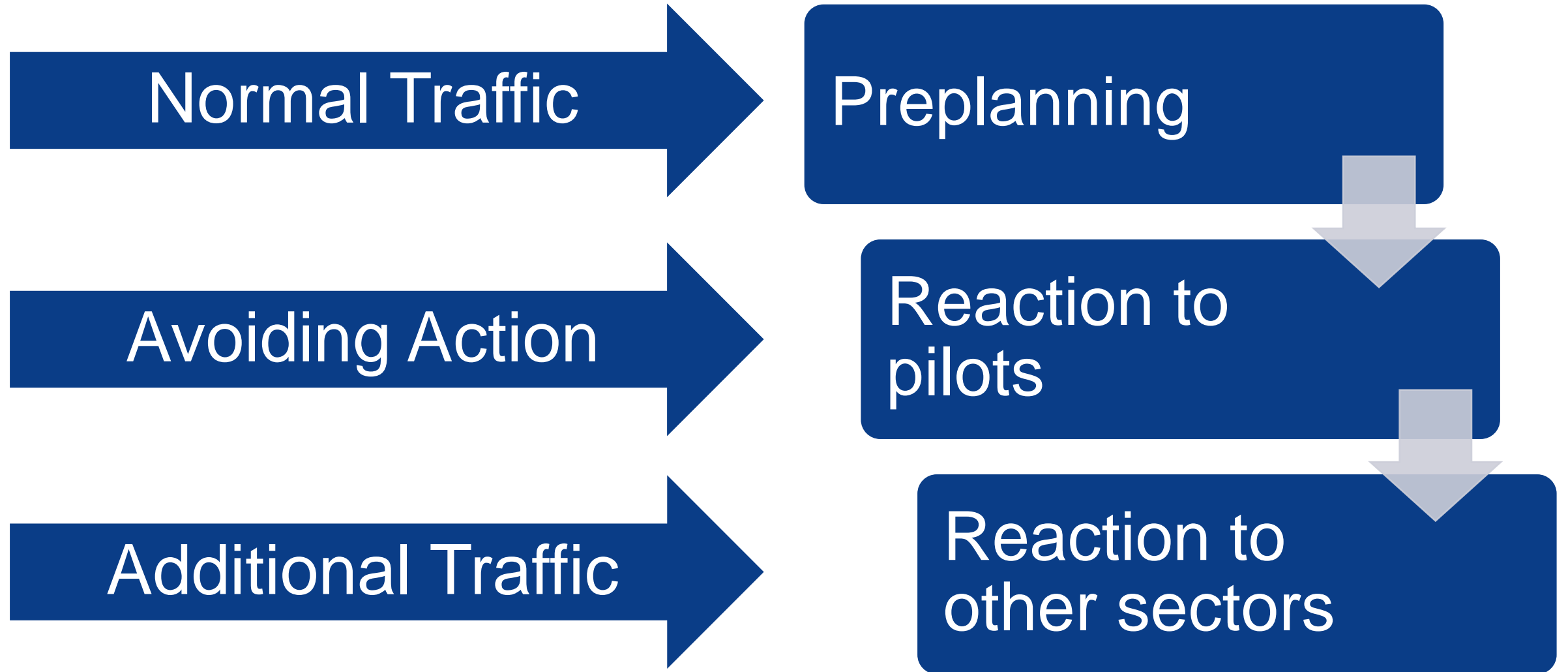
Additional, unplanned traffic increases the workload due to more coordination measures and undermines regulations in place

# Increase of Workload

## Late Stage



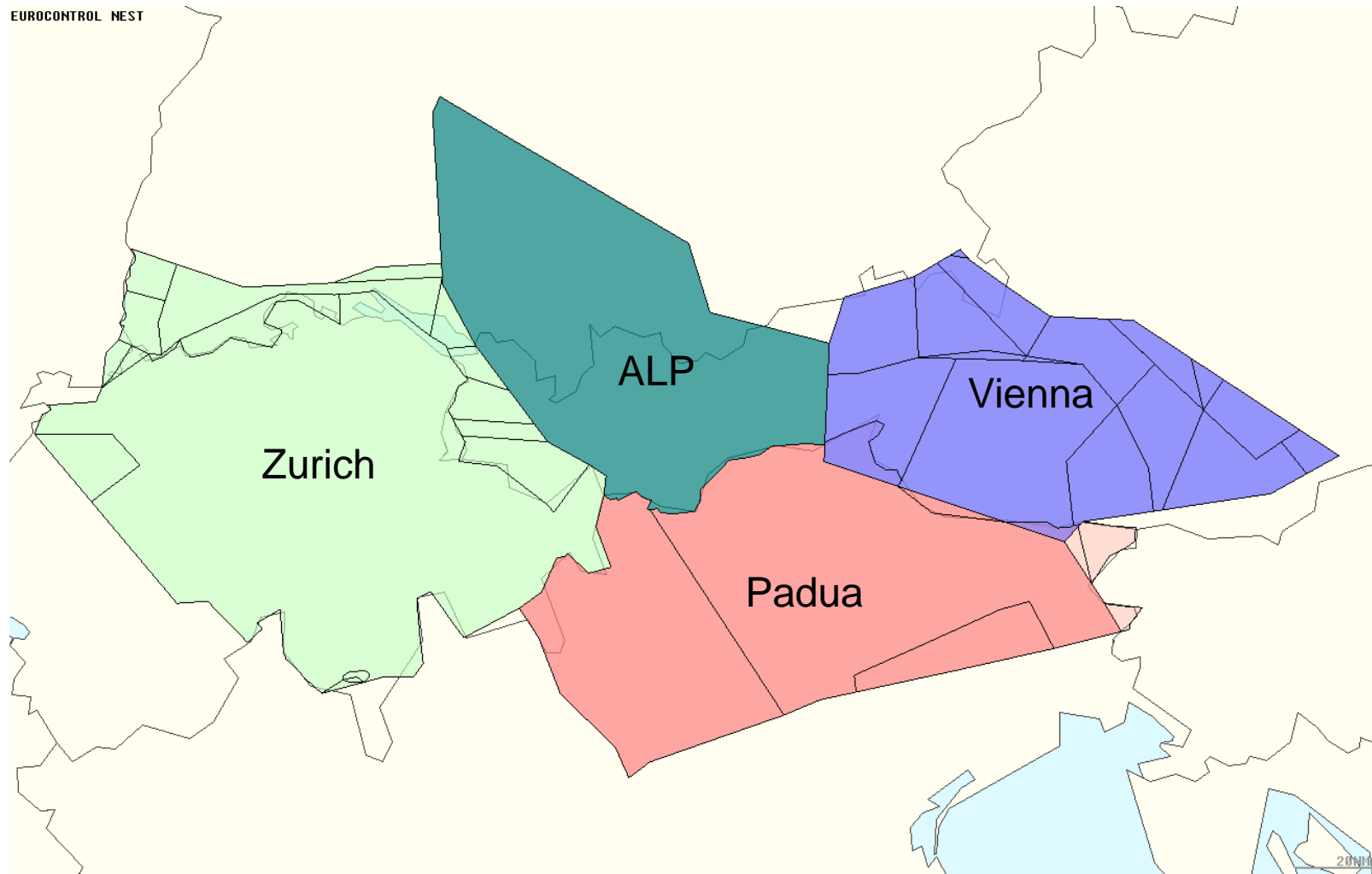
# Workflow with Adverse Weather



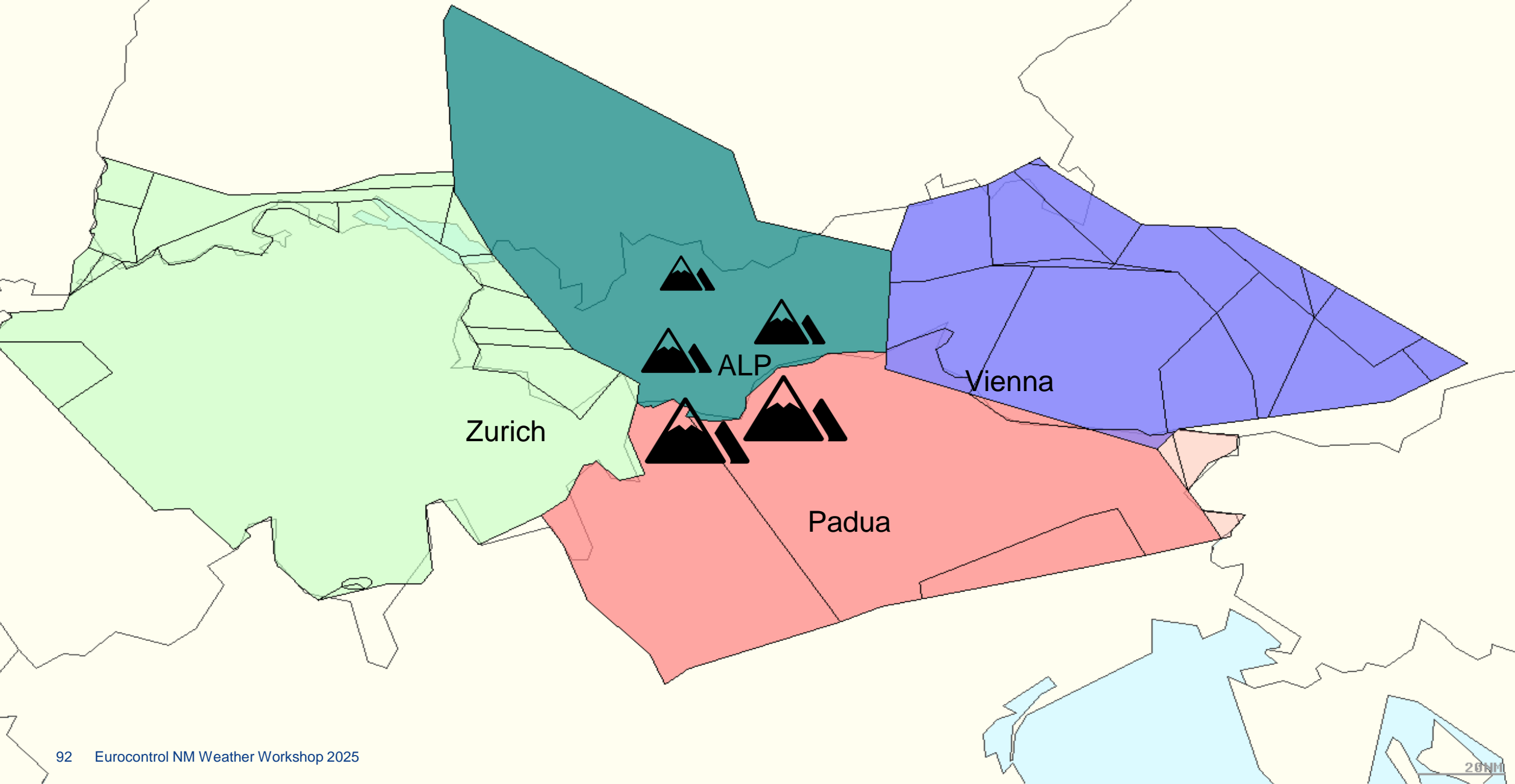


# Example ALP-Sector

# Adjacent Sectors ALP



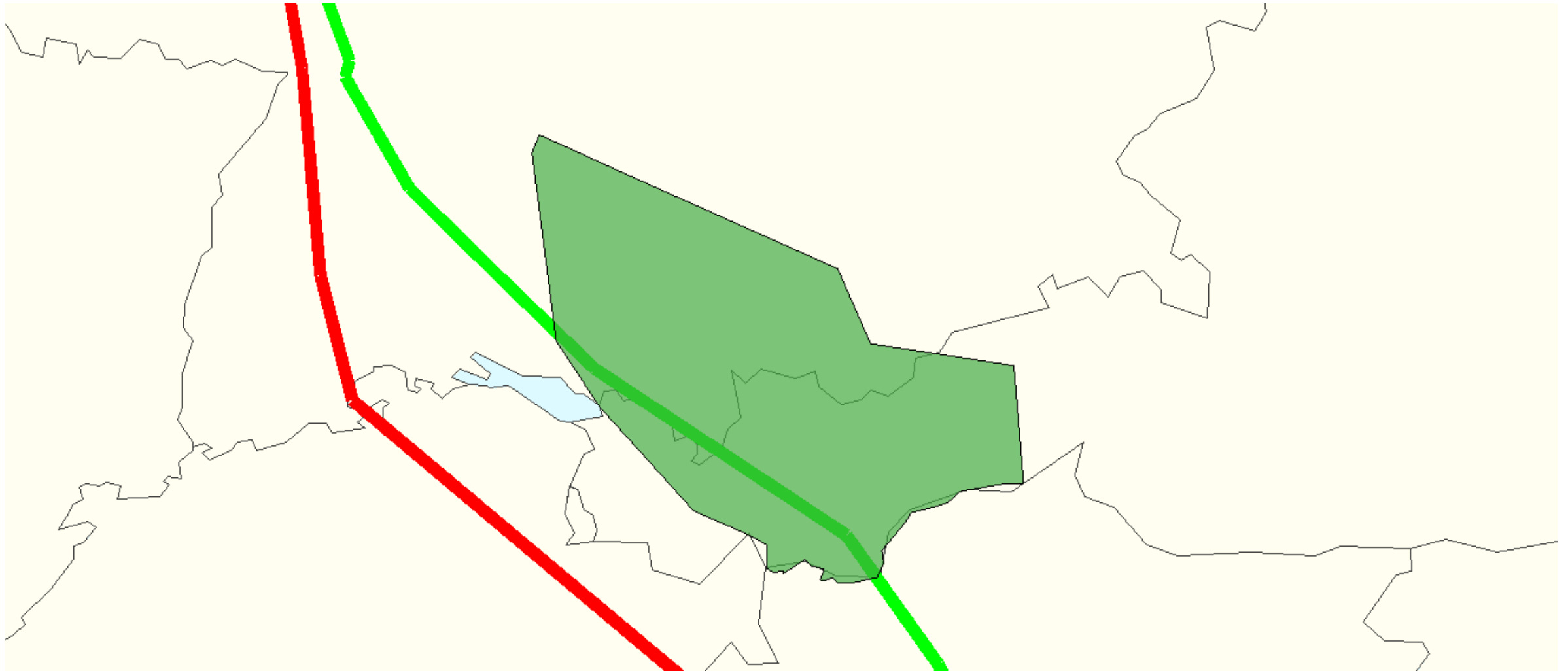
# Mountain Heights Alps





# Possible Sources of Additional Traffic

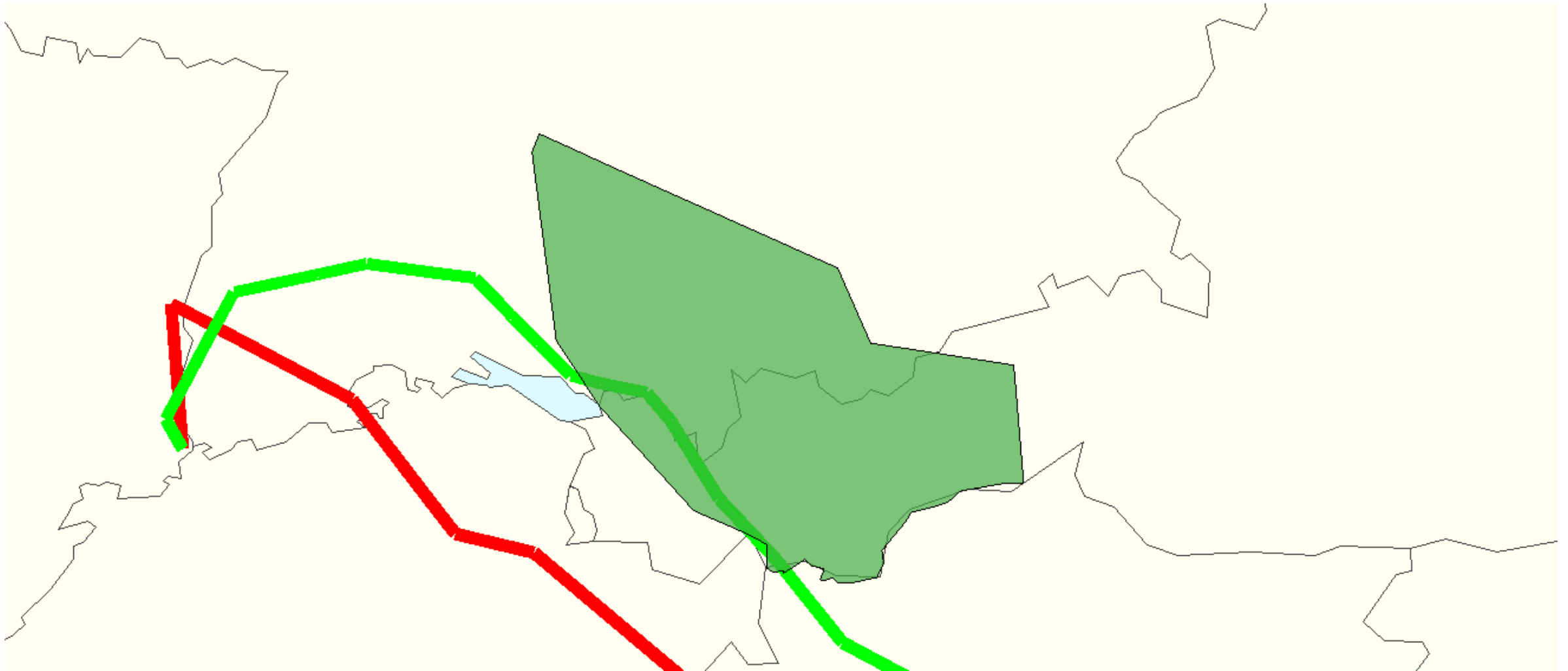
Condor from Düsseldorf to Split (July, 21th 2024)





# Possible Sources of Additional Traffic

Turkish Airlines from Istanbul to Basel (July, 21th 2024)



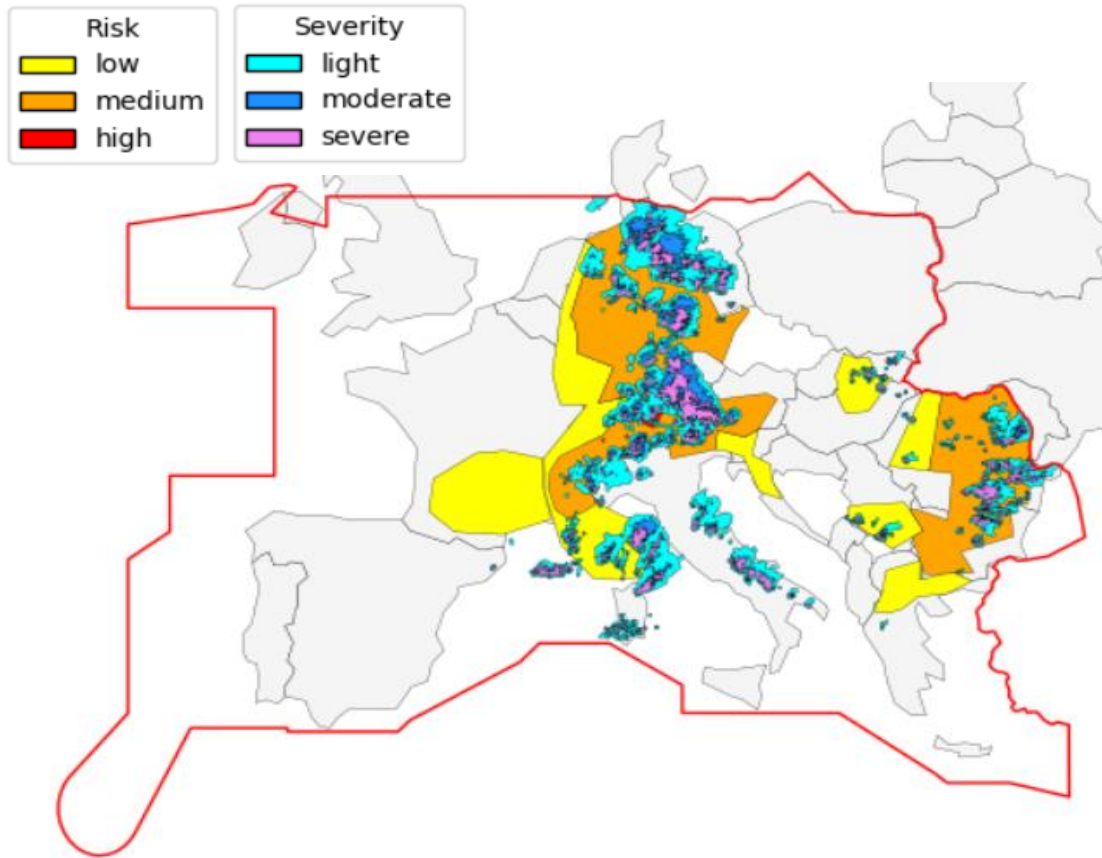
The key to safe and efficient operations during adverse weather is the early preplanning of additional traffic on the network level and to avoid any surprises to the controllers working the sector.



Use the **QR code** or  
go to **ectrlvote.eu** and  
log in with **eurocontrol521**

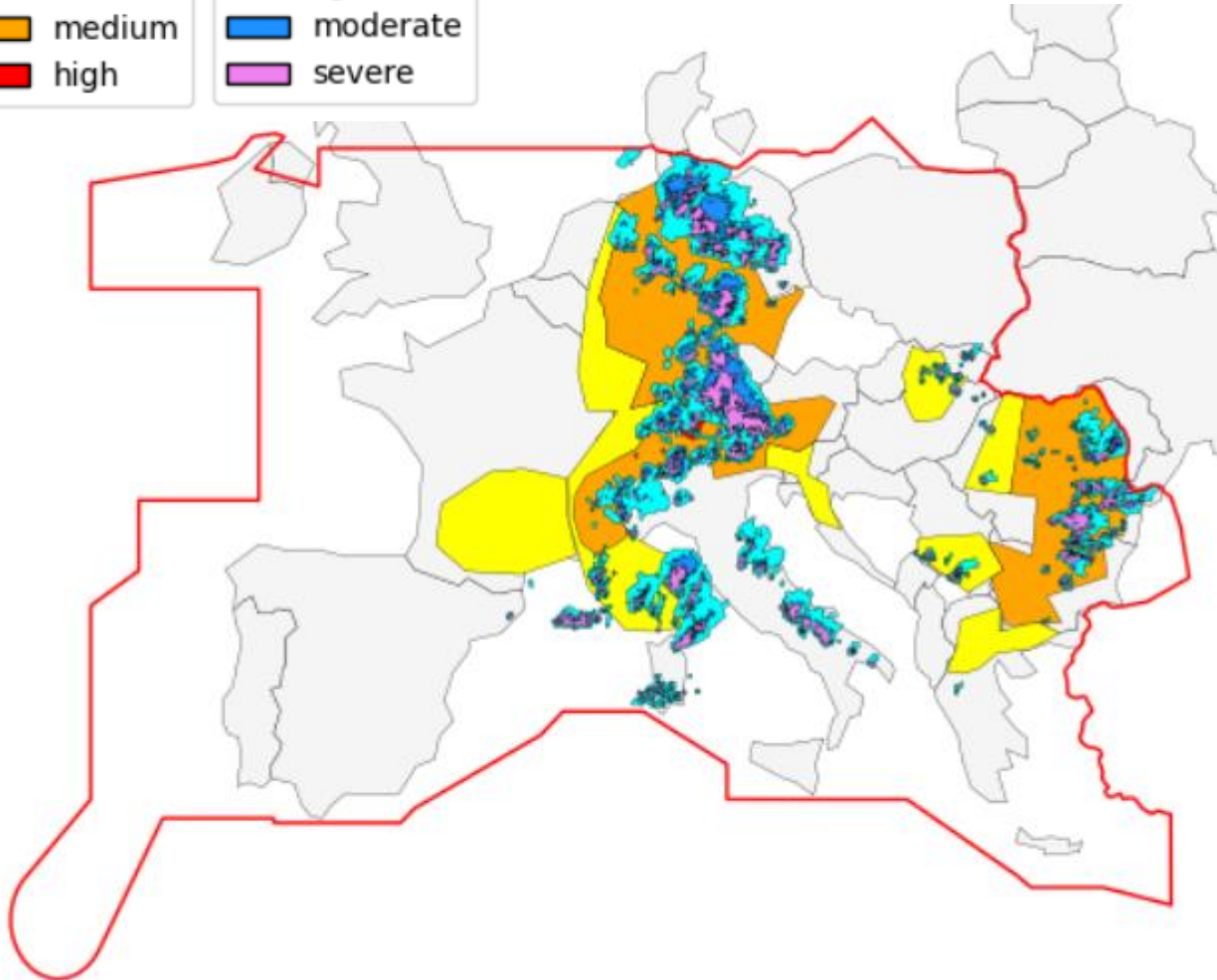


# 15:00-18:00

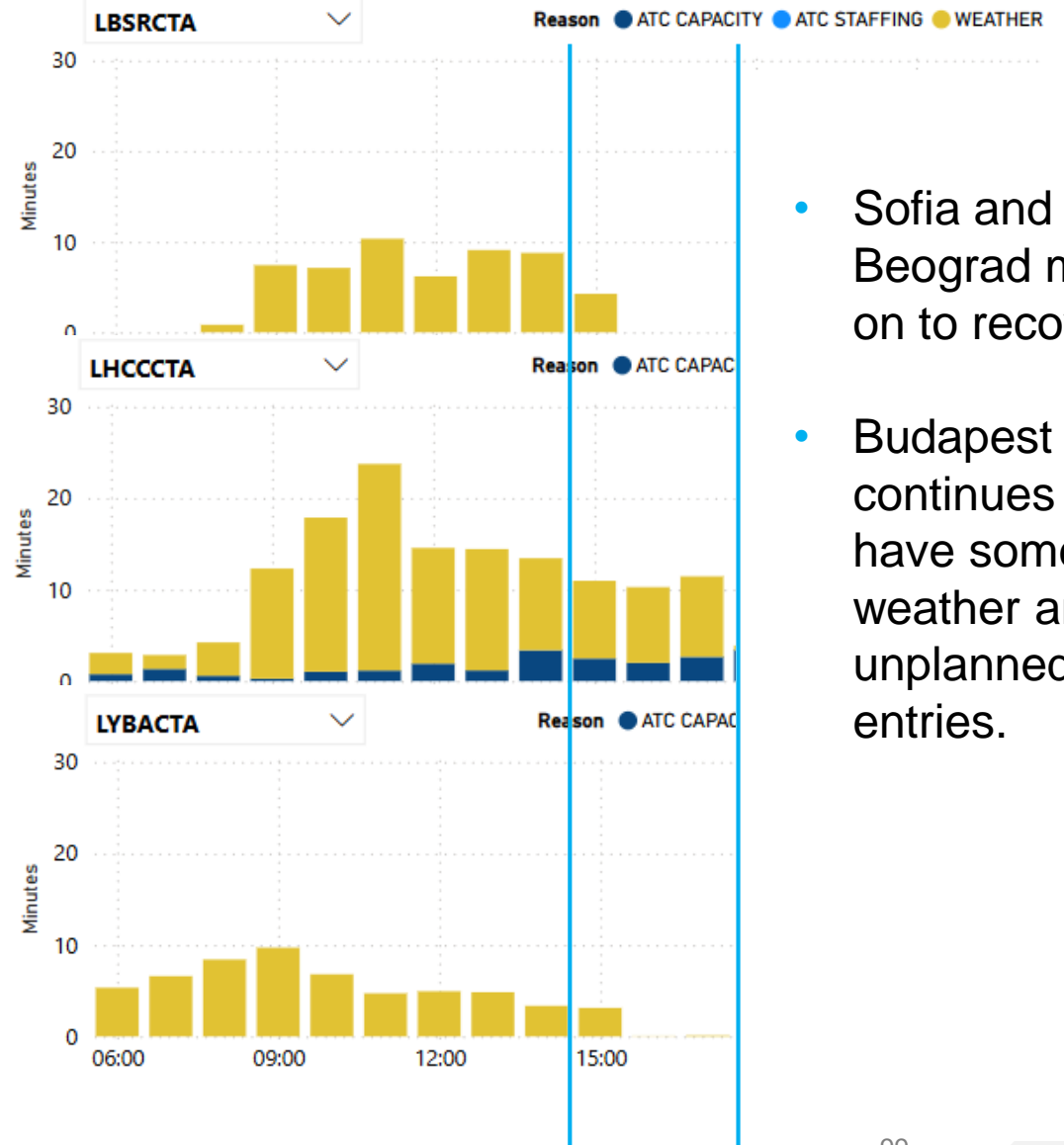


- Recovery in South East Axis
- Weather leaves Barcelona but stays in Marseille
- CBs intensify over Germany

# 15:00-18:00



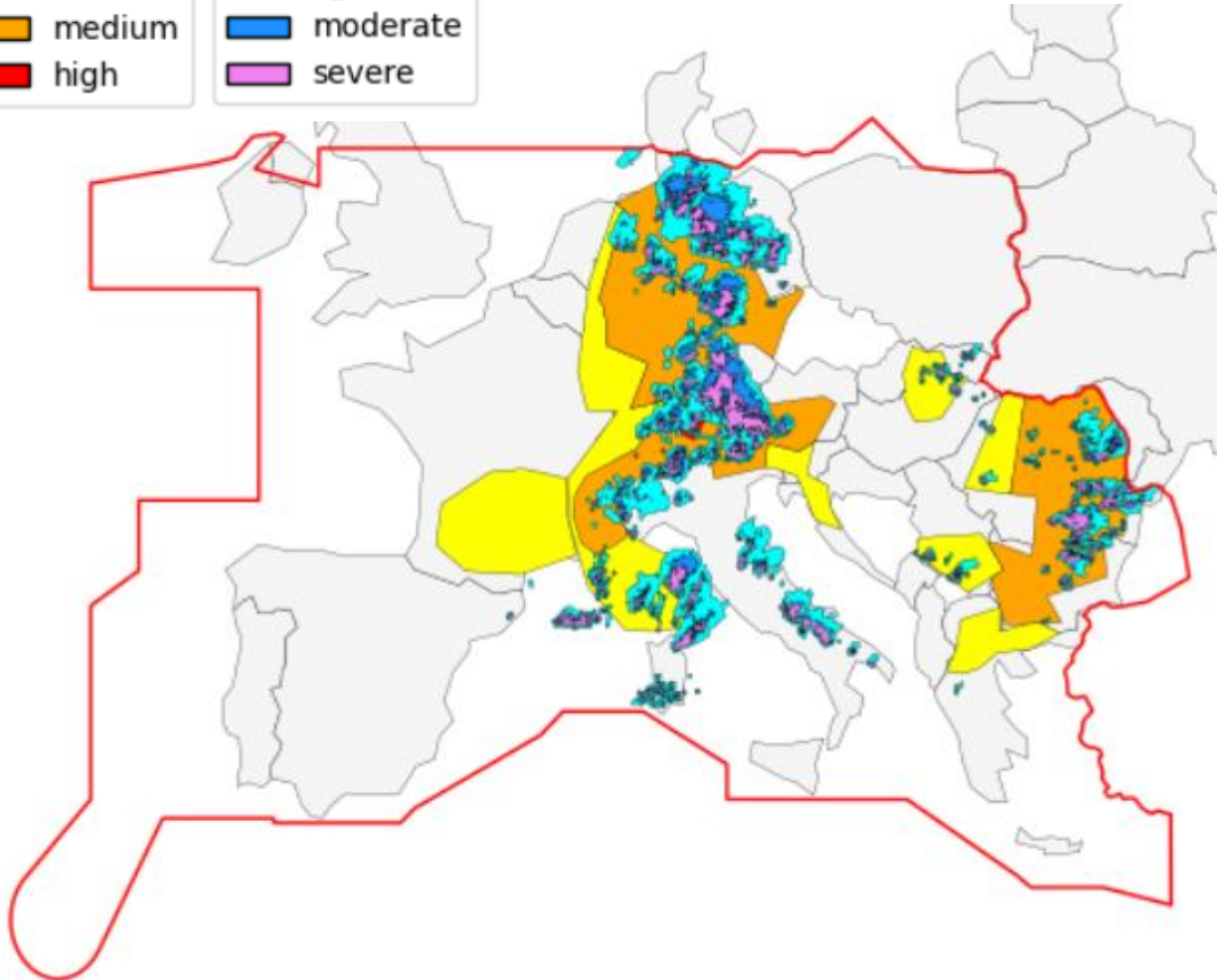
## Hourly Delay Per Flight



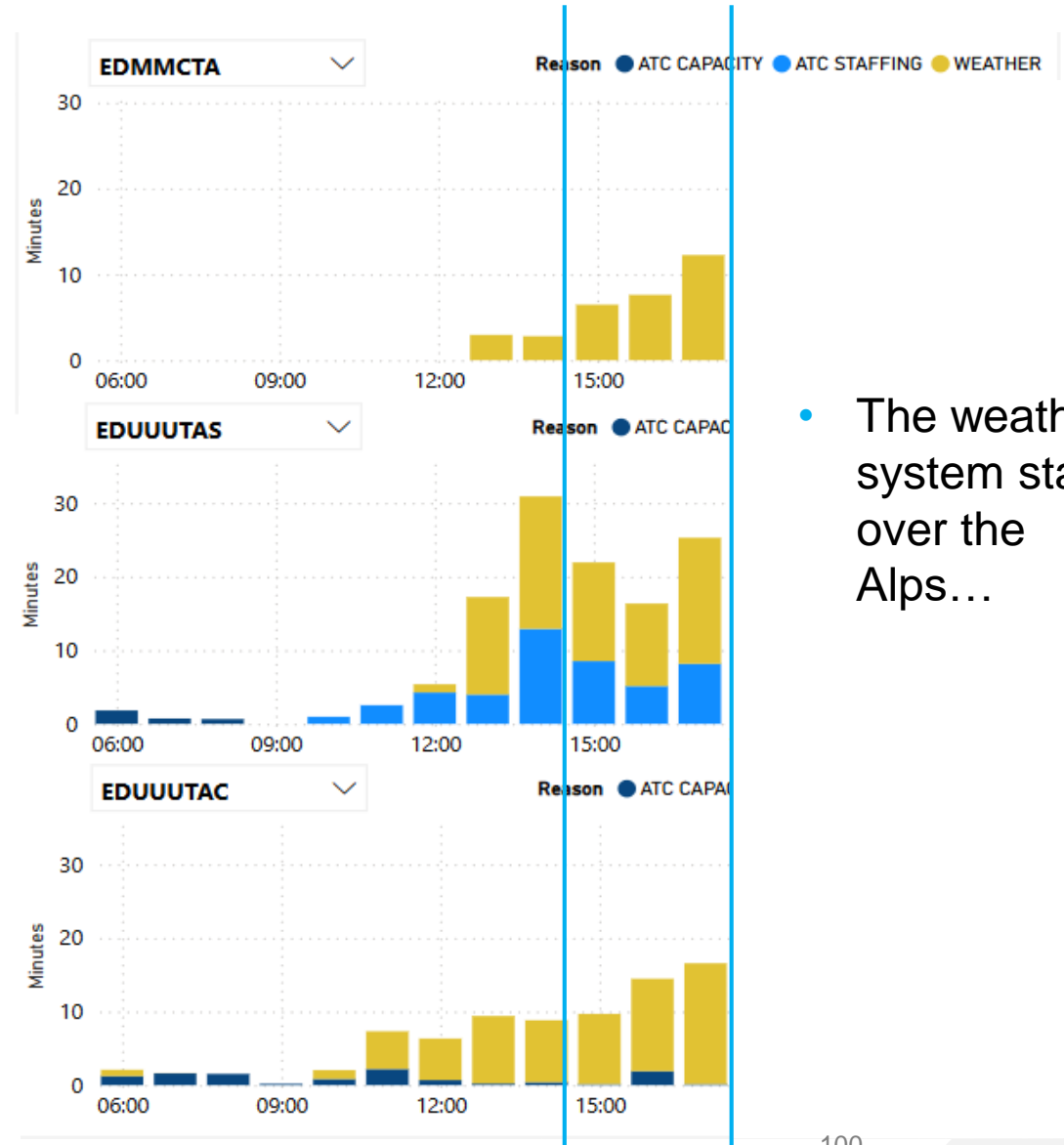
- Sofia and Beograd move on to recovery.
- Budapest continues to have some weather and unplanned entries.



# 15:00-18:00

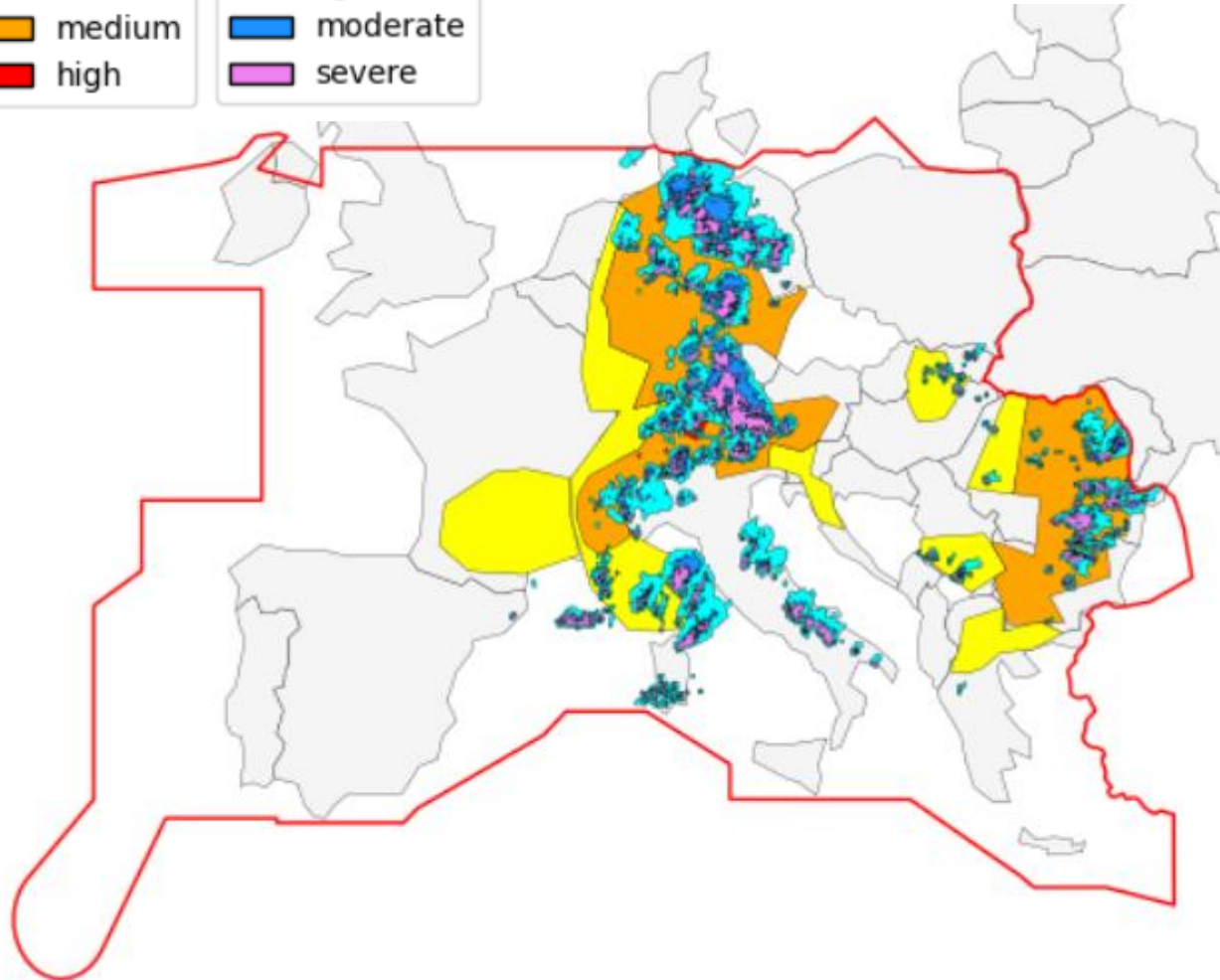


## Hourly Delay Per Flight

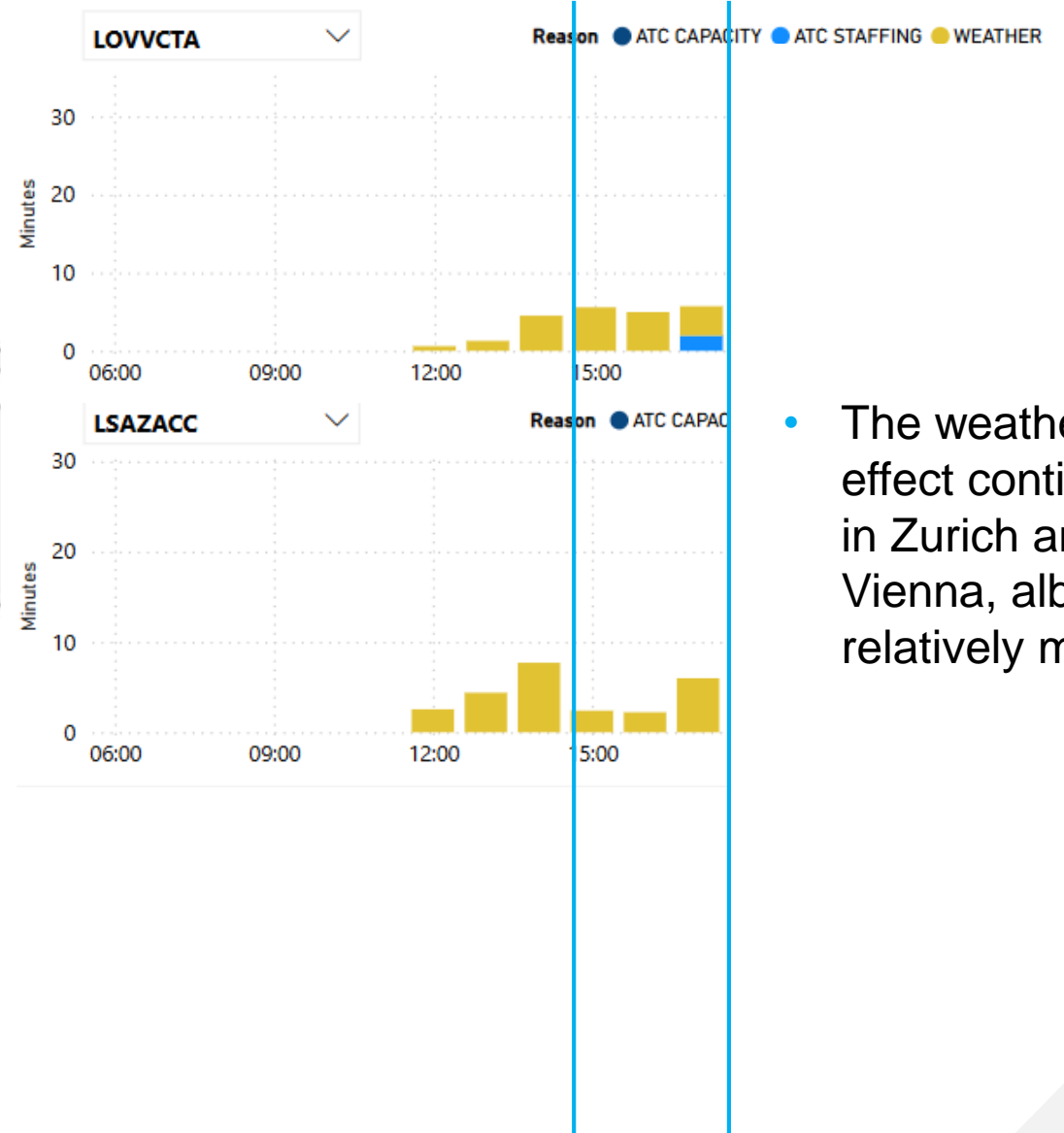


- The weather system stays over the Alps...

# 15:00-18:00

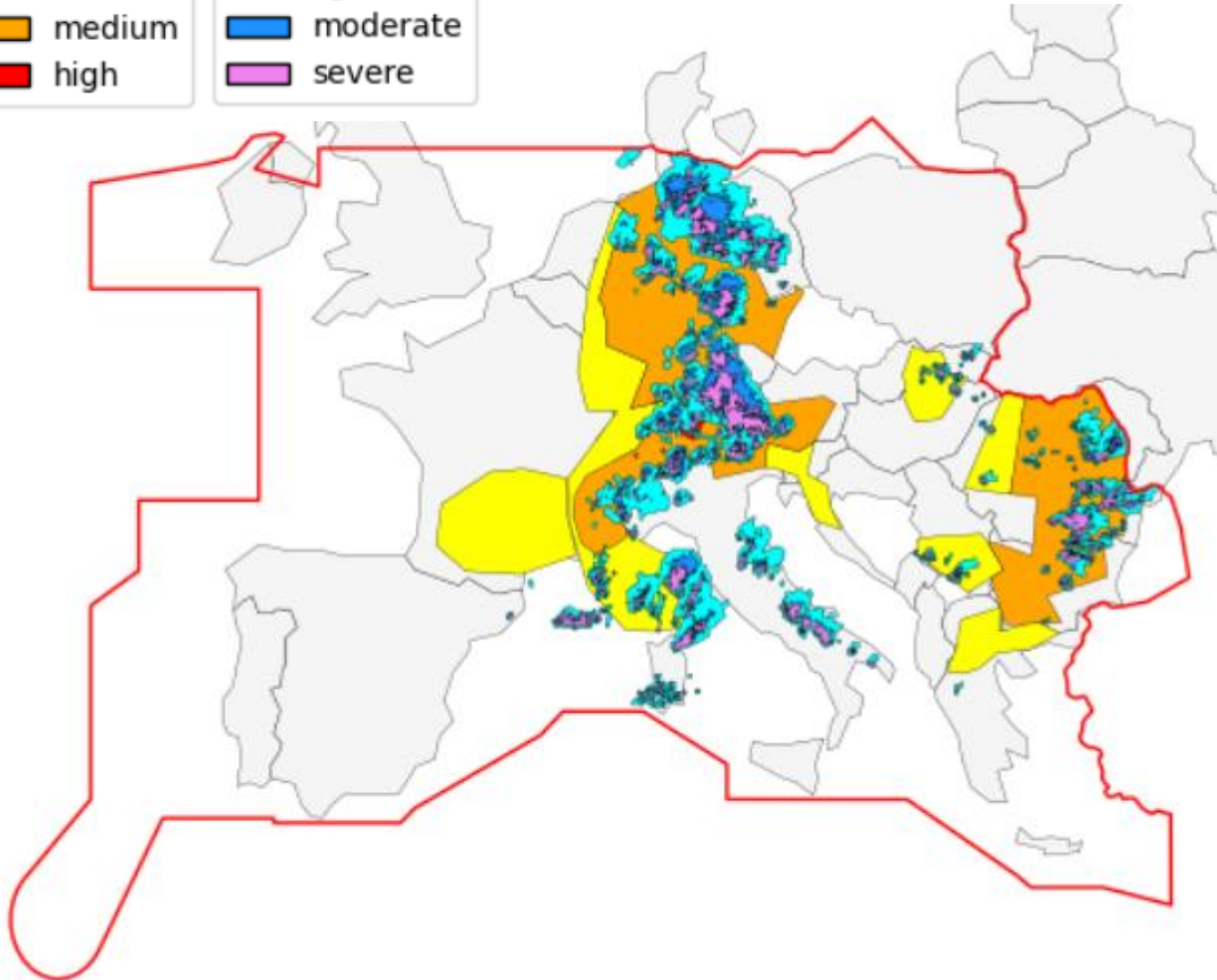


## Hourly Delay Per Flight

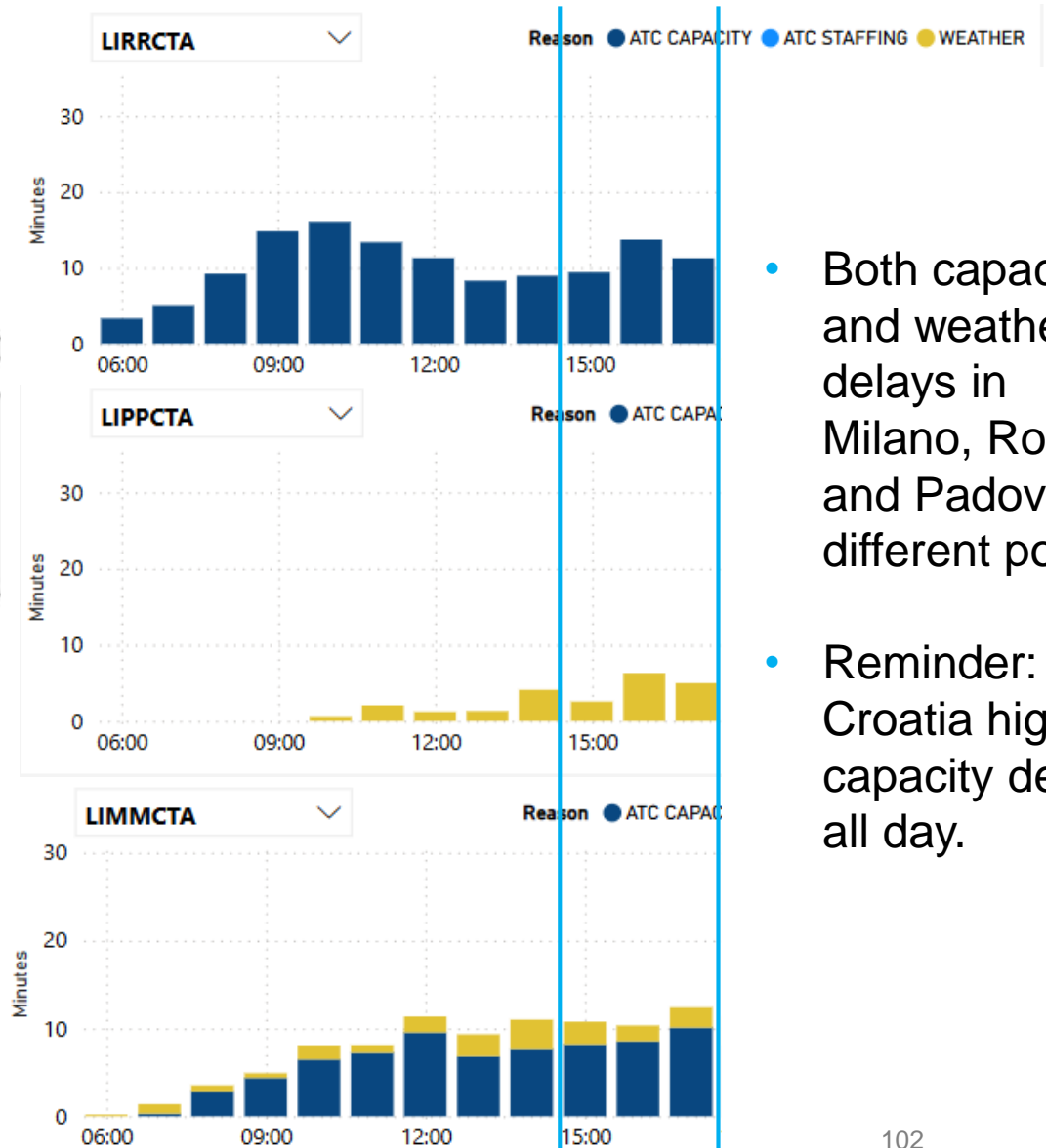


- The weather effect continues in Zurich and Vienna, albeit relatively mildly.

# 15:00-18:00

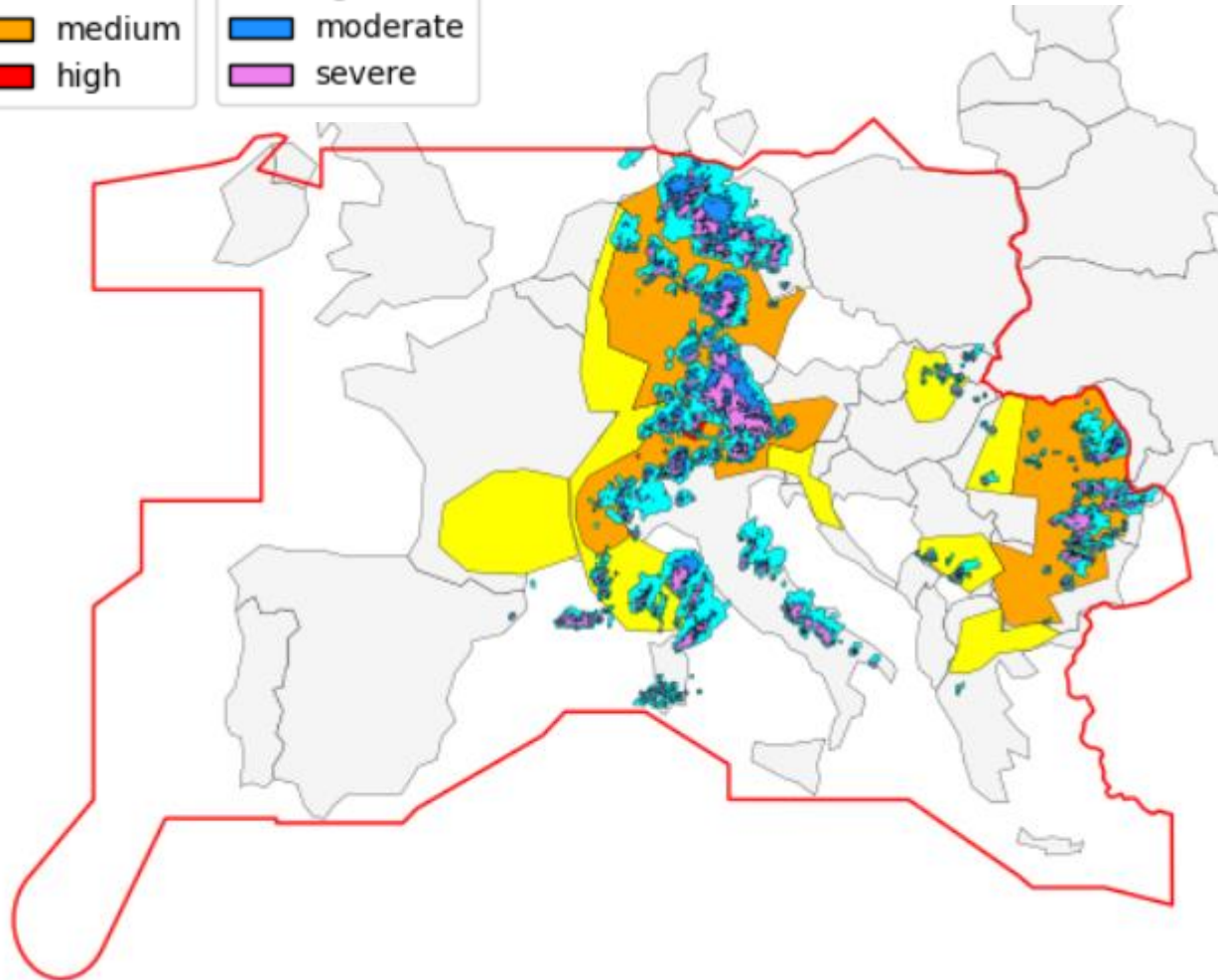


## Hourly Delay Per Flight

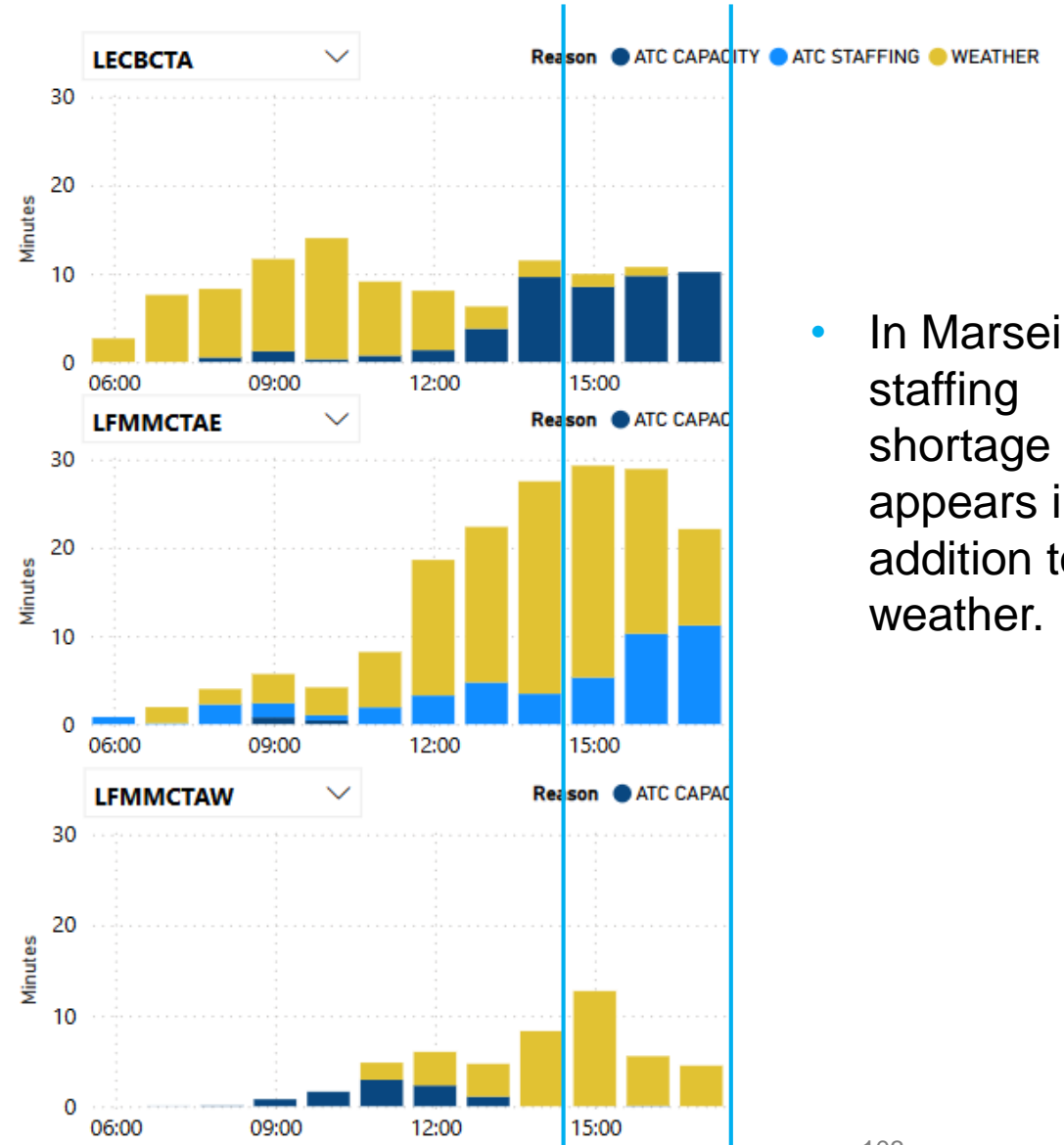


- Both capacity and weather delays in Milano, Roma and Padova at different points.
- Reminder: Croatia high capacity delays all day.

# 15:00-18:00



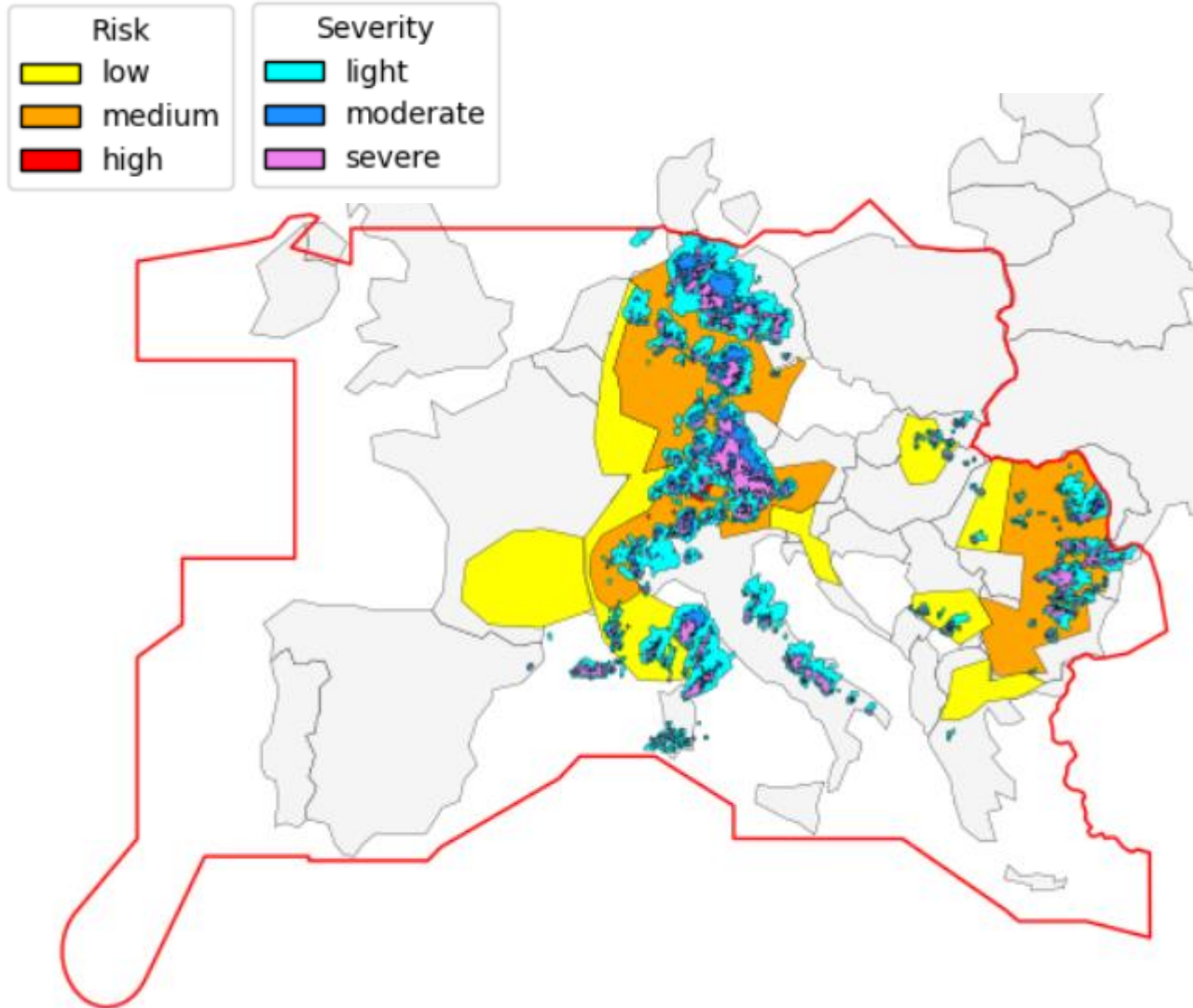
## Hourly Delay Per Flight



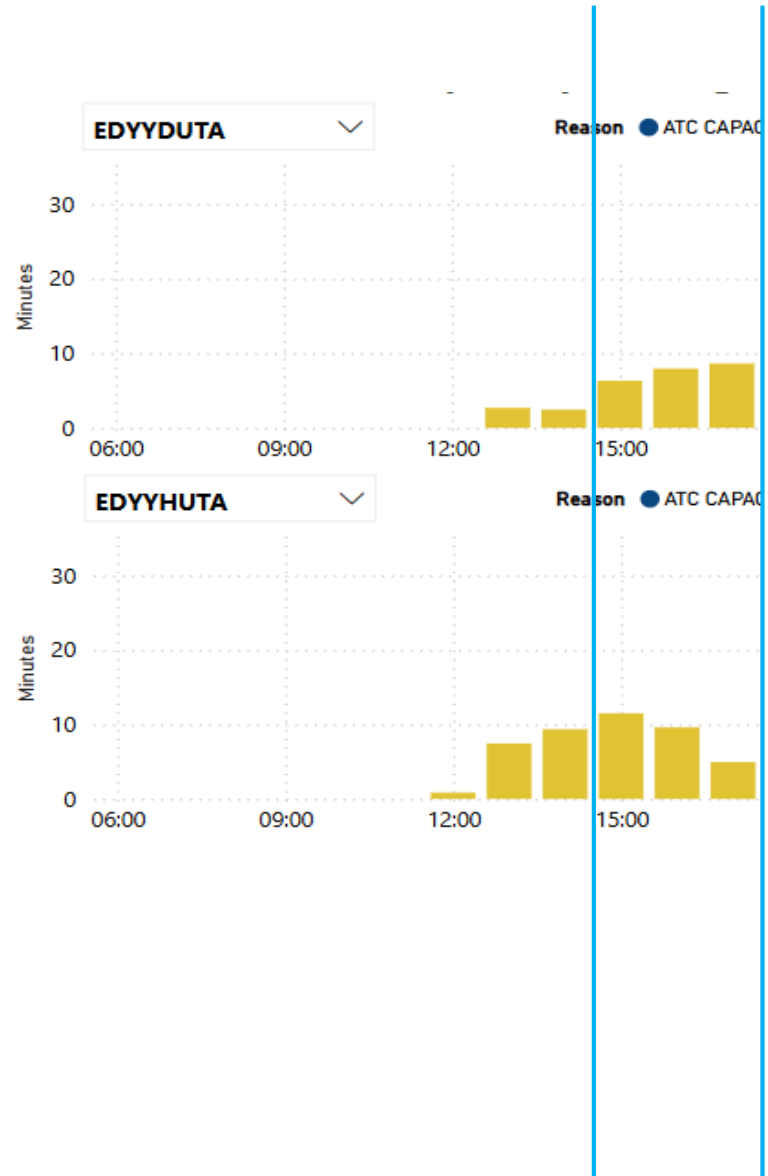
- In Marseille, staffing shortage appears in addition to weather.



# 15:00-18:00



## Hourly Delay Per Flight



- Relatively mild delays in Maastricht Deco and Hannover.





# NM Weather Workshop 03/2025

## AO Perspective – TUI Airline

# Pre-Tactical Preparation

## Assessment of available information

- SigWX charts & other MET information
- NM Initial Network Plan

## Preparation of flight planning system

- Closing areas of forecast SigWX for flight planning
- Potentially closing sectors with forecast high delays due to SigWX

## Automated flight plan calculation

- Starts at EOBT-12h, full re-optimization at EOBT-9/6/3h
- Only routings with FPL validity of >15 minutes after EOBT accepted
- Manual intervention & correction if no valid routing found

## Issues

- Quality of available information at D-1 & required interpretation
- No network coordination & risk of bunching in other sectors
- Limited alternative routing options due to continuing ANSP staffing & capacity issues



# Tactical Reaction

- **Adaptation of settings for automated re-calculations, if**
  - more precise information about areas of SigWx has become available
  - overall network delay situation changes
- **Manual adaptation of individual flight plans, based on**
  - operational requirements
  - network delay situation
  - crew feedback (e.g. en route weather observed on the previous flight leg)
  - RRP received, assessed and considered favorable
- **Needed from other stakeholders before/at 15:00 UTC:**
  - **NM:**
    - reliable forecast of delay situation for the rest of the day and information for AOs on offload sectors/ACCs with sufficient capacity
    - RRP & effective e-Helpdesk actions for maximum delay saving on flights marked as critical and/or rotations running against a night curfew
  - **ANSPs:**
    - shortcuts (at least in ACC of destination aerodrome) on crew request for aircraft rotations running against a night curfew or being flight time critical
  - **Airports:**
    - Focus on timely departures
    - Pre-check with authorities on night curfew extensions where possible



# Room for Improvement

## TUI Airline

- use better meteorological products in operations (e.g. AI-based forecasting models)
- eliminate the need for human / individual interpretation of forecasts
- prepare staff for and adapt processes to rolling CDM processes (should they be introduced)

## NM

- introduce a rolling CDM process ( i.e. have staff / means of coordination & comms) to avoid uncoordinated re-routings and bunching in other sectors / ACCs
- cherry-pick flights reducing delays and provide RRP for those flights via NM B2B

## ANSPs

- increase flexibility in providing capacity for affected- and onloaded sectors / ACCs
- reduce the number of RAD-rules to the minimum required for a safe operation to enable re-routings by AOs
- ensure FMP positions are staffed H24 to allow for a rolling CDM process

## CFSPs

- enable avoidance of individual ATC sectors (if not yet available)
- enable multiple automated re-optimizations of flights to account for changing data
- ingest RRP via NM B2B and present results to Dispatchers
- create the ability to ingest and apply scenarios





**ECA**

European Cockpit Association

# **Weather avoidance: pilot's perspective**

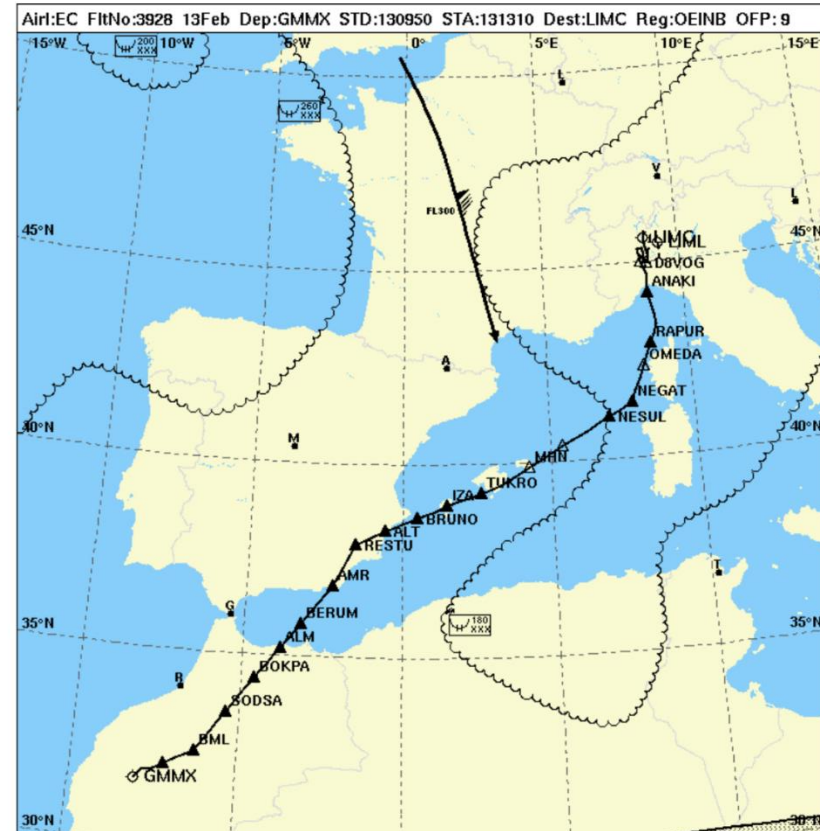
**Cpt. Daniele Veronelli**



# Flight preparation

Tools available for weather assessment before departure are:

- METAR, TAFs, SIGWX, etc
- Weather app



**ECA**

European Cockpit Association

# Fuel planning

- The main usage of weather data on the ground is **fuel planning**
- Extra fuel is typically taken in case of: **convective weather, LVPs, winter operations, turbulence.**

TAXI	64	(0.06)	.....	.....	
TRIP	8981	3.48	.....	.....	
CONT 5%	449	0.11	.....	.....	
ALTN	1012	0.27	.....	.....	LI
FINRES	1037	0.30			..
EXTRA	0	0.00			
ADDNL	0	0.00	.....	.....	
-----					
TOTAL	11543	4.56	.....	.....	
-----					
TANKER	0		.....		
-----					
PLN BLK	11543	4.56	.....	.....	F
-----					
DISC					
FUEL (L4658)			.....	.....	
-----					
FINAL BLK			.....		S
-----					
TOW CORR	+1000	PLN BLK	+115 /	-1000	PL
ECON CI50		TRIP	+153 /	TIME	3.
ECON CI20		TRIP	+34 /	TIME	3.
2000 BELOW		TRIP	+113 /	TIME	3.
4000 BELOW		TRIP	+283 /	TIME	3.



**ECA**

European Cockpit Association

# Weather management in flight



Once airborne, the available tools for weather avoidance are:

- weather radar
- ATC reports
- datalink and aircraft connectivity (if available).



**ECA**

European Cockpit Association



# Different equipment = different readings



# Convective weather avoidance on route

There are criteria stated in the manuals, but a big role is played by the experience of the pilots and the type of equipment on board.

## Overflight

Avoid overflying thunderstorms unless a minimum of 5000 ft clearance above the storm top is ensured. When possible, detour between the storm cells of a squall line rather than directly above them. Keep the radar antenna tilted down during overflight to properly assess the most severe cells, which may be masked by clouds formations.

## Lateral avoidance

At altitudes above the freezing level, supercooled rain and hail may indicate as only weak radar echoes, which can mask extreme thunderstorm intensity. Avoid weak radar echoes associated with thunderstorms by the following minimum distances:

Altitude	Lateral avoidance
20000 ft	10 NM
25000 ft	15 NM
30000 ft	20 NM



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European Cockpit Association



# Weather management on arrival

Strictly related to **aircraft handling and fuel on board.**

**Handling:** wind limitations, breaking action.

**Fuel on board:** to cope with delays related to convective weather, LVPs or winter ops.

A wise selection of the alternate airport and a timely decision of its usage is vital to prevent unsafe scenarios.



**ECA**

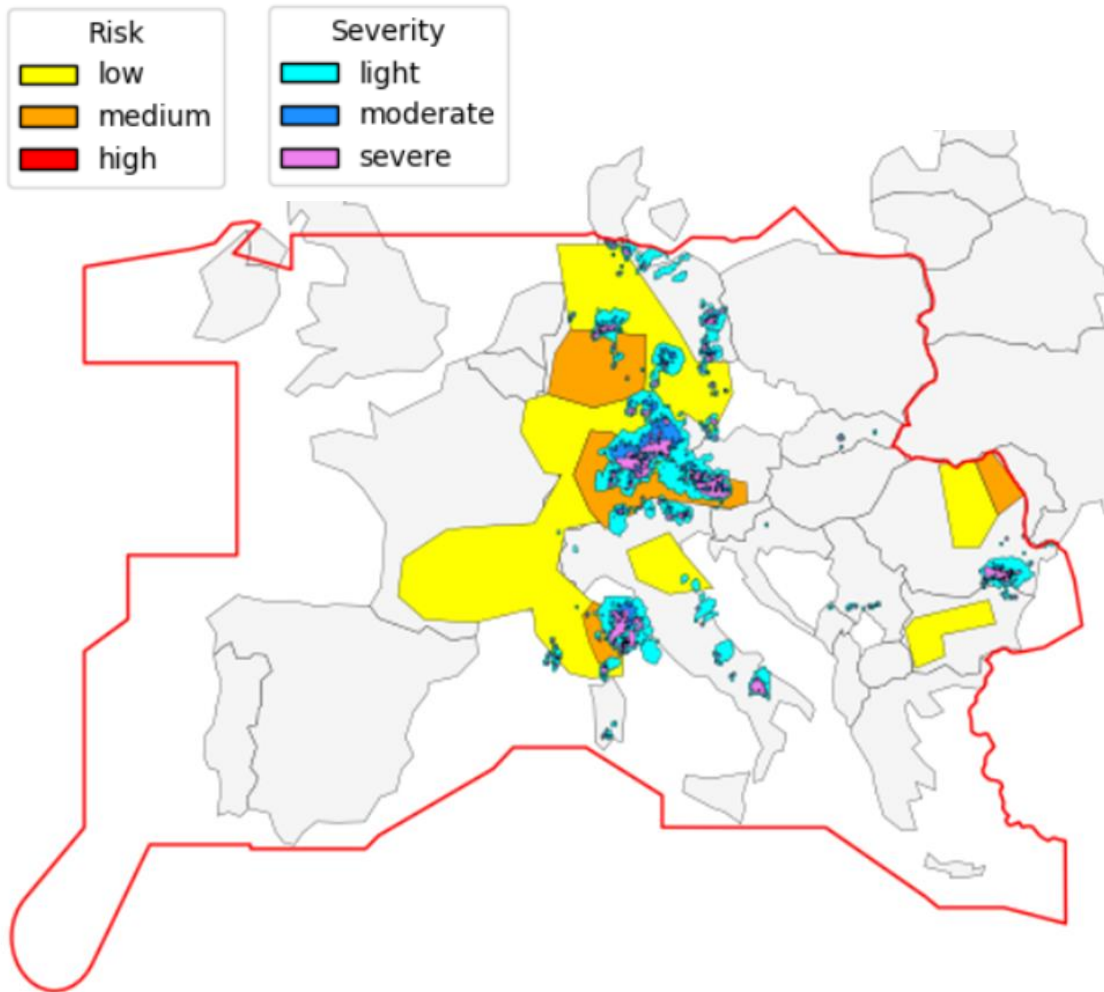
European Cockpit Association



Use the **QR code** or  
go to **ectrlvote.eu** and  
log in with **eurocontrol521**

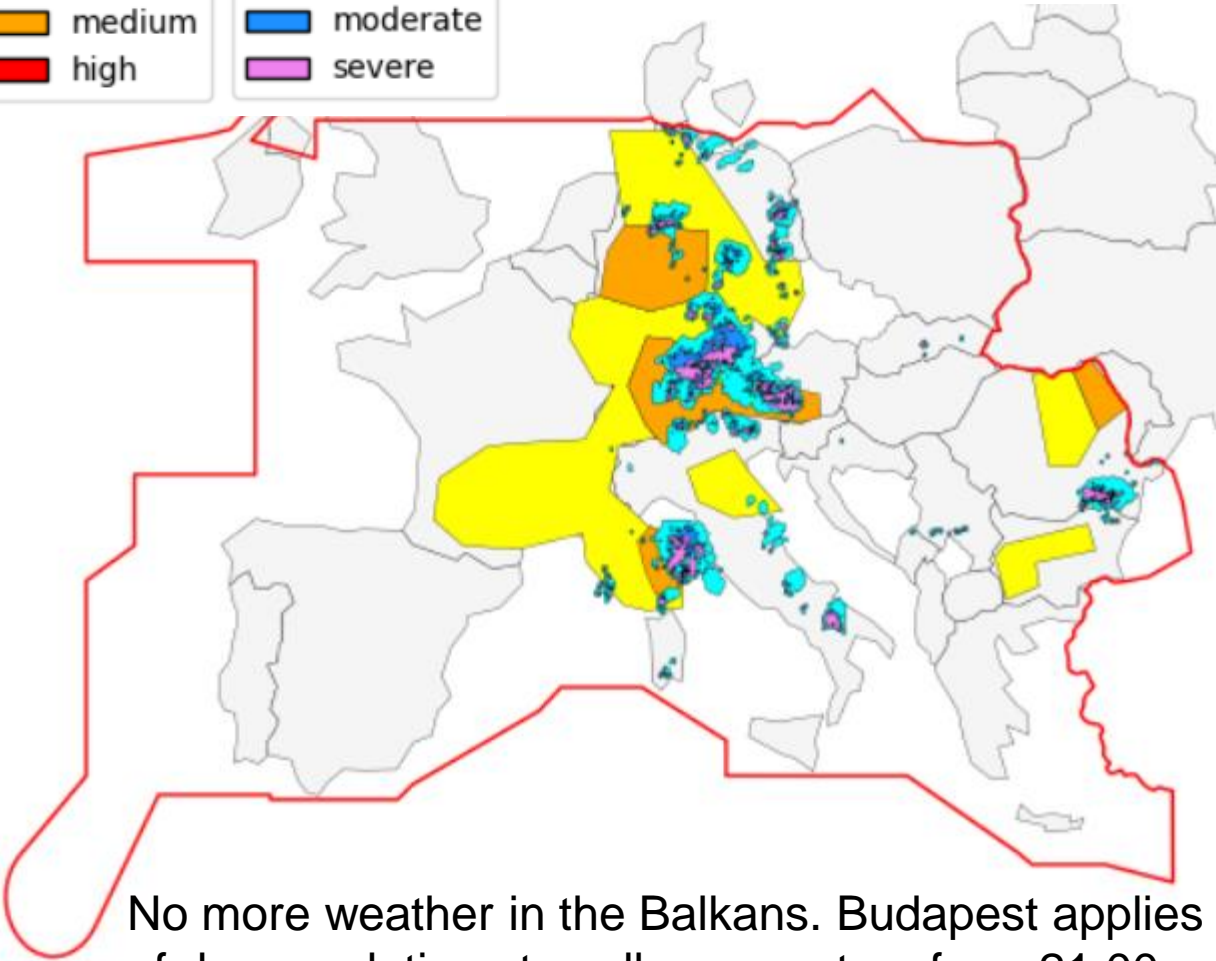


# 18:00-21:00



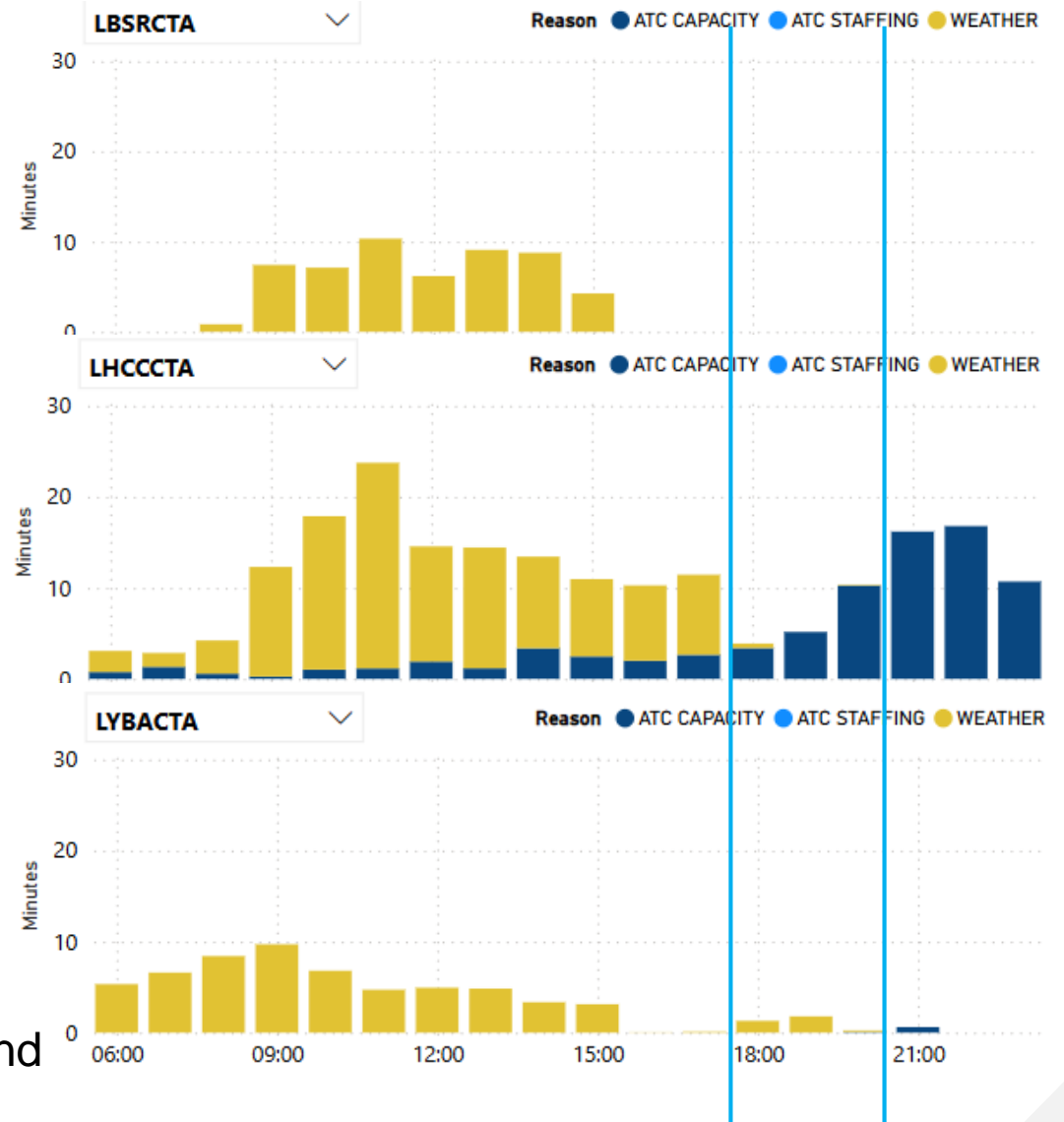
- The weather system continues in Germany and Marseille.
- Continued capacity delays in Italy and Croatia.
- High traffic continues when ACCs need to collapse sectors for the night shift.

# 18:00-21:00

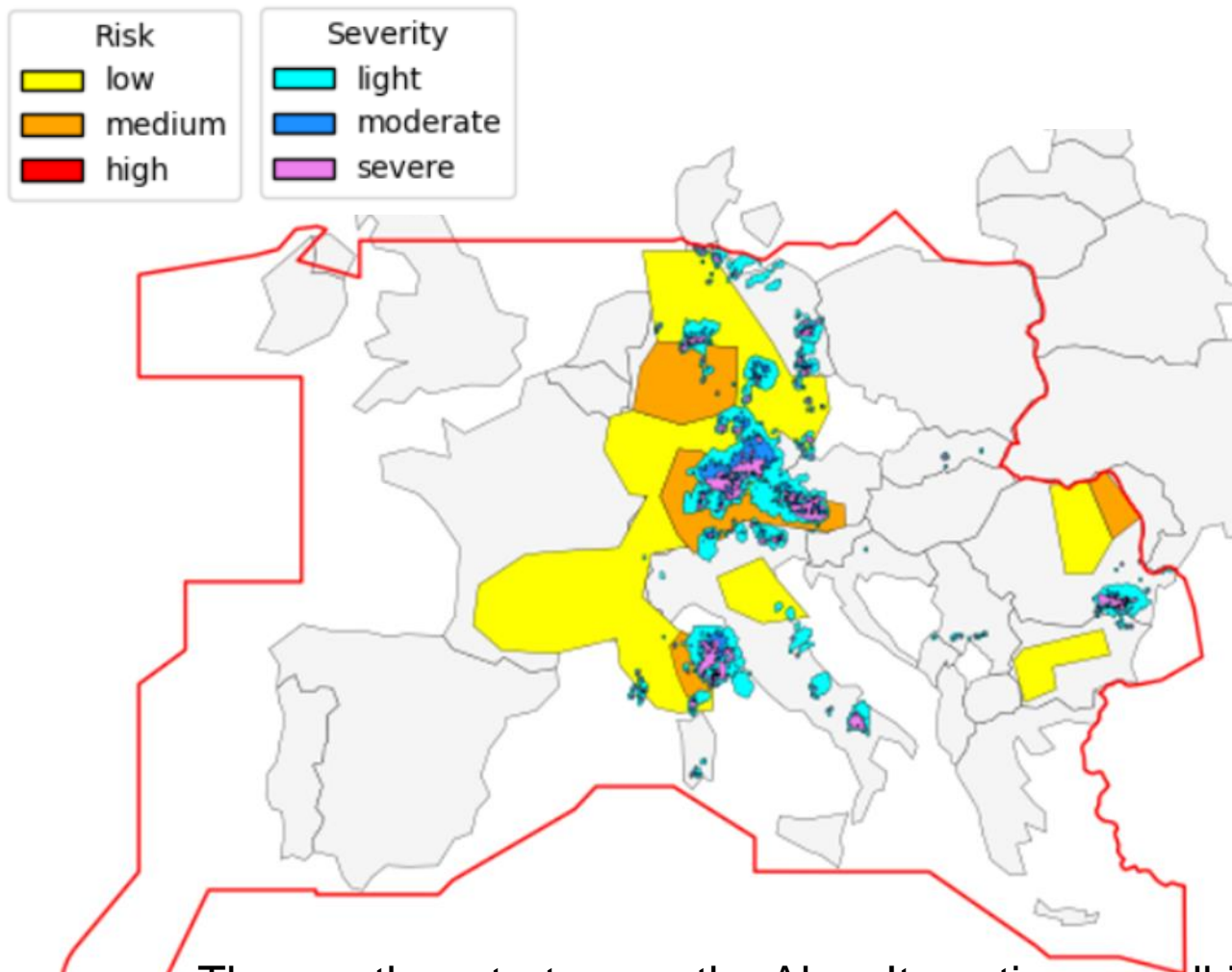


No more weather in the Balkans. Budapest applies end of day regulations to collapse sectors from 21:00.

## Hourly Delay Per Flight

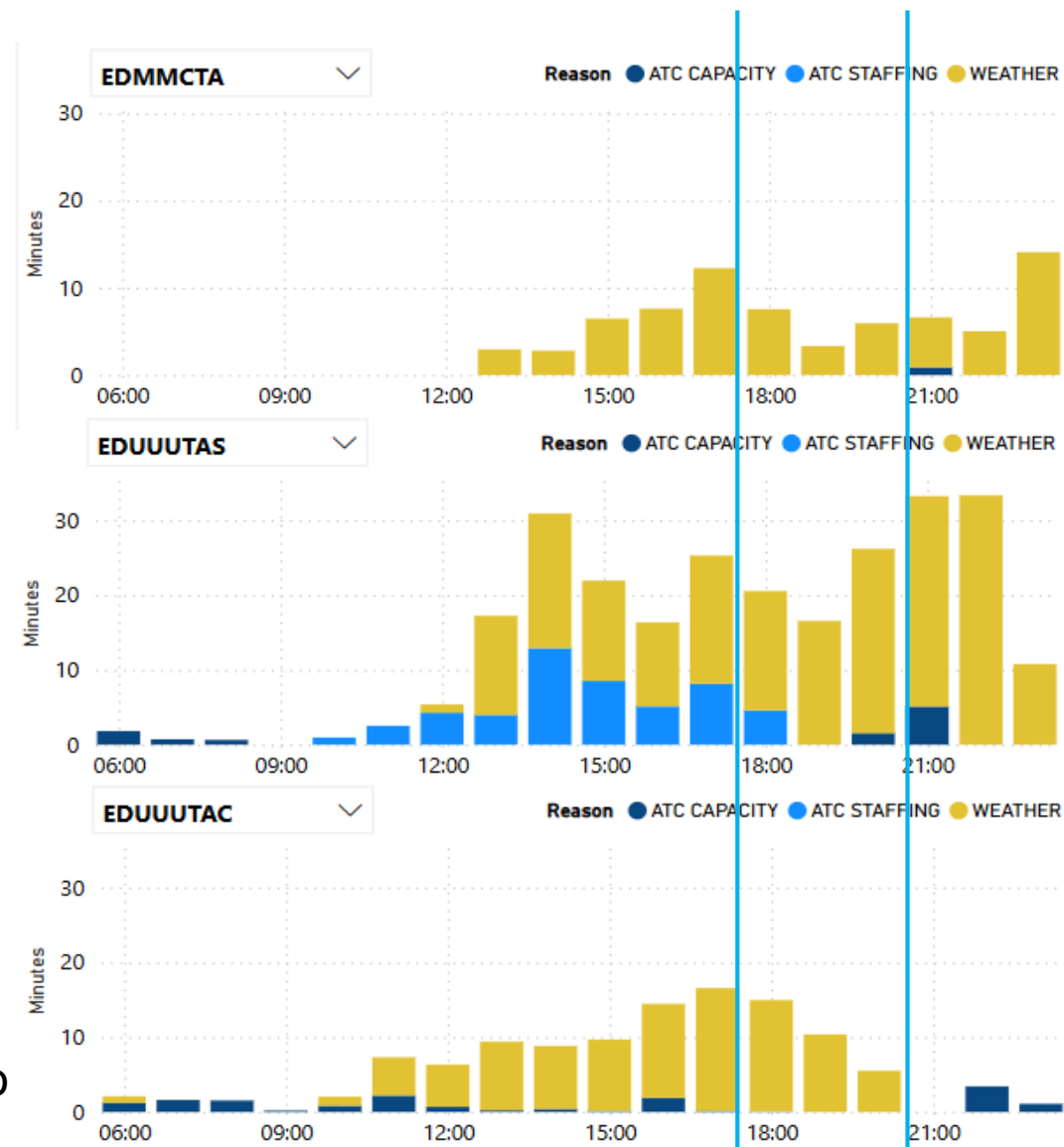


# 18:00-21:00



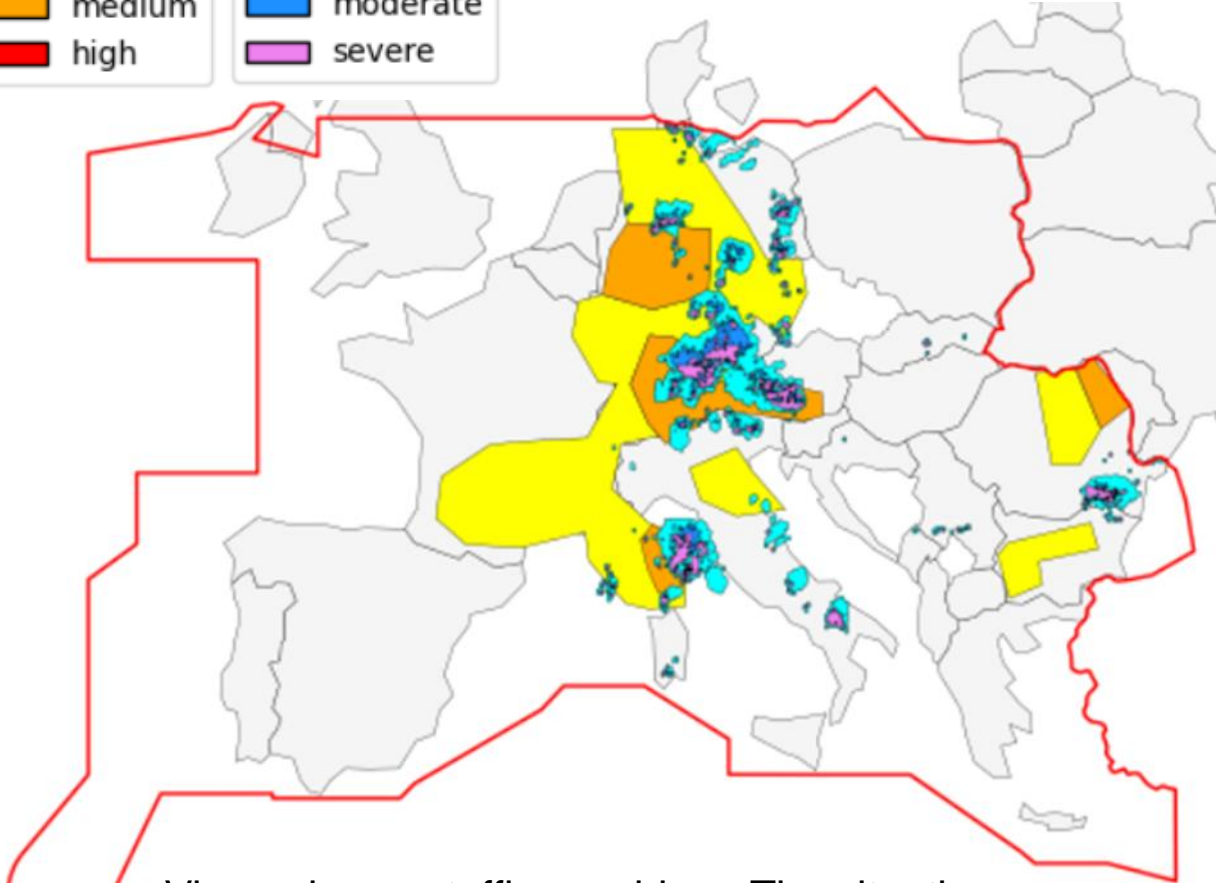
The weather starts over the Alps. It continues well into the night.

## Hourly Delay Per Flight



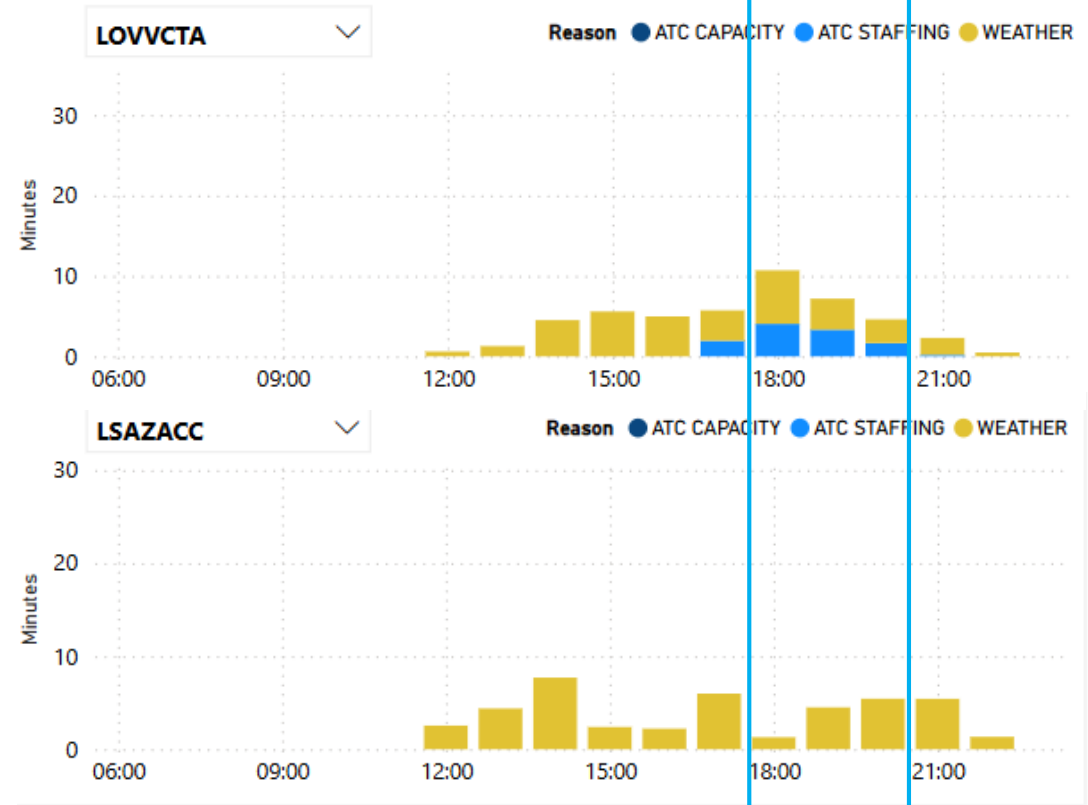


# 18:00-21:00

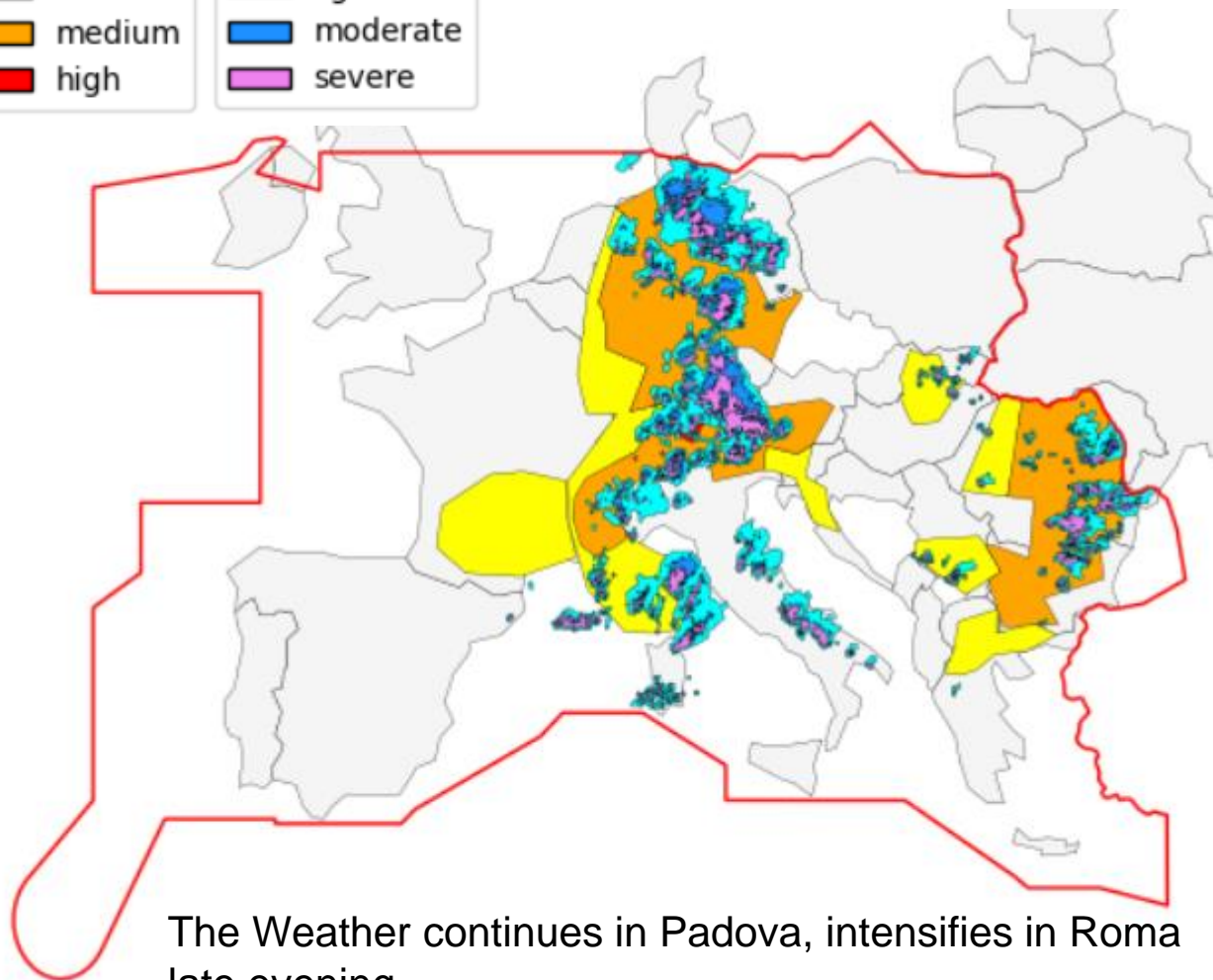


Vienna has a staffing problem. The situation remains stable in Zurich

## Hourly Delay Per Flight

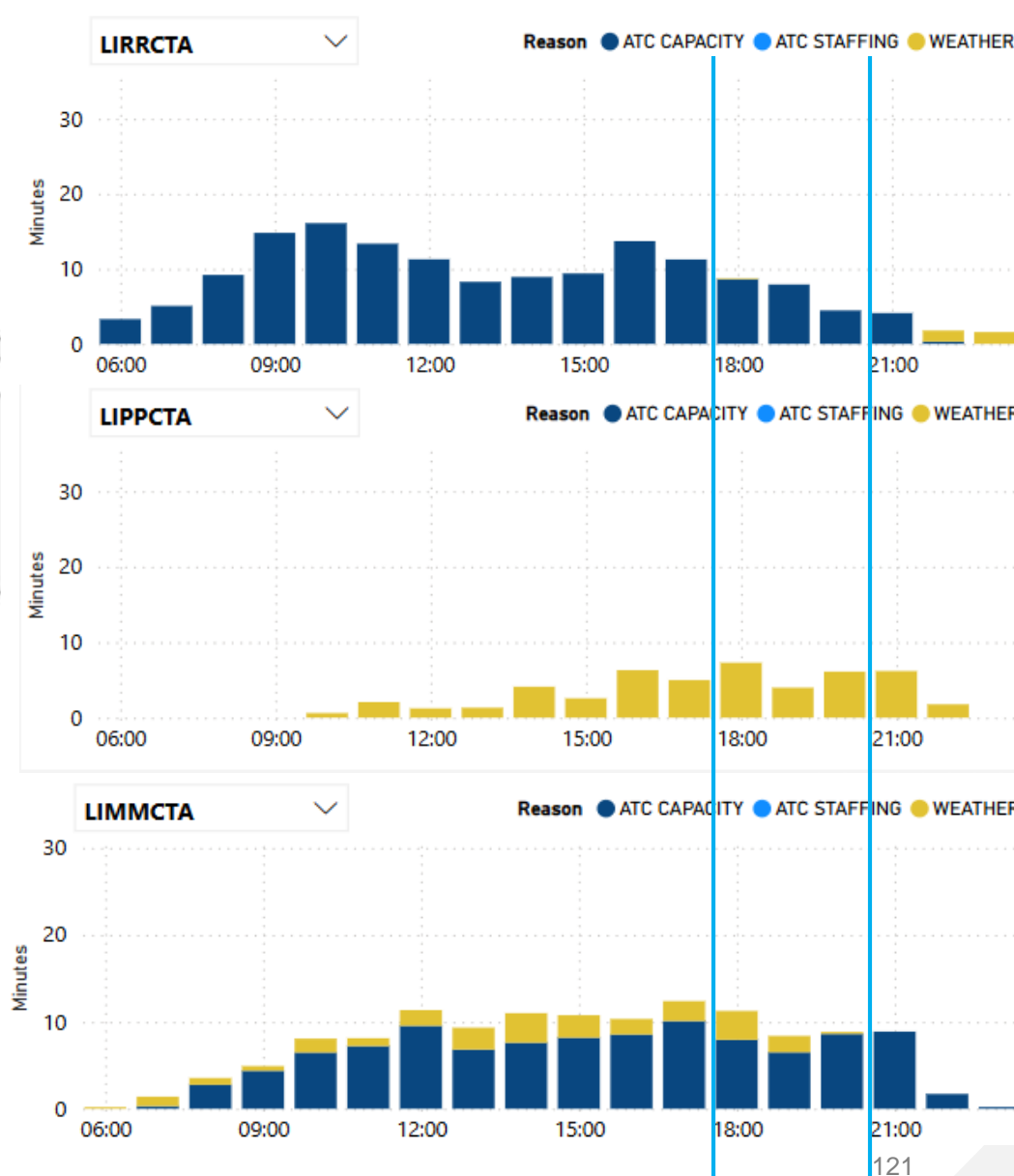


# 18:00-21:00

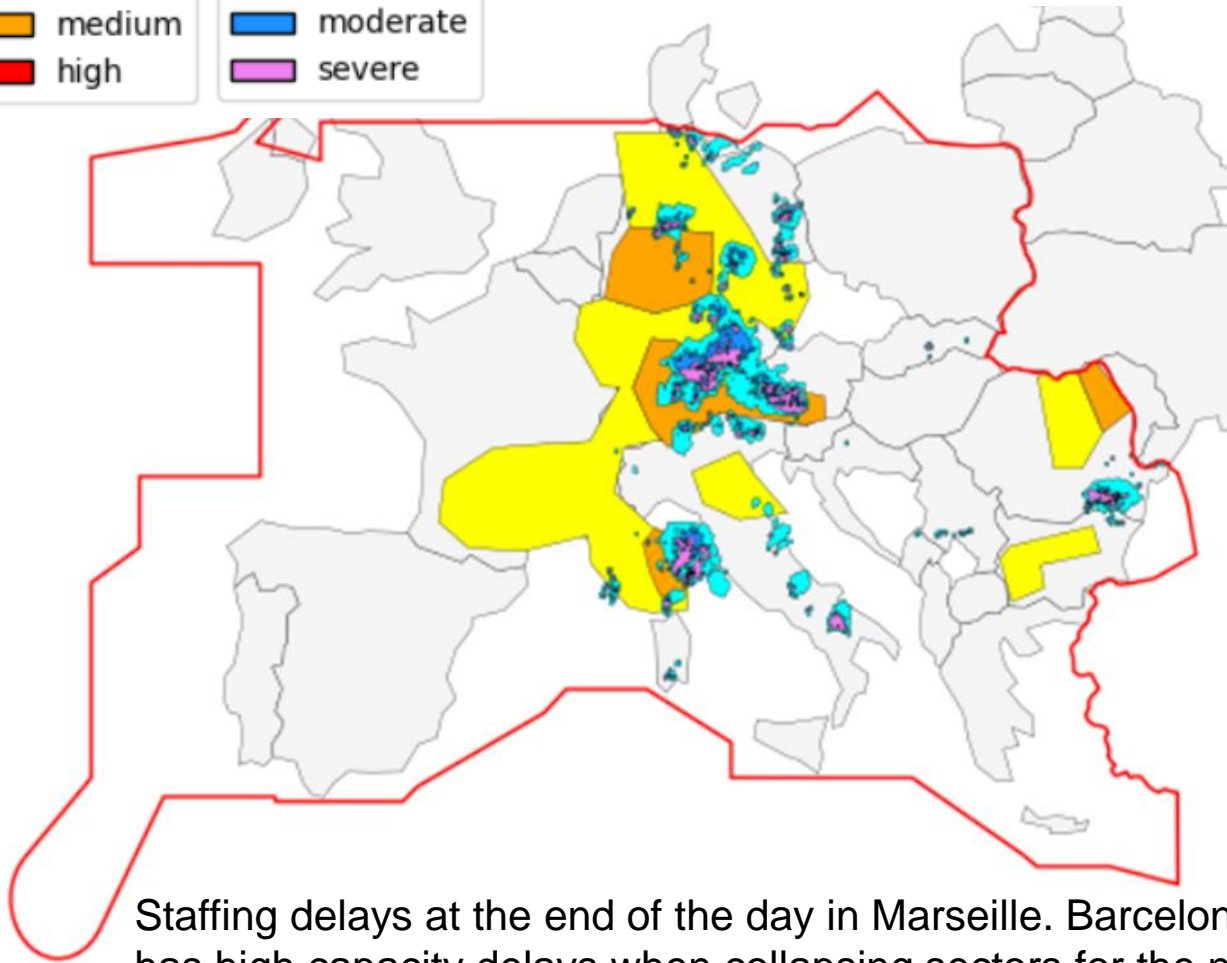


The Weather continues in Padova, intensifies in Roma late evening.

## Hourly Delay Per Flight

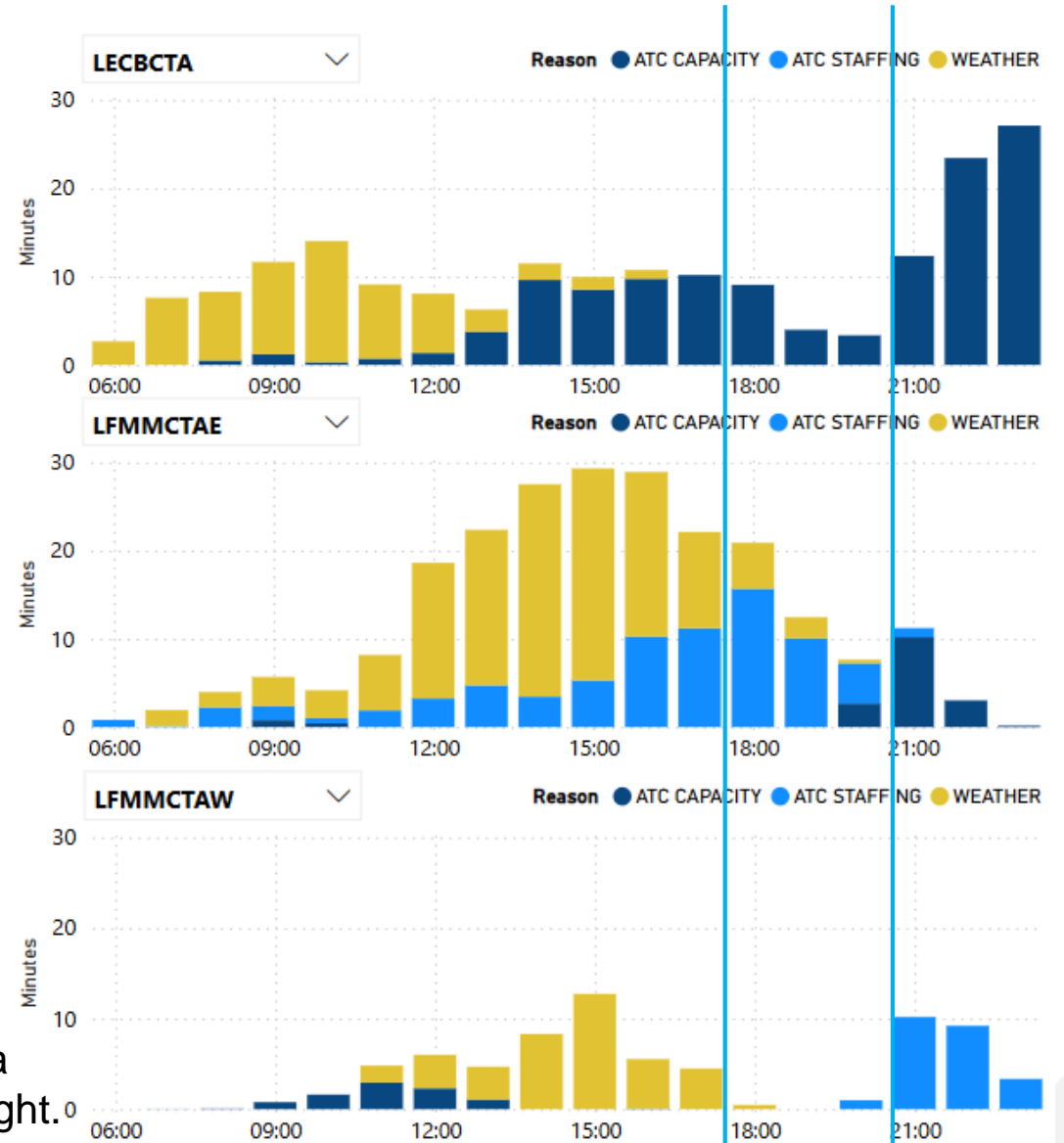


# 18:00-21:00

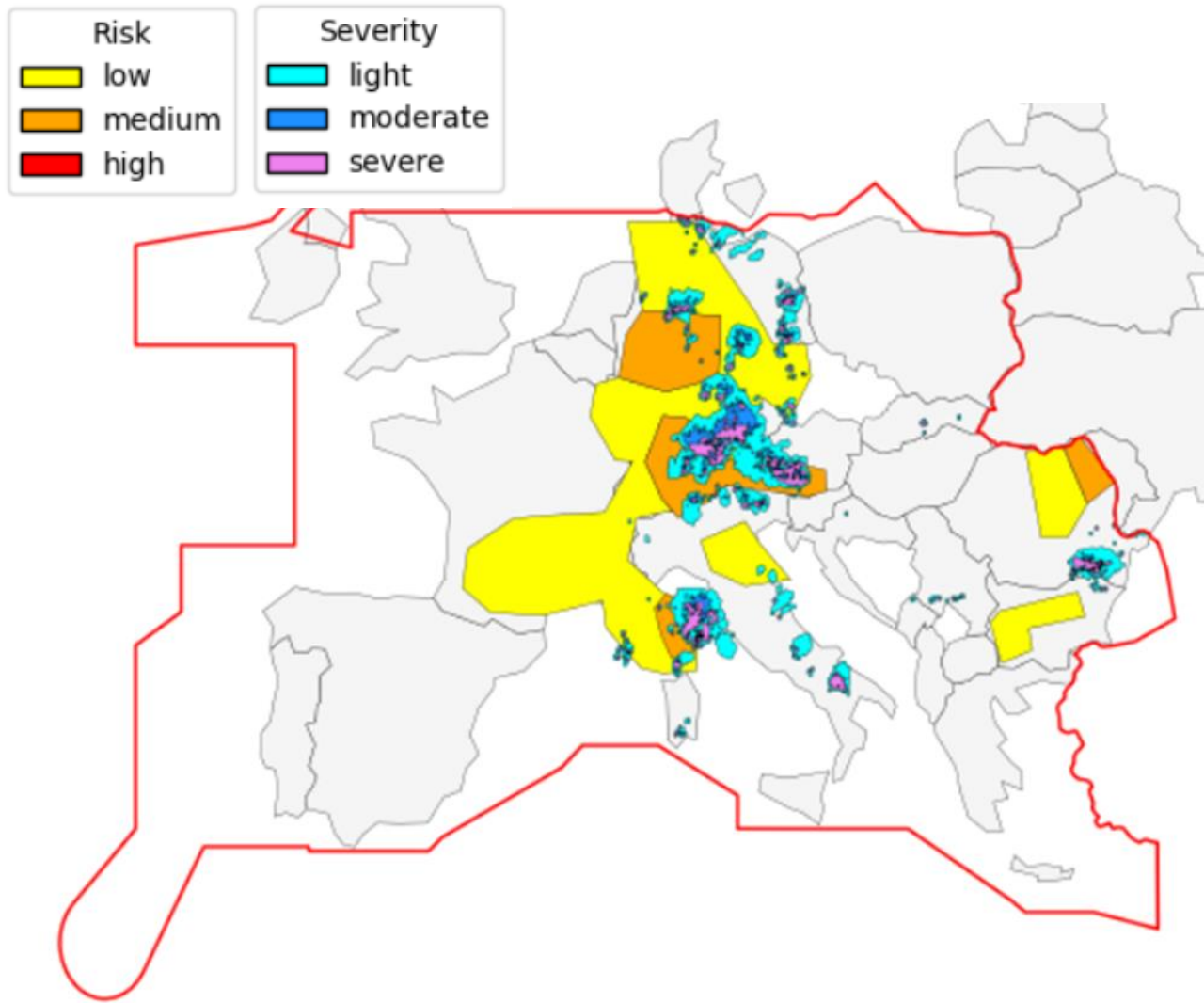


Staffing delays at the end of the day in Marseille. Barcelona has high capacity delays when collapsing sectors for the night.

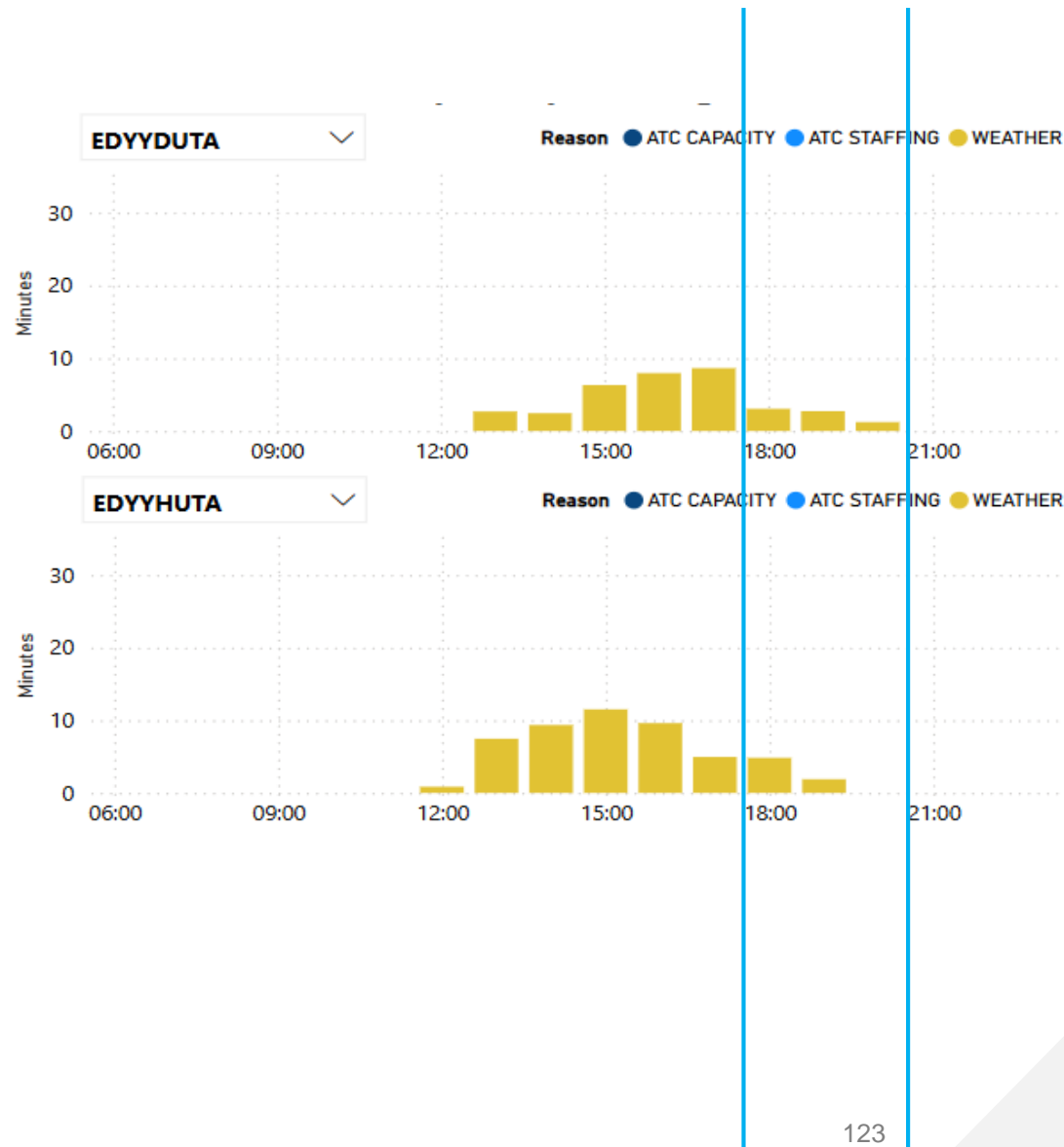
## Hourly Delay Per Flight



# 18:00-21:00



## Hourly Delay Per Flight





# ACG ATFCM Weather Procedure

Convection in ACC Vienna 2024

[www.austrocontrol.at](http://www.austrocontrol.at)



Anita Eder  
FMP Manager



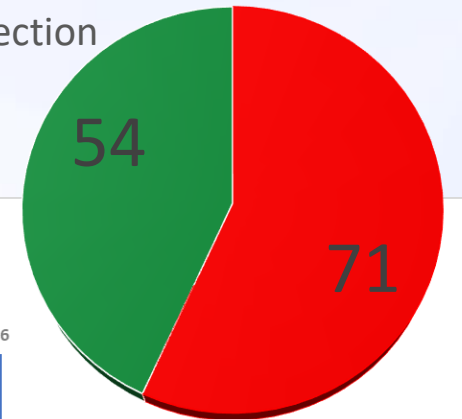
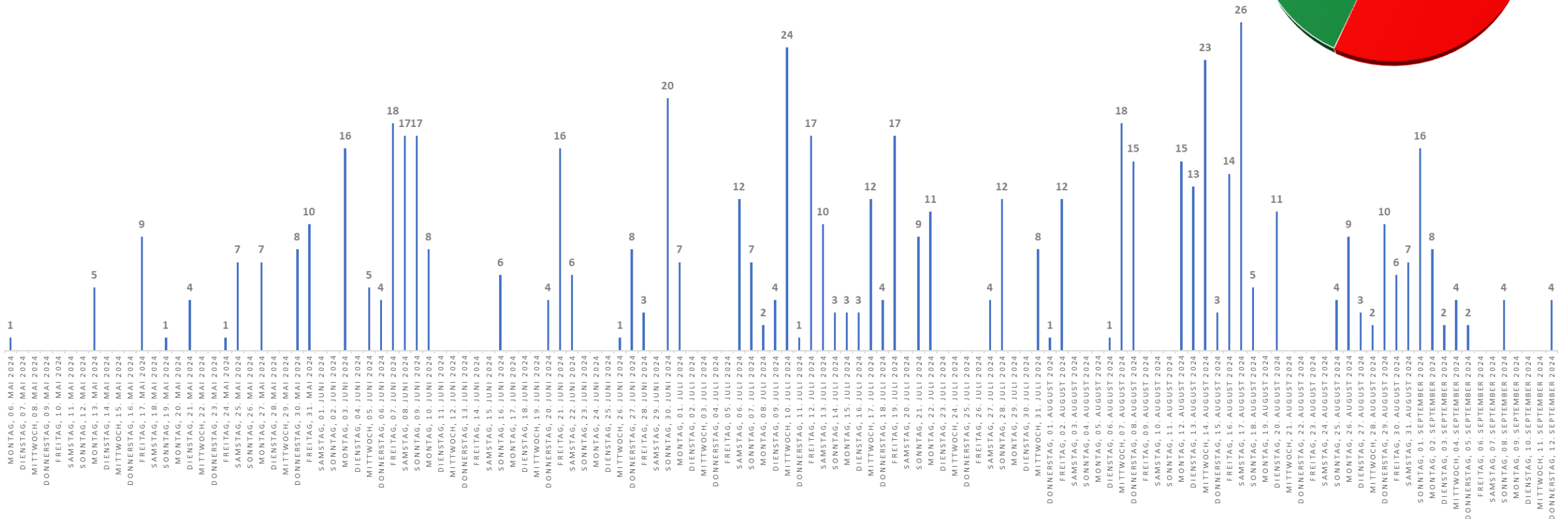
# Summer 2024 in ACC Vienna

■ Days with Convection

■ Days without Convection


Dealing with CBs/TCUs/SQLs in Summer is daily business in ACC Vienna.

NUMBER OF WX REGULATIONS

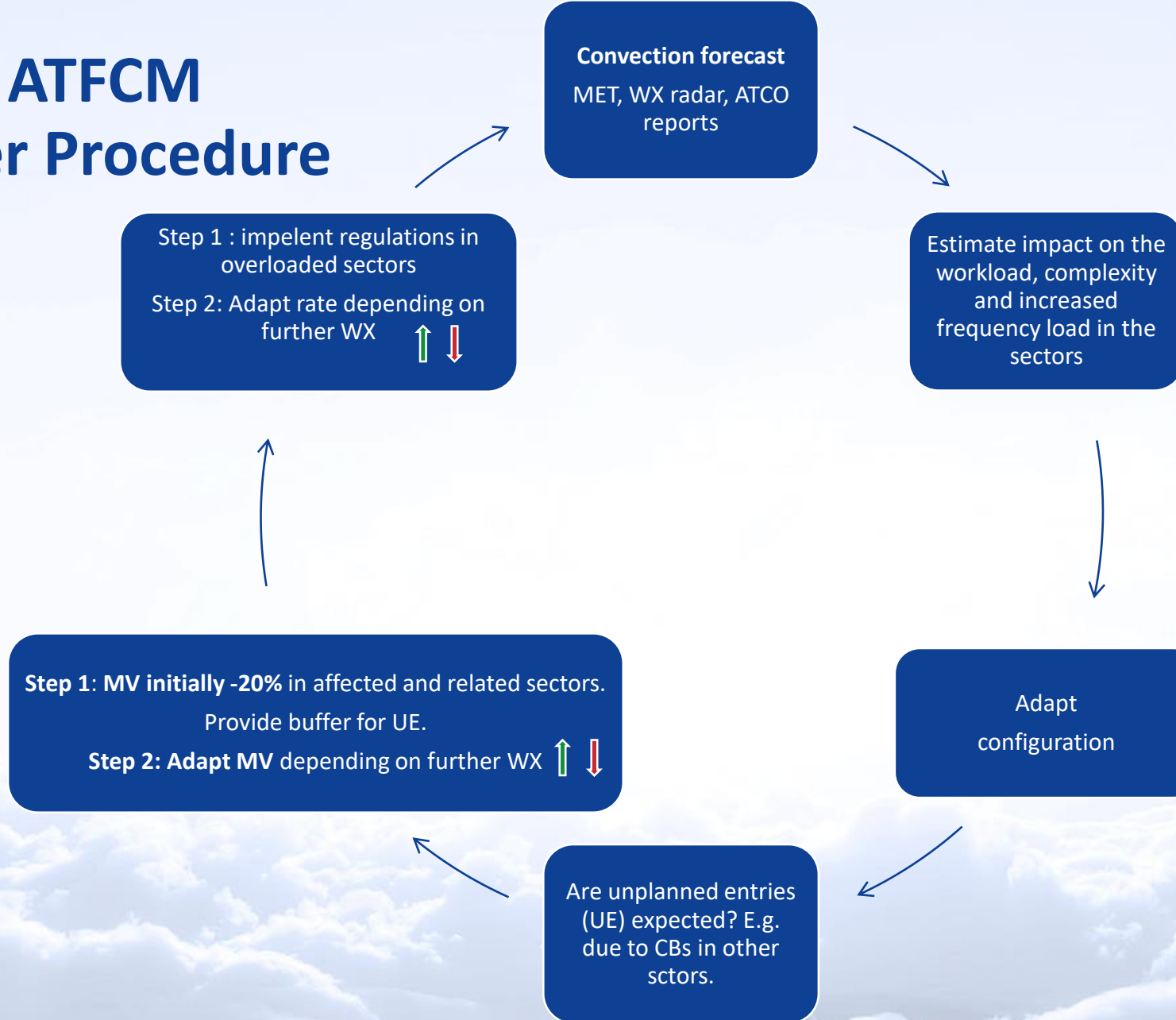


# How do we deal with Convection in our airspace?

## ATFCM Weather Procedure ACC Vienna

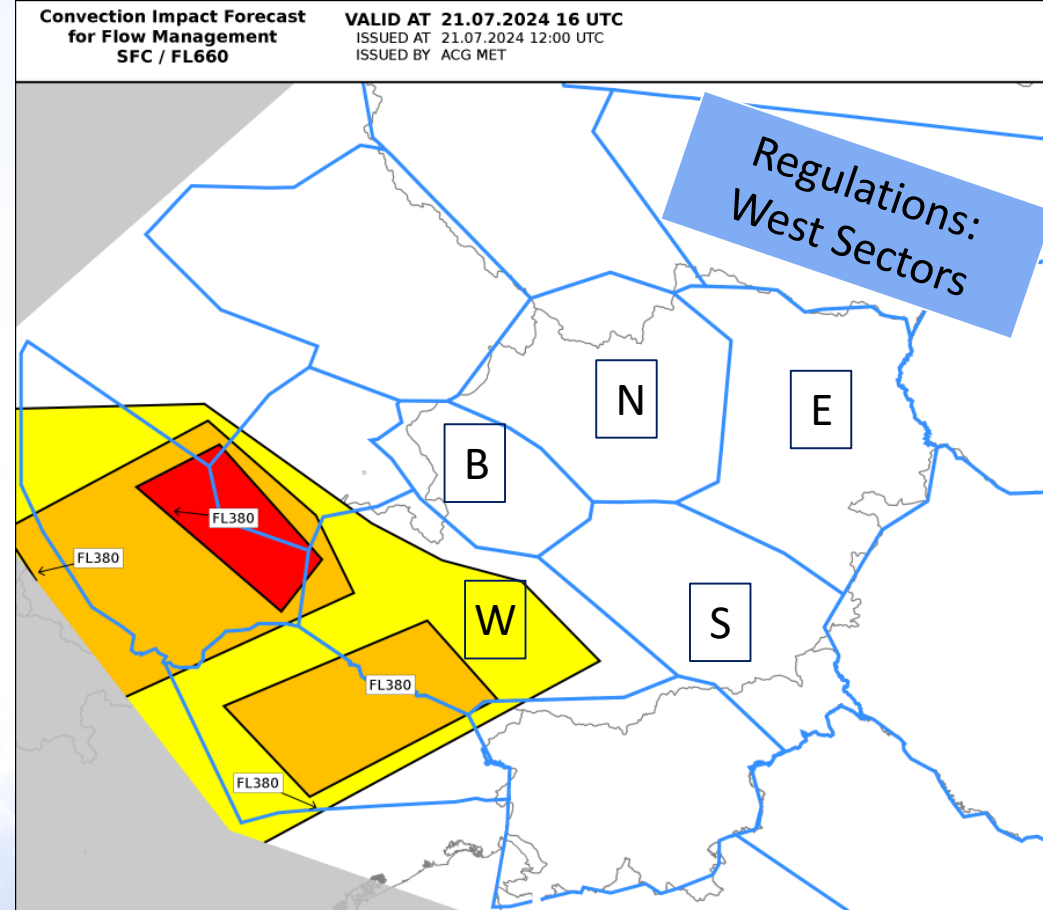
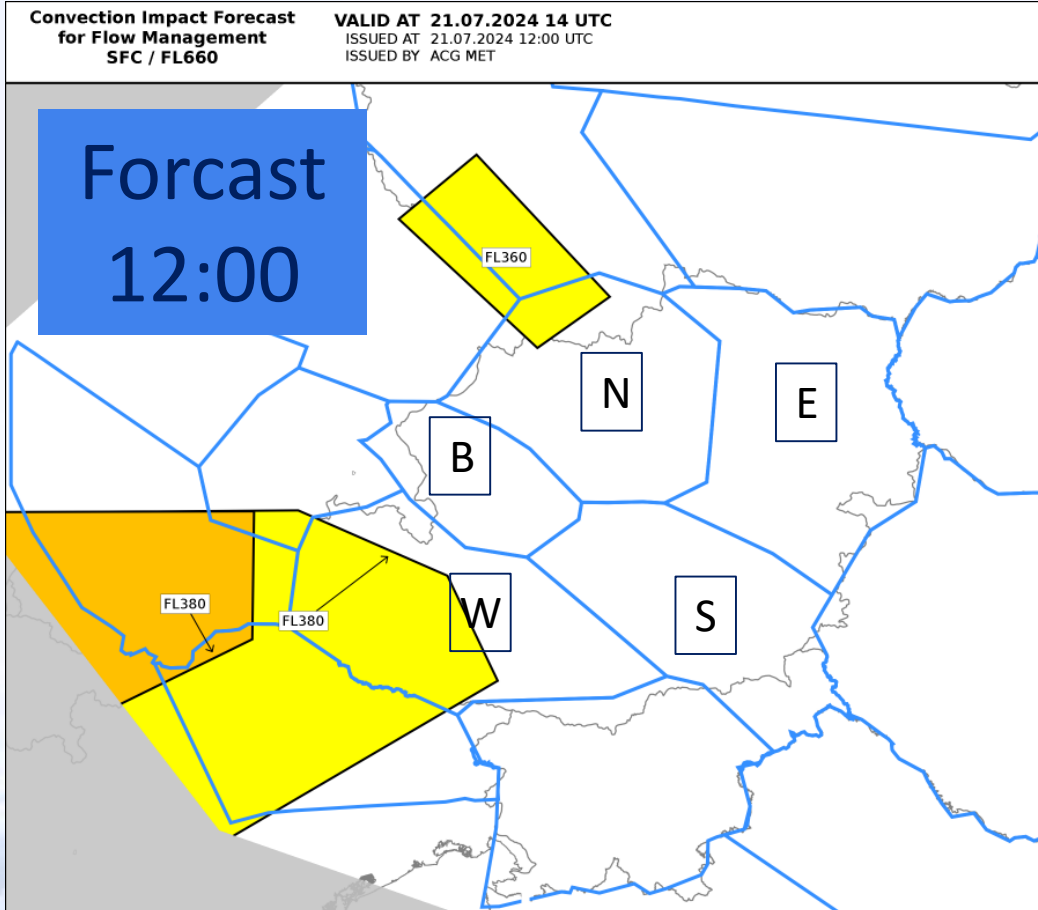
Key Elements		To achieve
Staffing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Call in additional staff D-1 (based on Cross Border WX)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Provision of as much capacity as possible, despite the capacity reduction in terms of regulations</li><li>▪ Protect sectors dealing with convection</li><li>▪ <b>Reduction of traffic load</b></li><li>▪ <b>Safety</b></li></ul>
Configuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Increase configuration if additional staff is available.</li><li>▪ Adapt configuration. Give vertical split priority to horizontal sectors affected by convection, but not to be expected to be partially blocked by Convection.</li></ul>	
Capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>Reduce capacity (MV)</b> by an average percentage as early as the weather forecast prognoses CB/TCU/SQL in ACC sectors.<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Reduce MV of affected sectors</li><li>➤ Reduce MV of sectors, where a related impact (e.g. unexpected traffic) is expected.</li></ul></li></ul>	
Regulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Regulate sectors, where capacity has been reduced, as soon as possible, if traffic load is too high. (-20% ~4 hours in advance).</li><li>▪ Adapt the rate, as soon as it is more obvious, if actual convection deteriorates or improves, compared to the forecast.</li></ul> 	

# Tactical ATFCM Weather Procedure



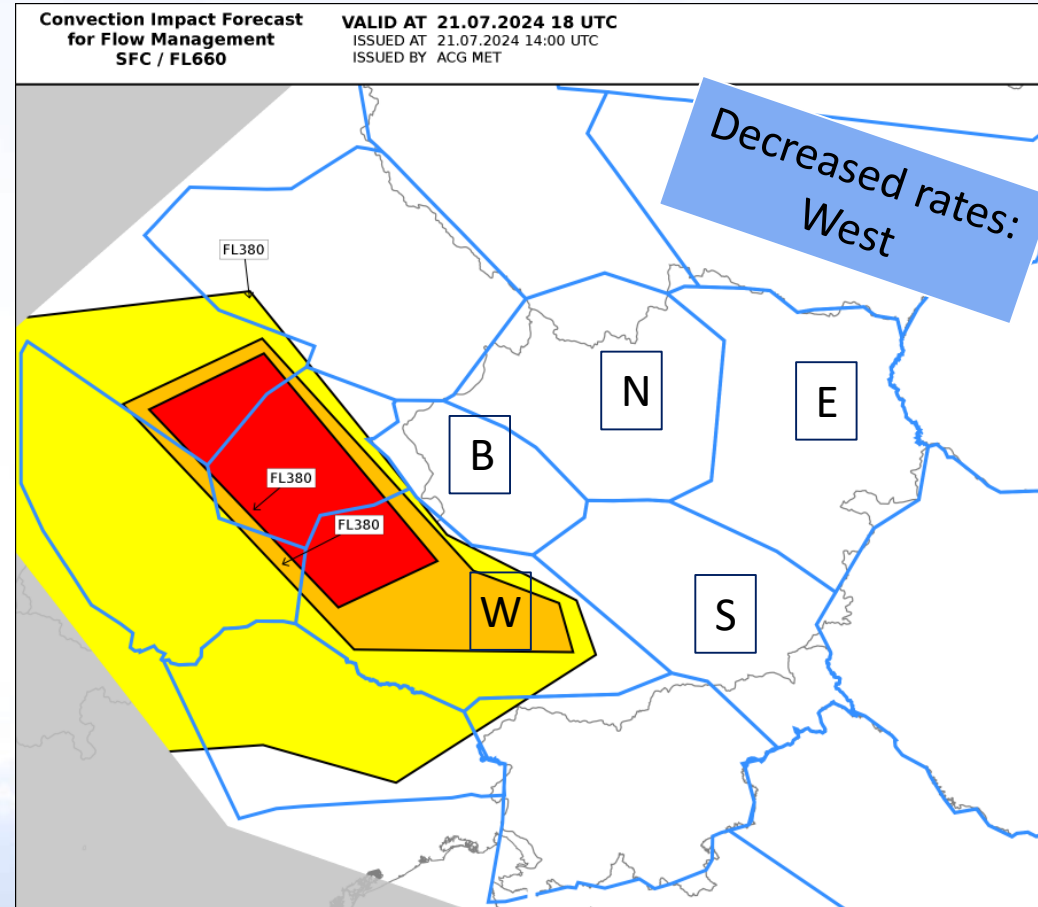
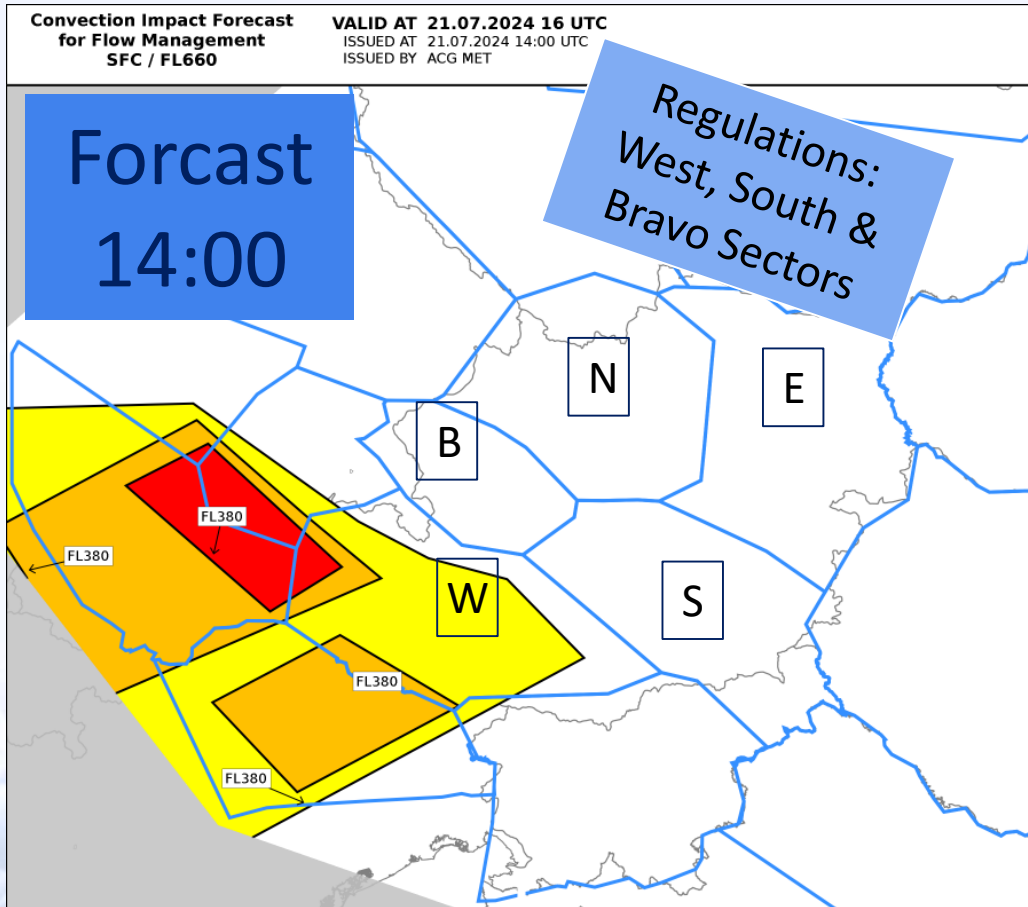
# Example: 21.07.2024

## Convection Impact Forecast ACG MET (SigWX)



# Example: 21.07.2024

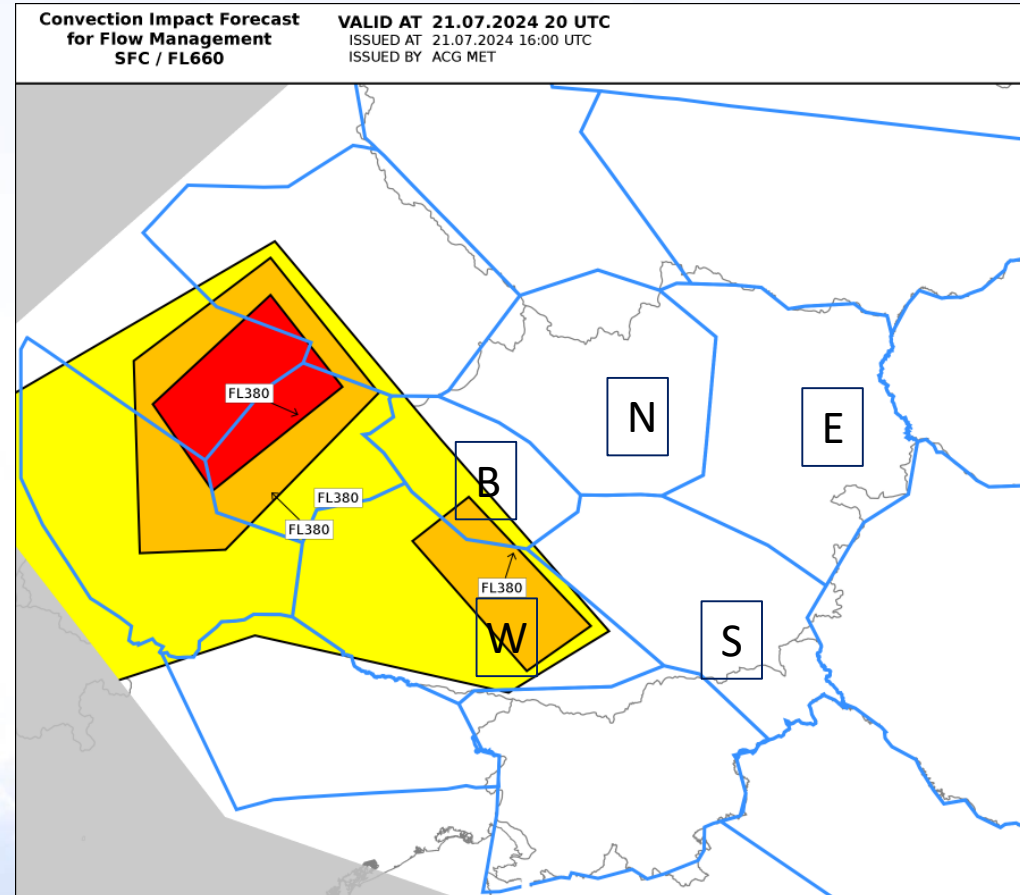
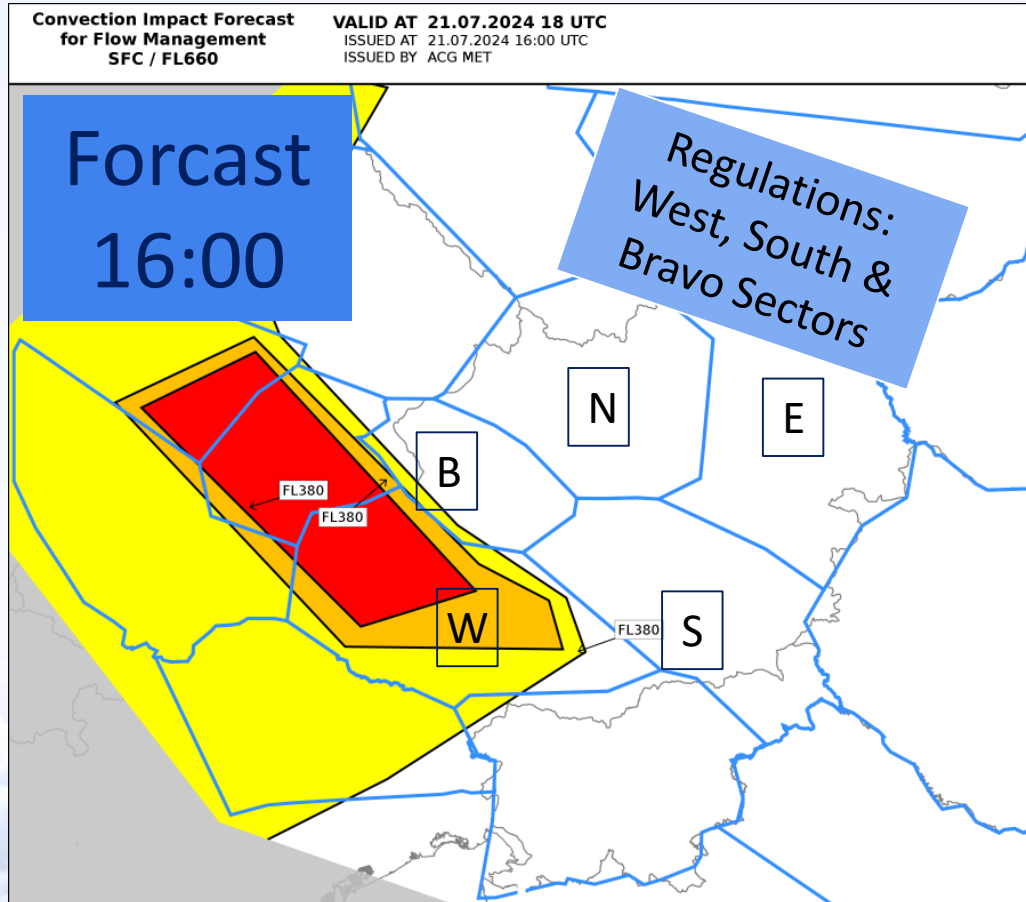
## Convection Impact Forecast ACG MET (SigWX)





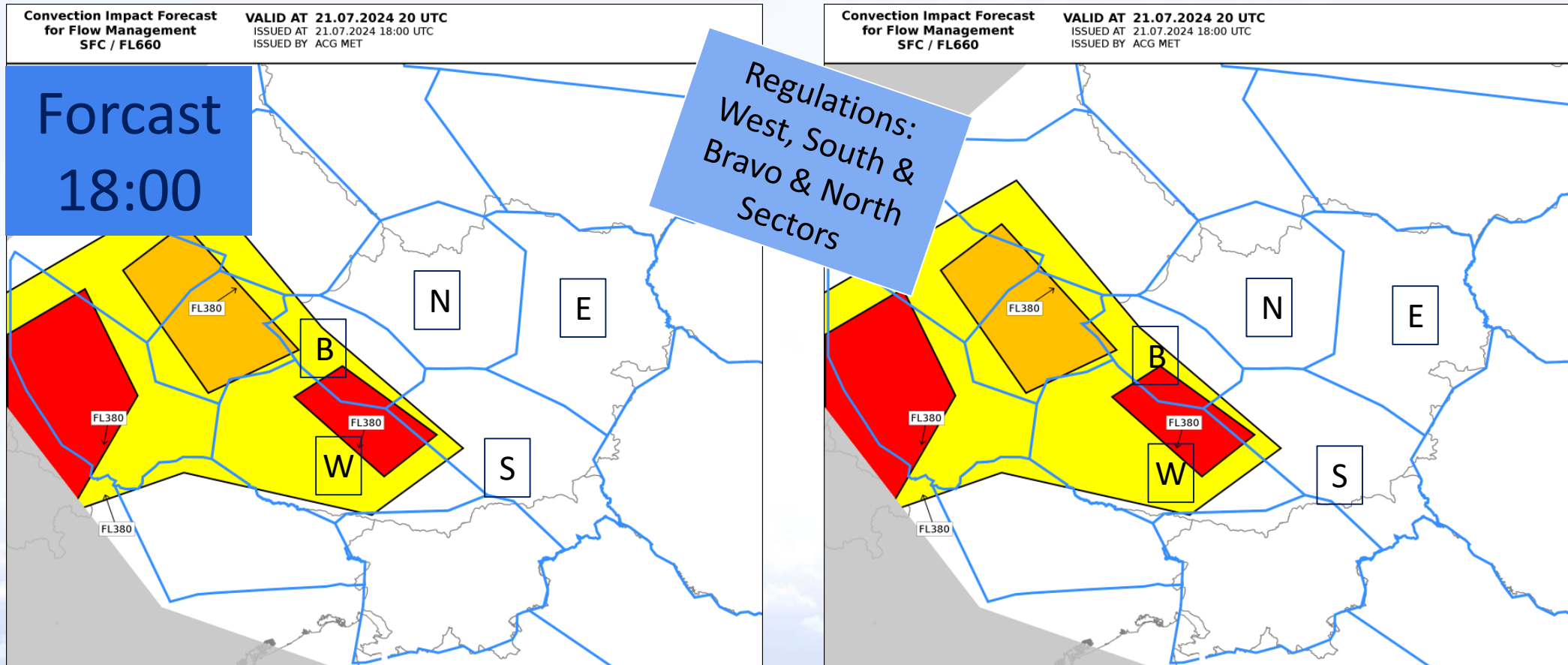
# Example: 21.07.2024

## Convection Impact Forecast ACG MET (SigWX)



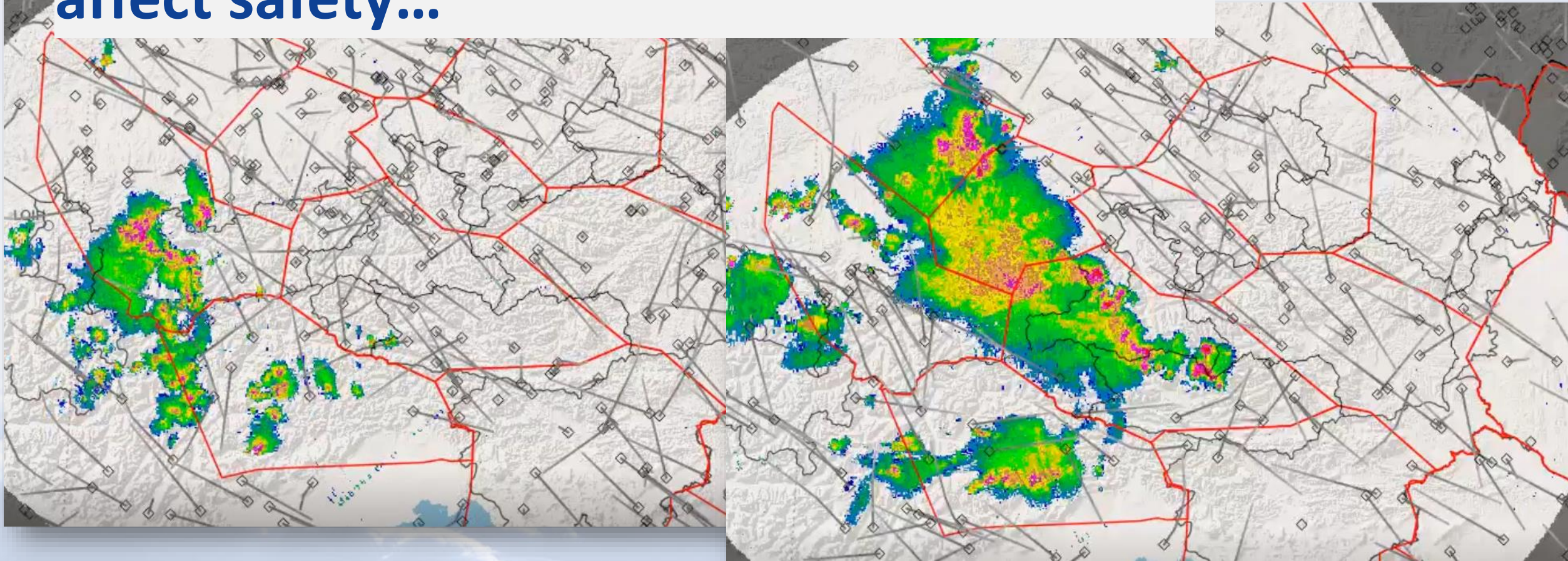
# Example: 21.07.2024

## Convection Impact Forecast ACG MET (SigWX)





# Deviations due to Convection results in increased workload and complexity and affect safety...





Use the **QR code** or  
go to **ectrlvote.eu** and  
log in with **eurocontrol521**



# 21:00-00:00

- The weather stayed over the Alps for an extended period
- Several ACCs had continued high traffic and delays due to the knock-on effect of the day's events.



# **EUROCONTROL Network Manager Weather Workshop 2025**

**Review of Weather and Forecasts on 21.07.2024**

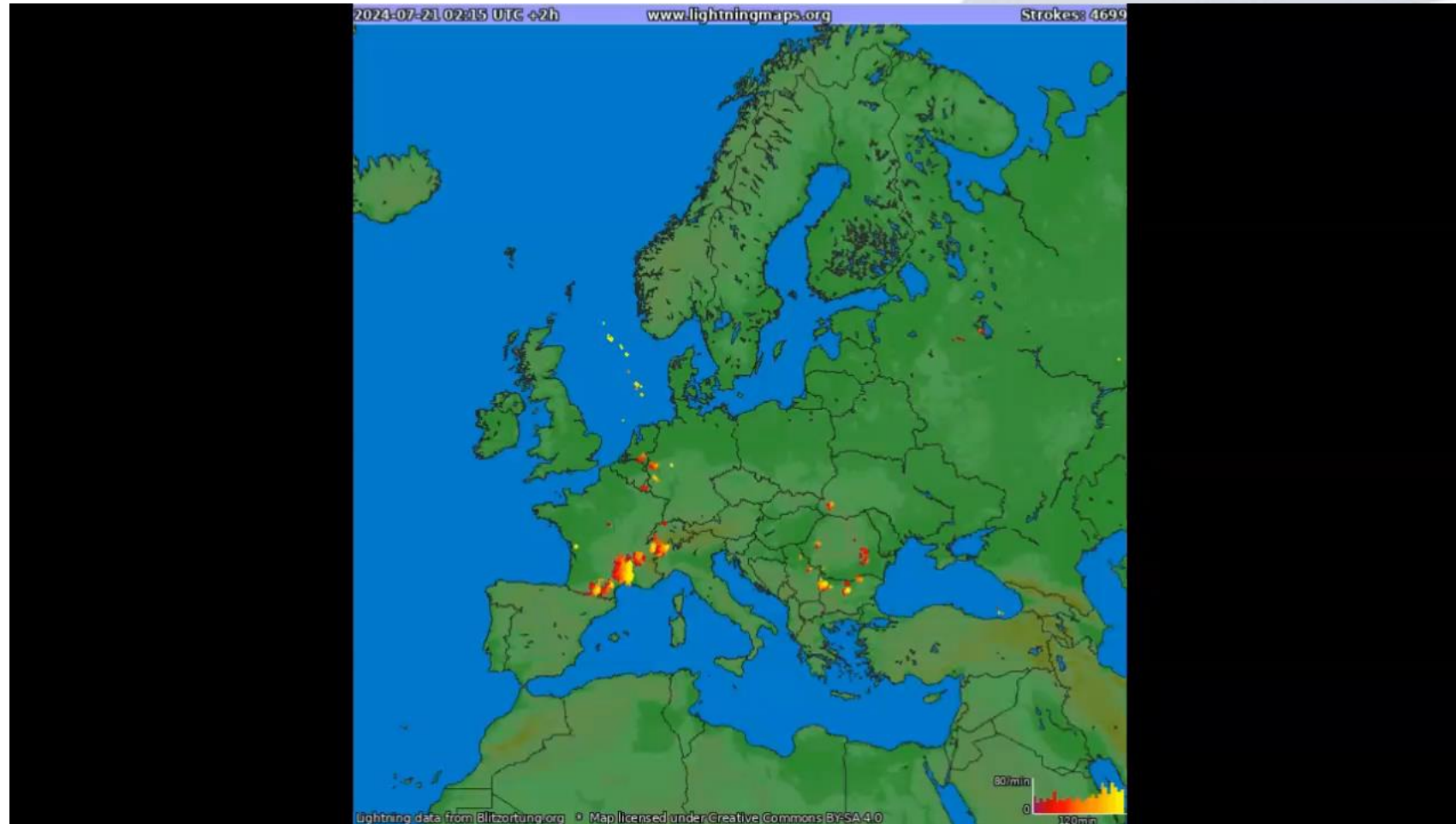
**Brussels**

**12 March 2025**

**By Clemens Weidemann on behalf of EUMETNET**



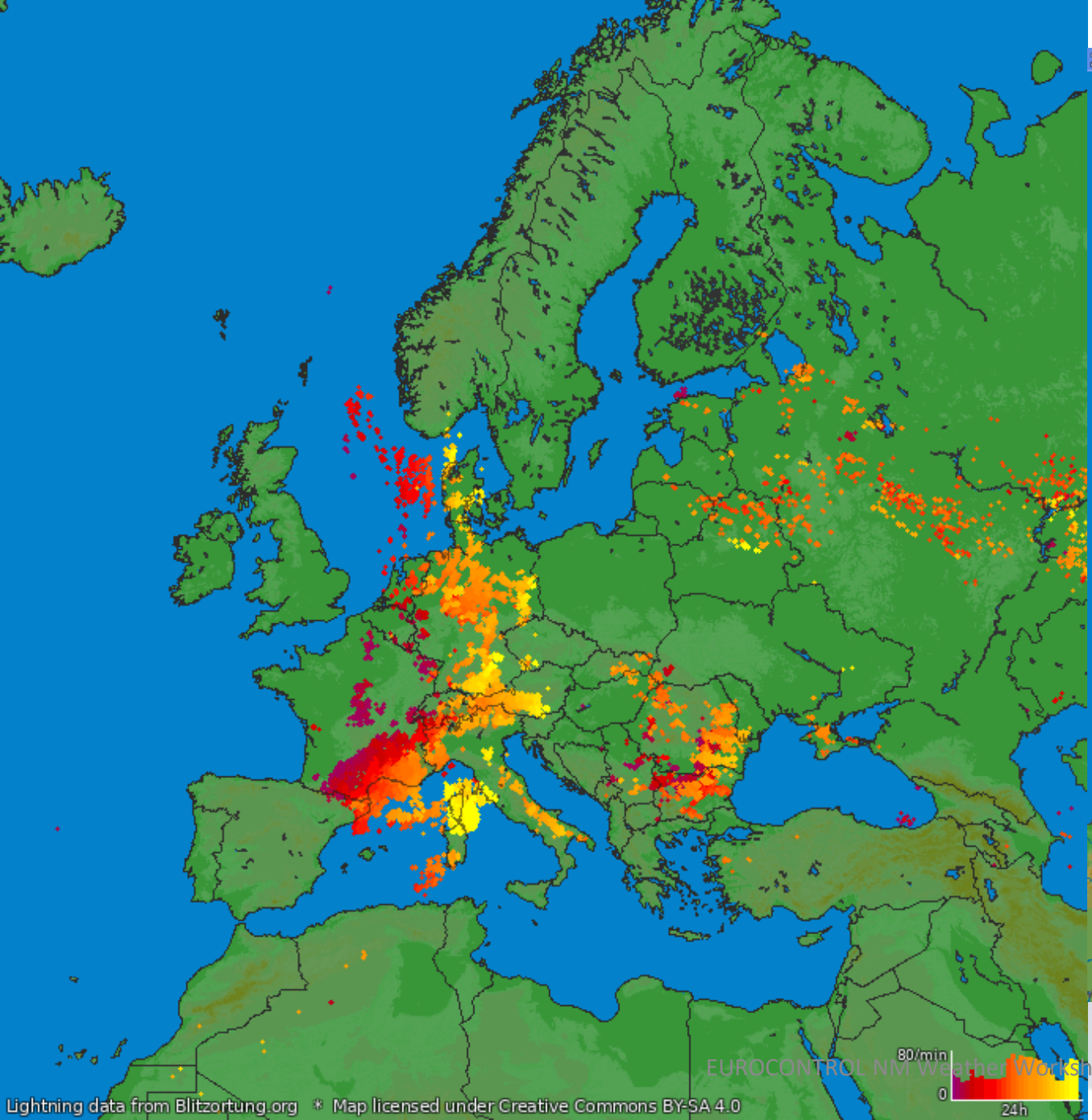
# Actual Weather development



2024-07-21 00:00 UTC +24h

www.lightningmaps.org

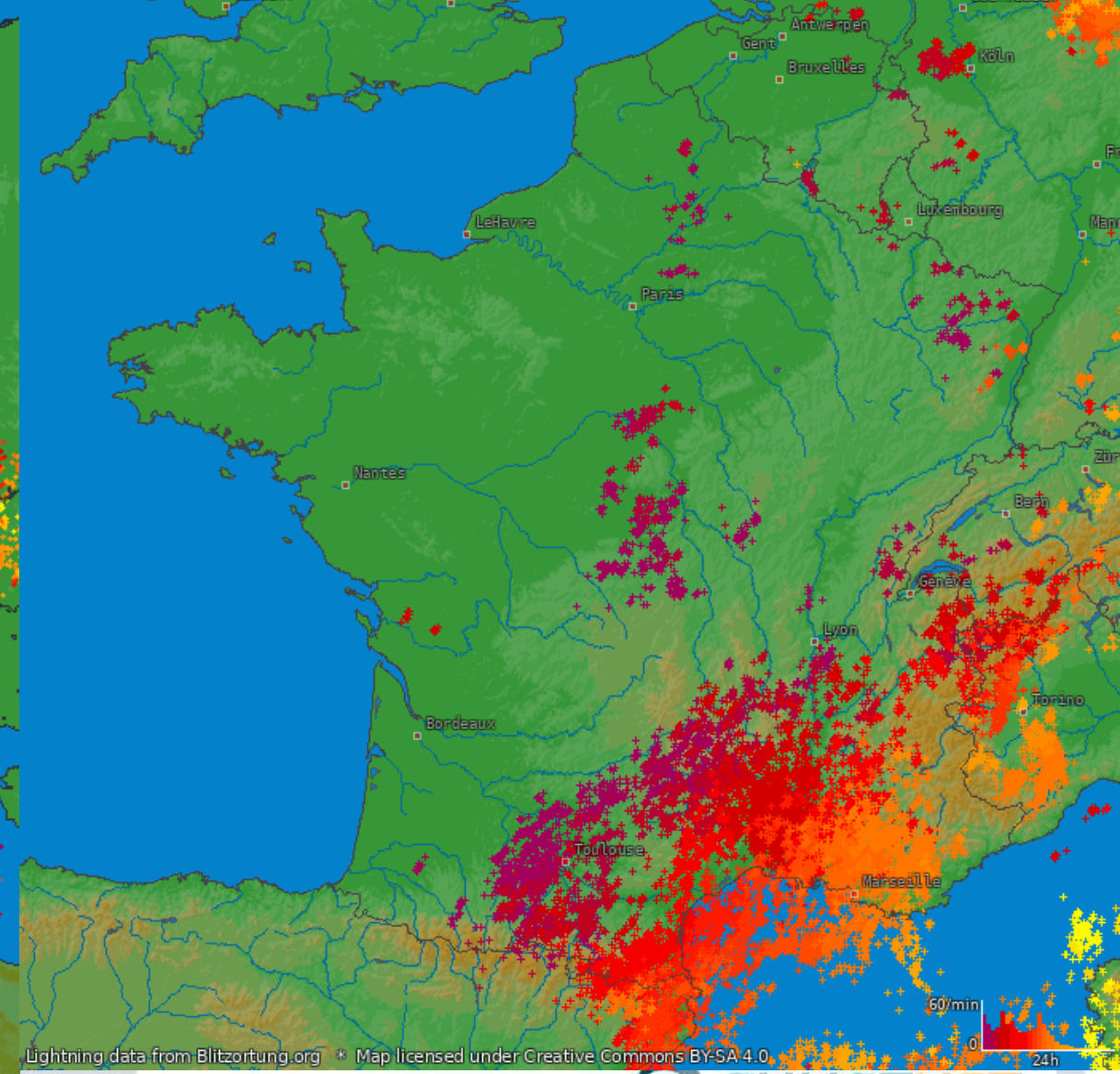
Strokes: 72074



2024-07-21 00:00 UTC +24h

www.lightningmaps.org

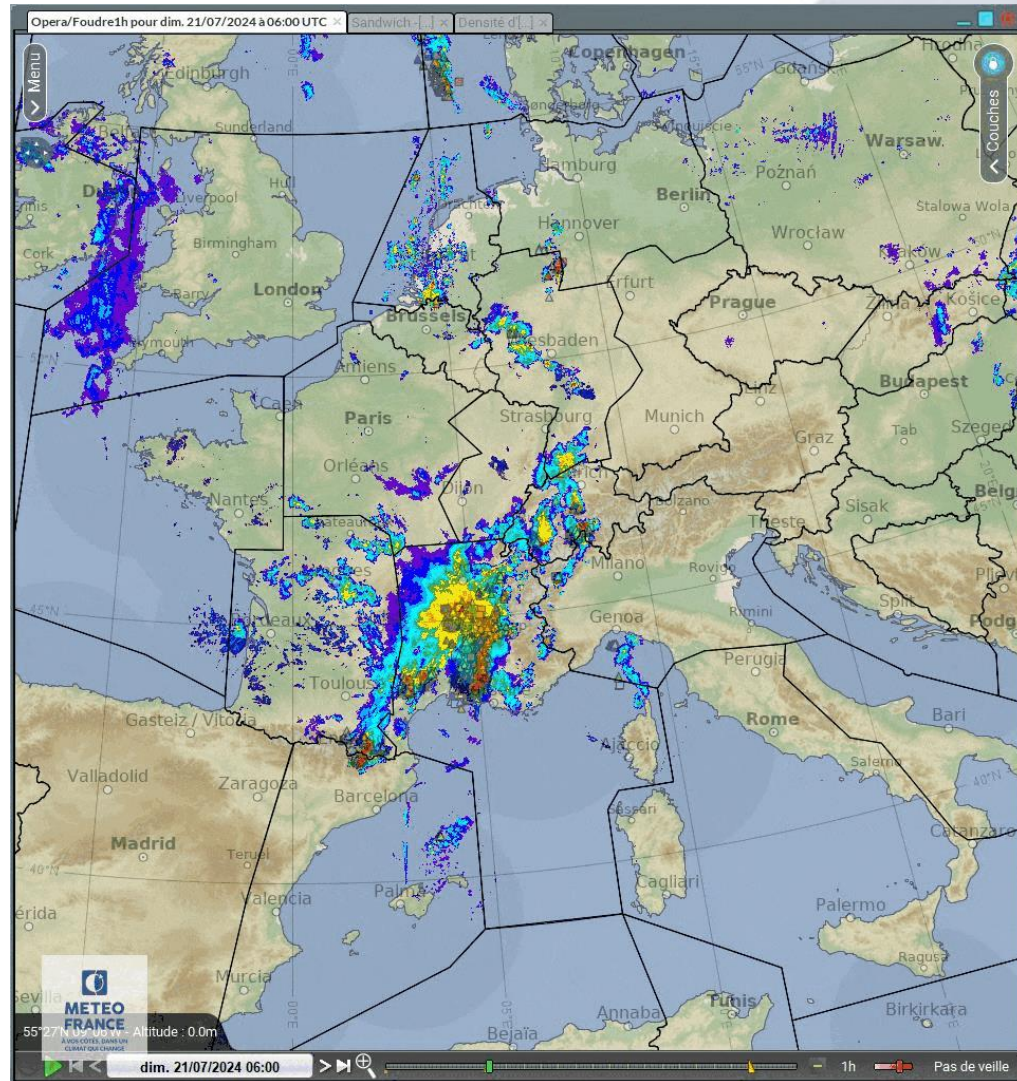
Strokes: 25478



Lightning data from Blitzortung.org \* Map licensed under Creative Commons BY-SA 4.0



# Focused with Wx Radar and lightnings

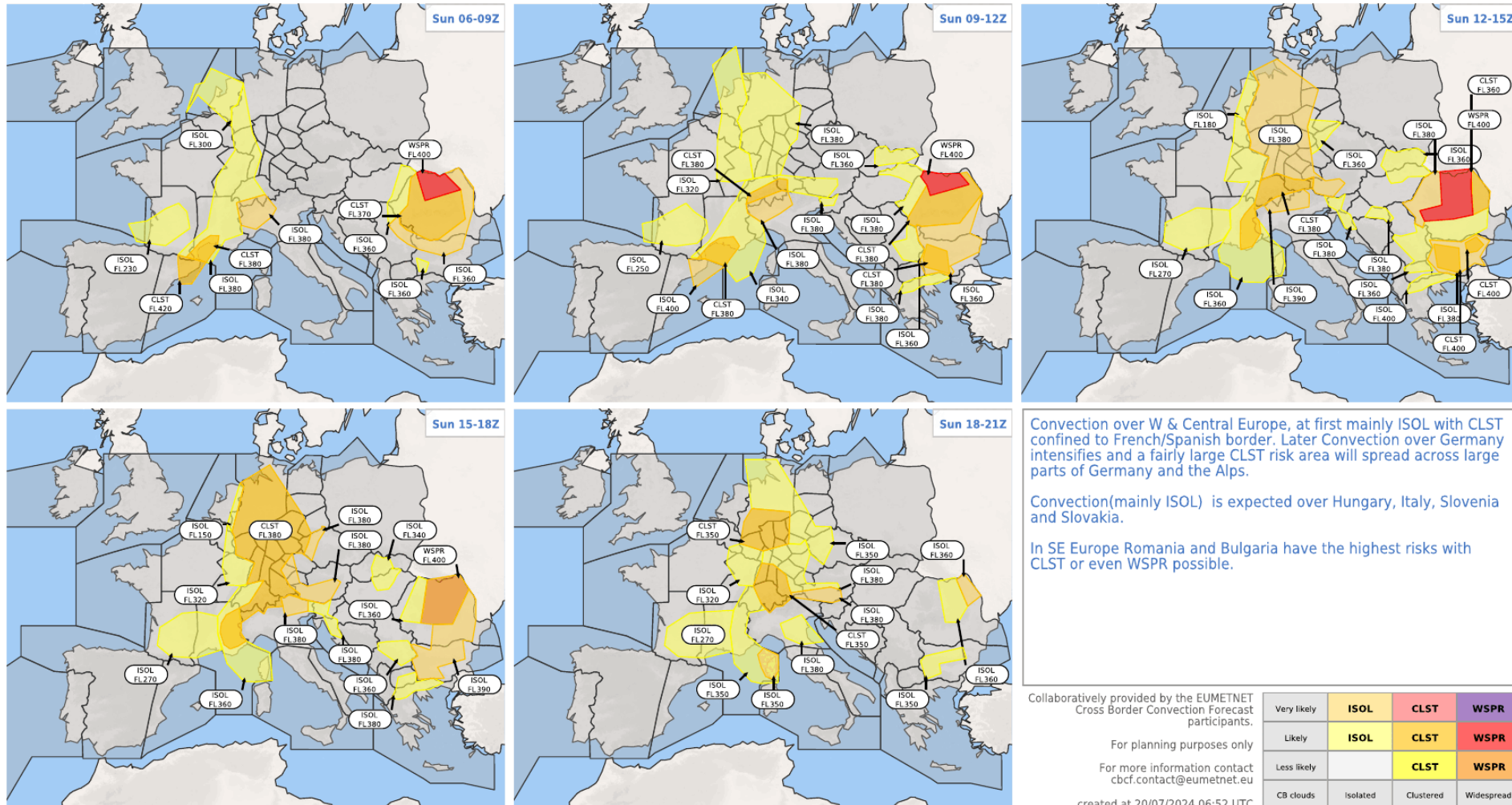


# Animated GIF, use presenter mode



D-1 Cross Border Convection Forecast  
issued 20/07/2024 07:00 UTC, valid 21/07/2024

Coordinated by:  
United Kingdom





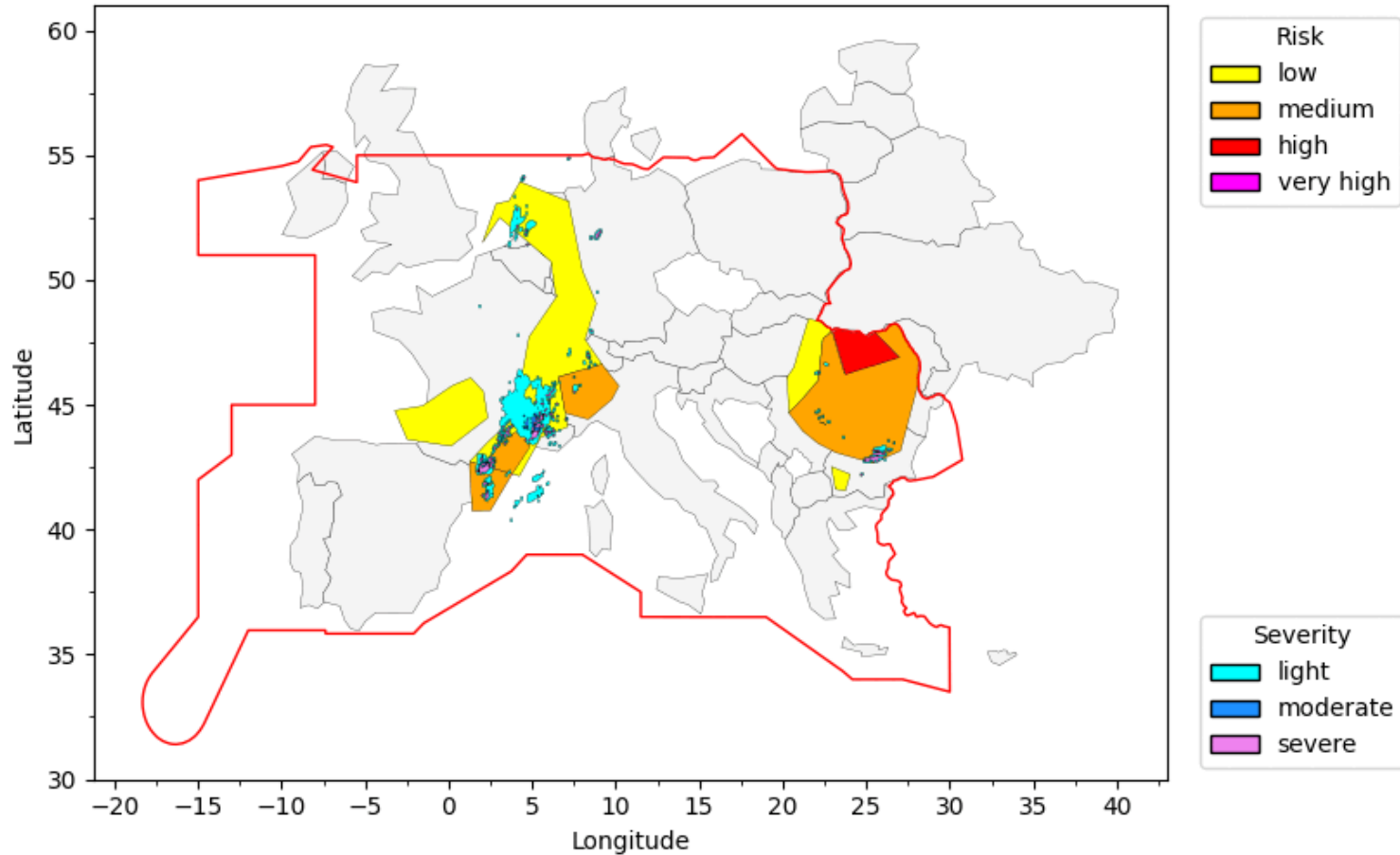
## Why weren't all the red polygons already there at D-1?

- Probability is dependent on lead time
  - The closer we get to the event, the more accurate all forecasts will be
- In this case, extent of convection was not updated
  - New red polygons to highlight hot spot areas

Very likely >70%	ISOL	CLST	WSPR
Likely	ISOL	CLST	WSPR
Less likely <40%		CLST	WSPR
Occurrence of CB clouds	<b>Isolated</b> Individual CBs, orographic and daytime bound, large gaps between cells	<b>Clustered</b> multi-cells, chaotic, volatile dynamics, generally less gaps between cells	<b>Widespread</b> Numerous or organized, few or no significant gaps between cells

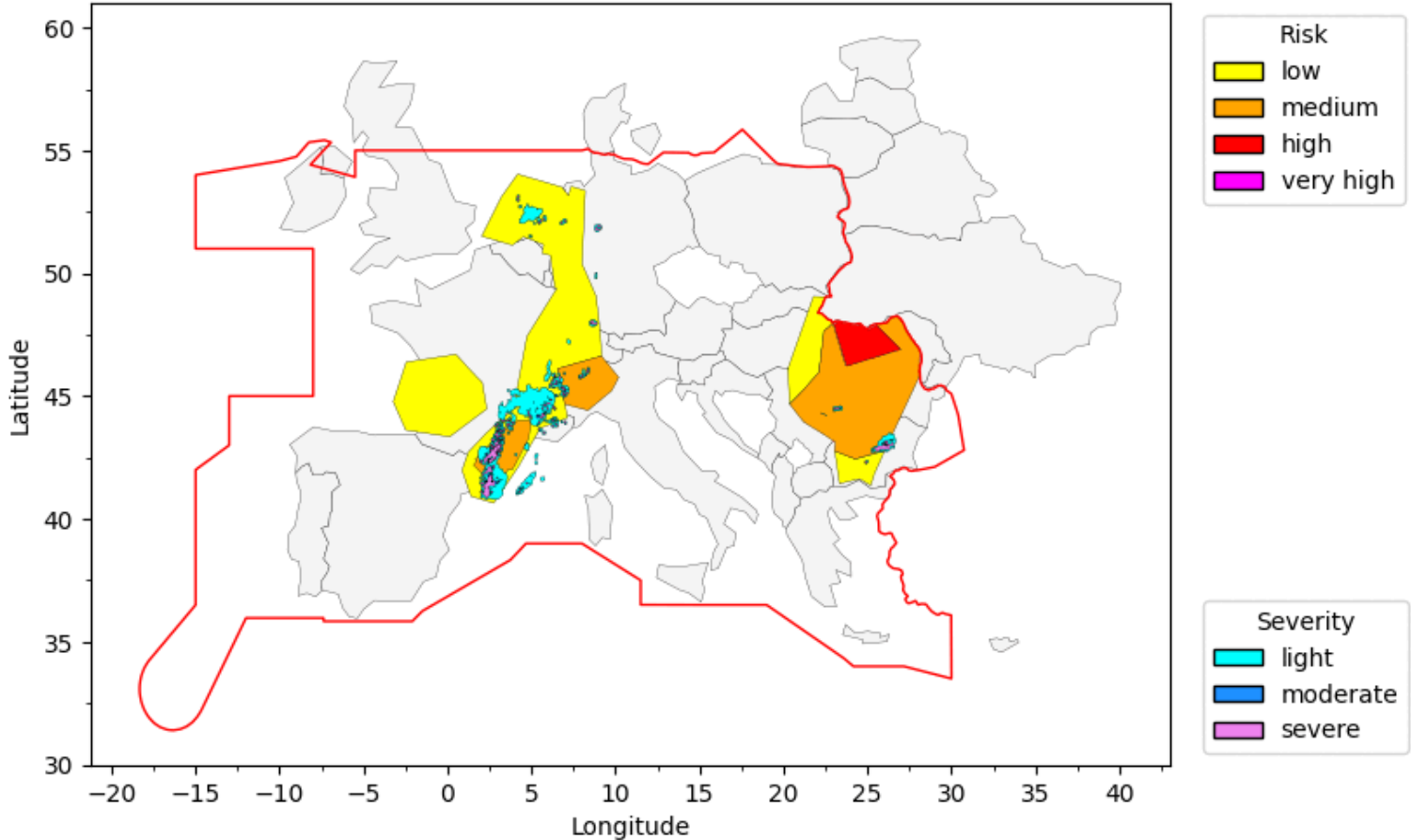
# Actual Development + D-1 CBCF Polygons

Forecast issue date and time: 2024-07-20 at 07:00  
Forecasted date and time period: 2024-07-21 between 06:00 and 09:00  
Observations between 06:00 and 07:00



# Actual Development + D-0 CBCF Polygons

Forecast issue date and time: 2024-07-20 at 22:00  
Forecasted date and time period: 2024-07-21 between 06:00 and 09:00  
Observations between 07:00 and 08:00





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log in with **eurocontrol521**





SUPPORTING  
EUROPEAN  
AVIATION

# NMOC Summer 2025

## Preparation

Enhancing Pretactical and Tactical  
Demand Capacity Balancing in the  
European Network

Yolanda Portillo  
Head of the NMOC





# Example 1

Red Polygon on SE axis

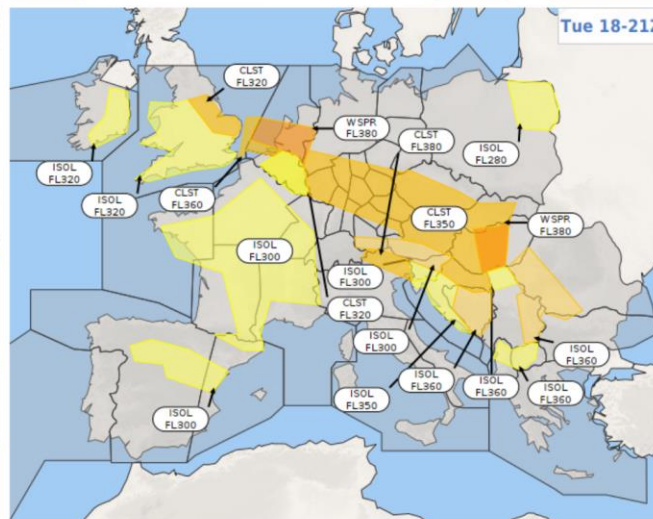
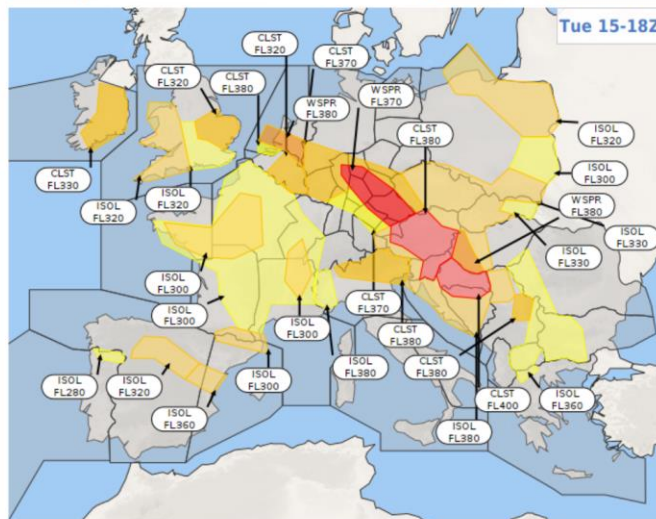
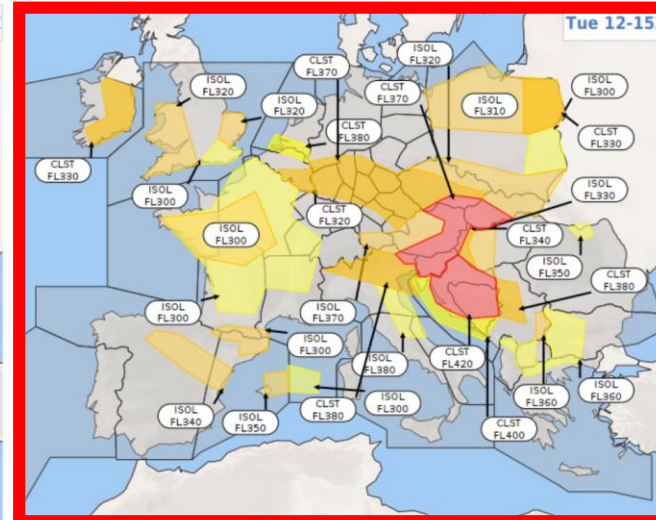
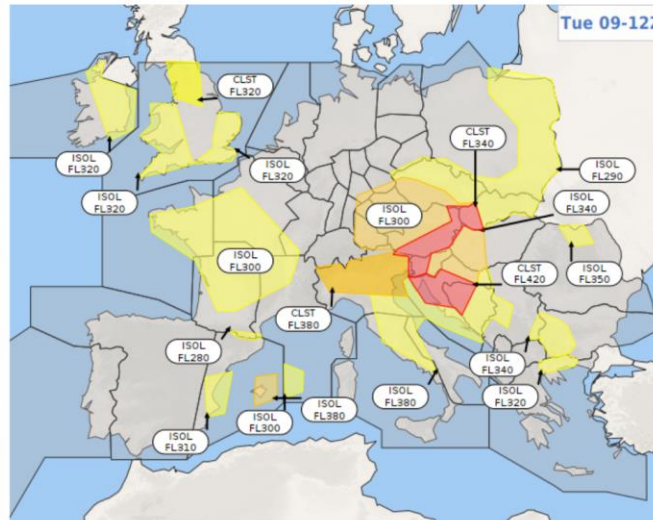
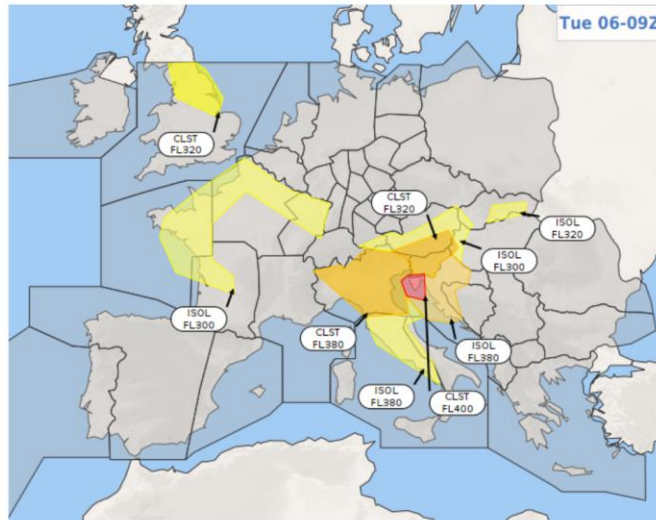
21/05/2024

# WX D-1



D-1 Cross Border Convection Forecast  
issued 20/05/2024 07:00 UTC, valid 21/05/2024

Coordinated by:  
France



AMD : CB risk increased mainly over Austria at 12-21, up to red WSPR over Austria/SE-Germany at 15-18.

A trough from France to S-Italy in the early morning shifts NEward during the day. Combined with warm airmass, organized convective systems are expected (CLST to WSPR). Main focus over N-Italy and NW-Balkans at 06-12. A wide convective axis takes shape at 12-21 from Bosnia/Croatia to Netherland, with hail risk. Strong CB activity could persist overnight moving NEward (CB axis from N-Netherland to Slovakia/Hungary at 21-00).

Forecast for Albania coordinated by neighboring participants.

Collaboratively provided by the EUMETNET Cross Border Convection Forecast participants.

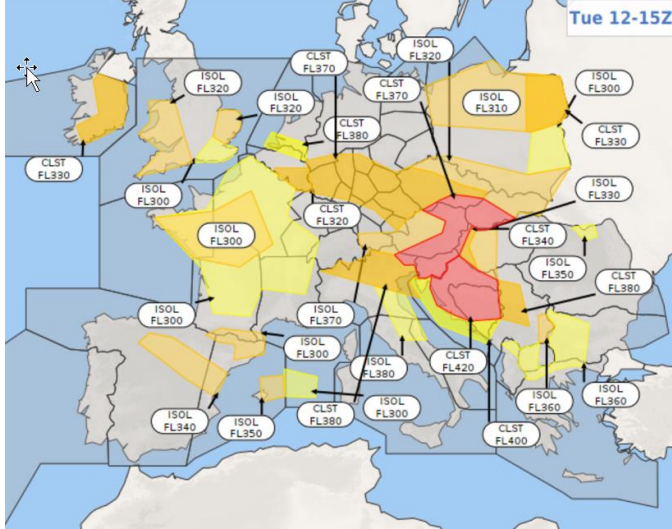
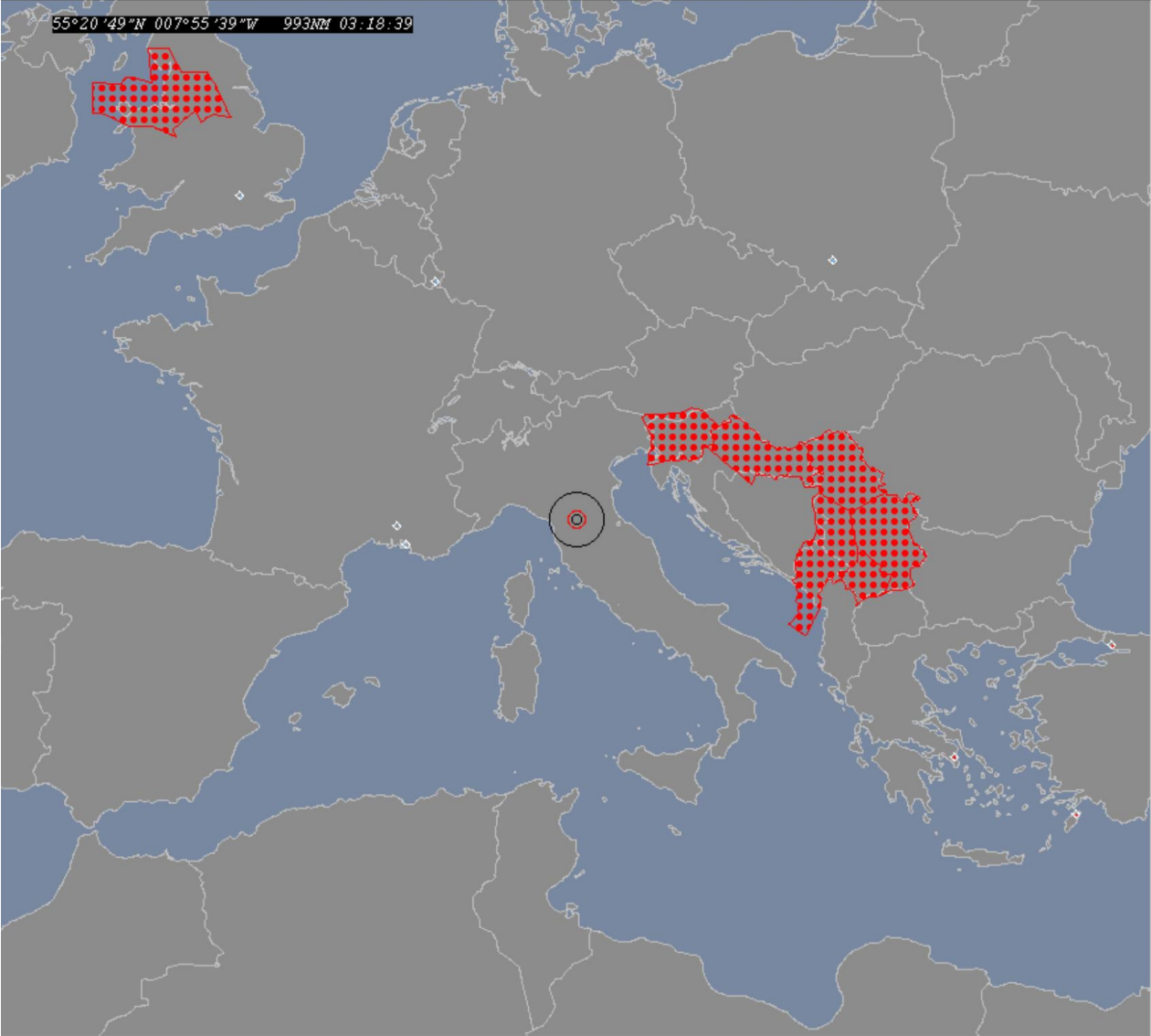
For planning purposes only

For more information contact [cbcf.contact@eumetnet.eu](mailto:cbcf.contact@eumetnet.eu)

Very likely	ISOL	CLST	WSPR
Likely	ISOL	CLST	WSPR
Less likely		CLST	WSPR
CB clouds	Isolated	Clustered	Widespread

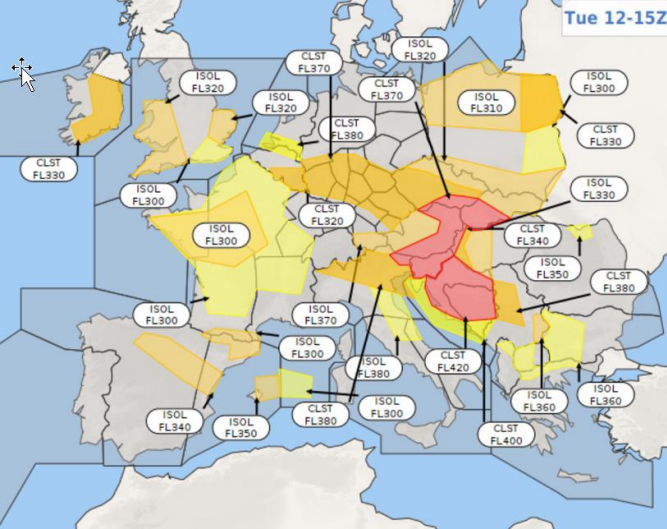
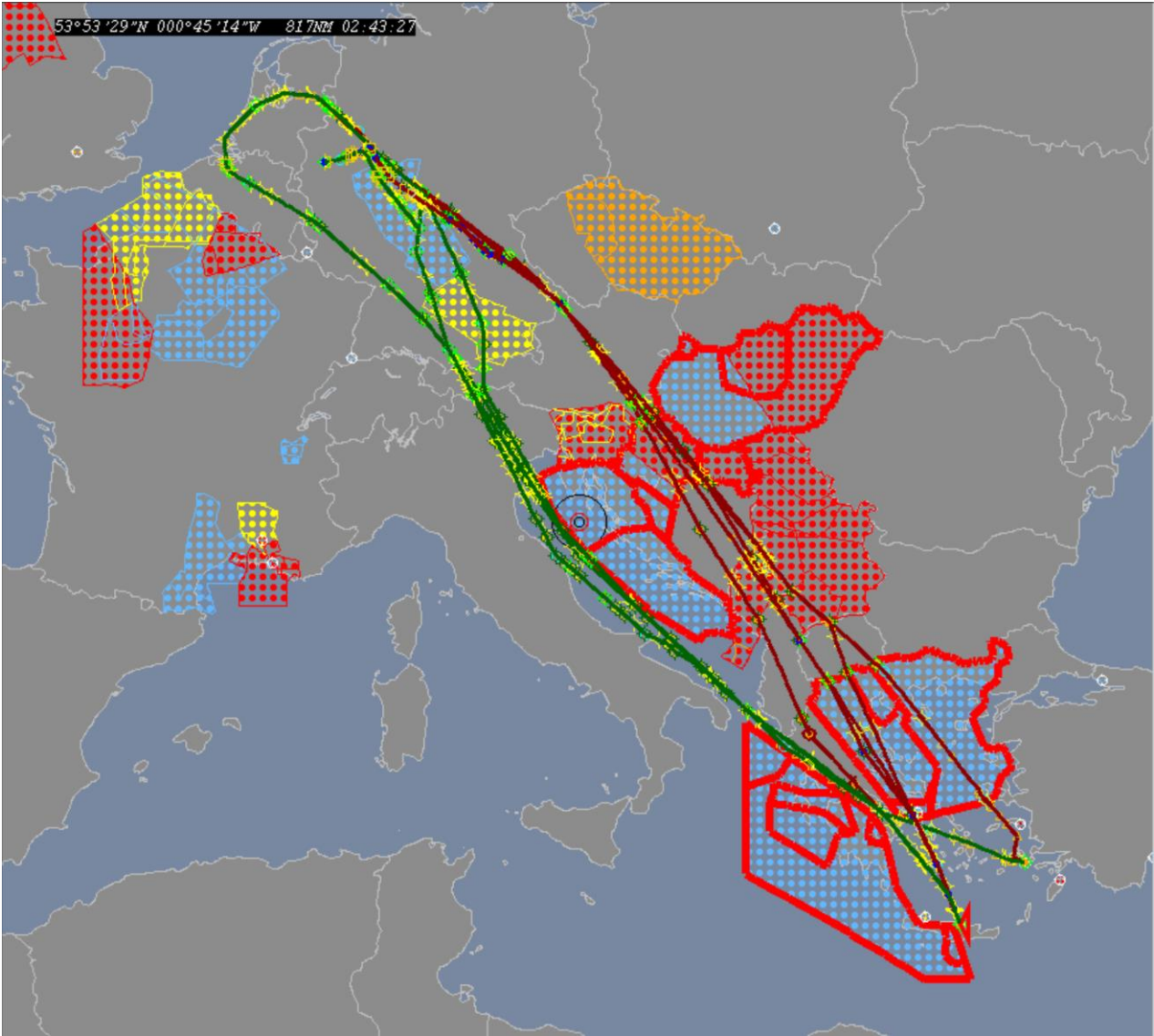


# Pre-tact situation - initial

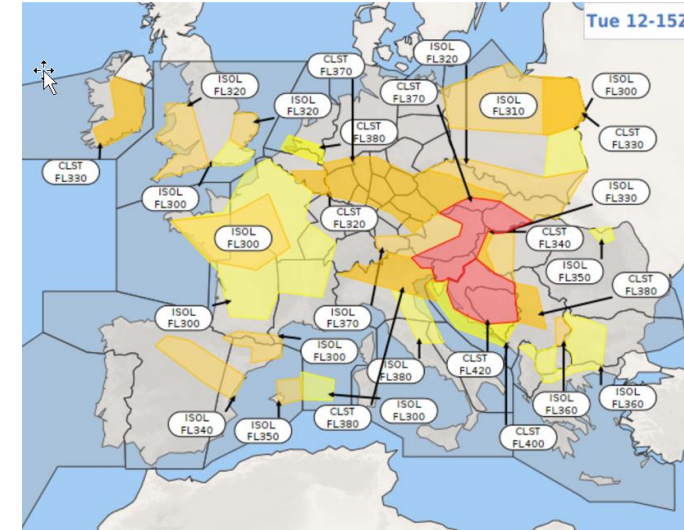
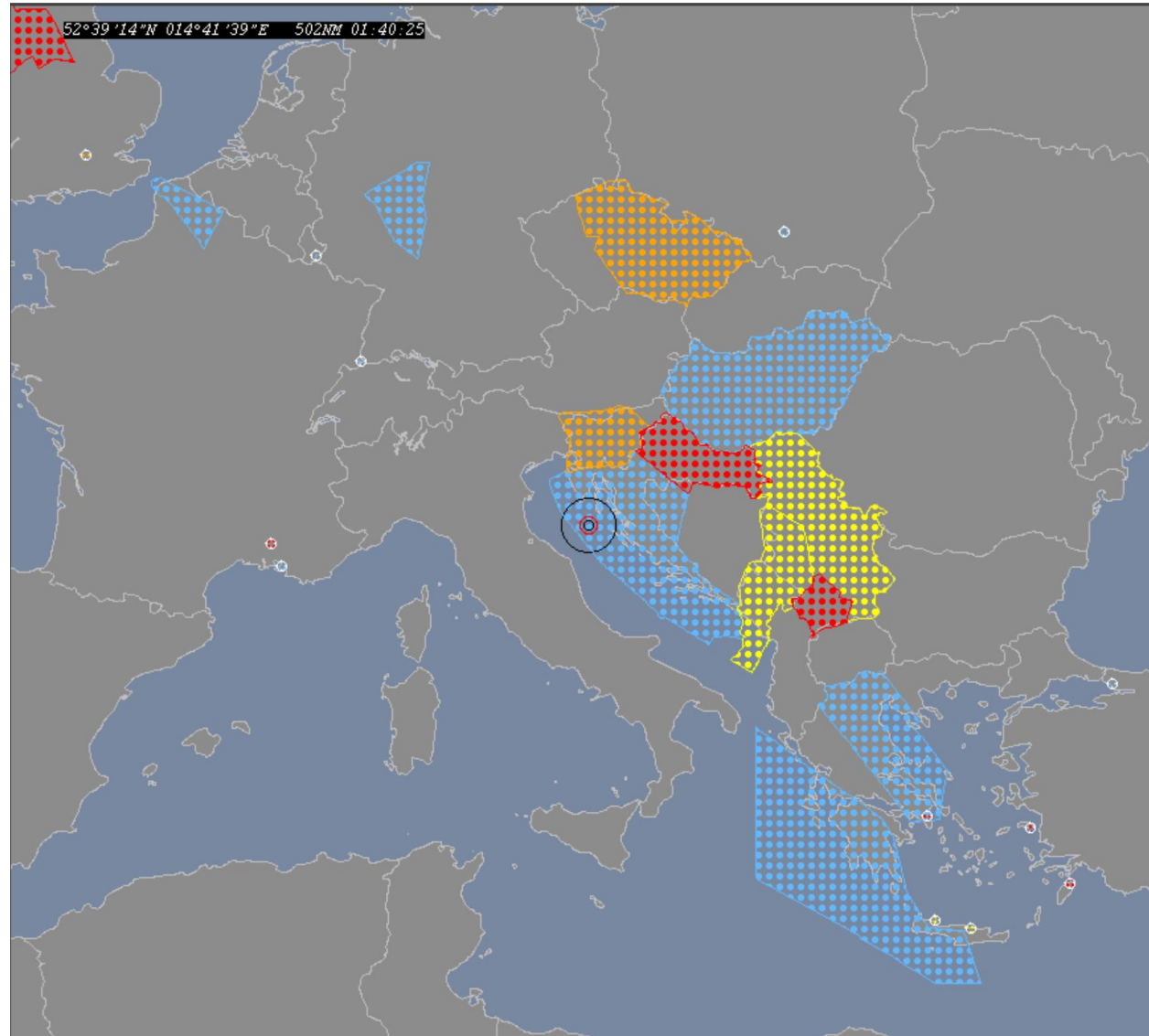




# NM scenario



# Pre-tact situation after scenario





# Centralised Network Weather Assessment

1

## Aggregate National Forecasts

Combine forecasts from multiple sources

2

## Analyze Network Impact

Assess weather effects on European airspace

3

## Integrate into ATFCM

Use assessment for central service provision

## Benefits



## Enhanced Safety

Improved coordination during adverse weather



## Reduced Delays

Better use of available airspace capacity



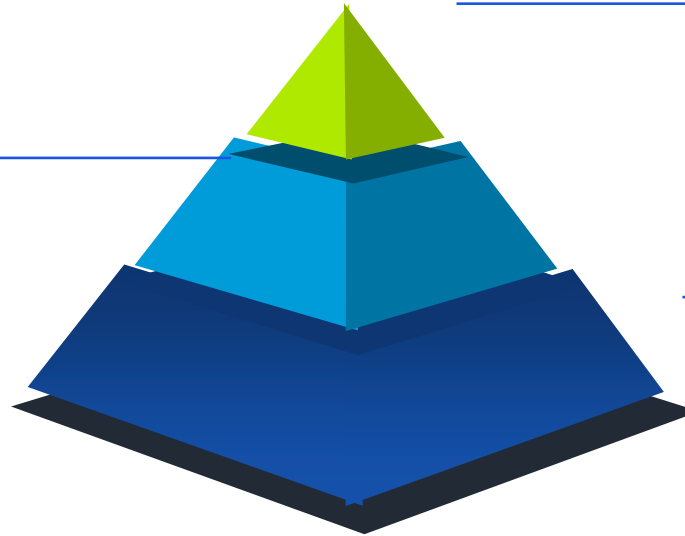
## Network Stability

Increased predictability and certainty

# Challenges in XBW Implementation

## Forecast Confidence

Insufficient continuity and granularity in forecasts



## ANSP Approval

Lack of approval from impacted ANSPs

## Decision Timing

Delayed decisions due to performance concerns

# Key Elements

## 1 NMOC Endorsement

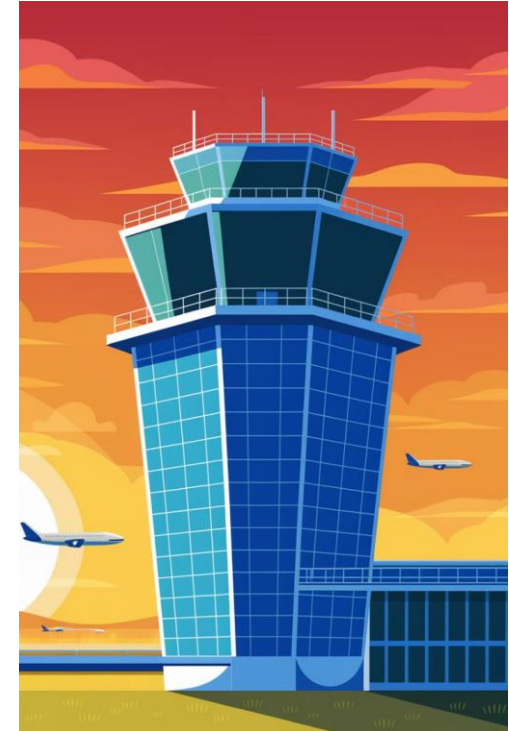
Direct implementation of NM scenarios approved during CDM processes

## 2 Met Specialist Integration

Incorporating meteorological expertise into decision-making

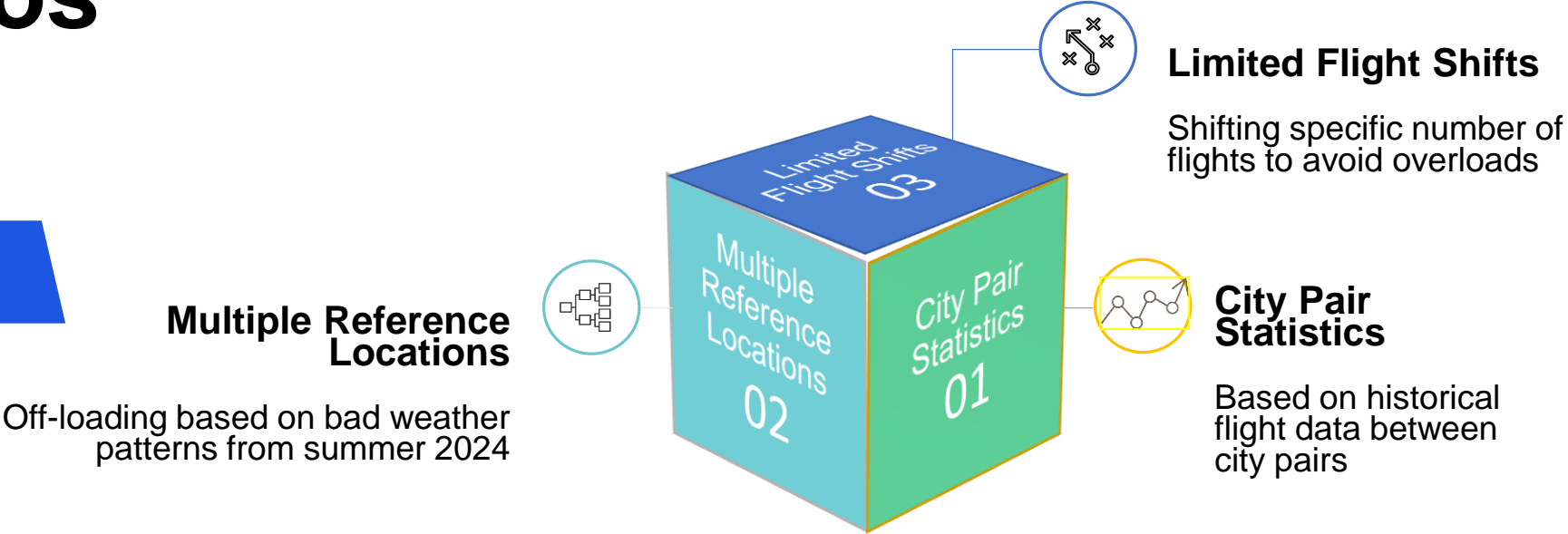
## 3 Pretactical Application

Using Network Scenarios to improve stability and predictability



# NM Scenarios

## Characteristics



## Approval Process



# Network Weather/Capacity Based Operations

## TRIGGERS

NMOC will analyse the need based on previously defined triggers

## TIMELINE

Pretactical/tactical timeframe based on current process as per ATFM Operations Manual

## PUBLICATION

Using INP and NOP Portal

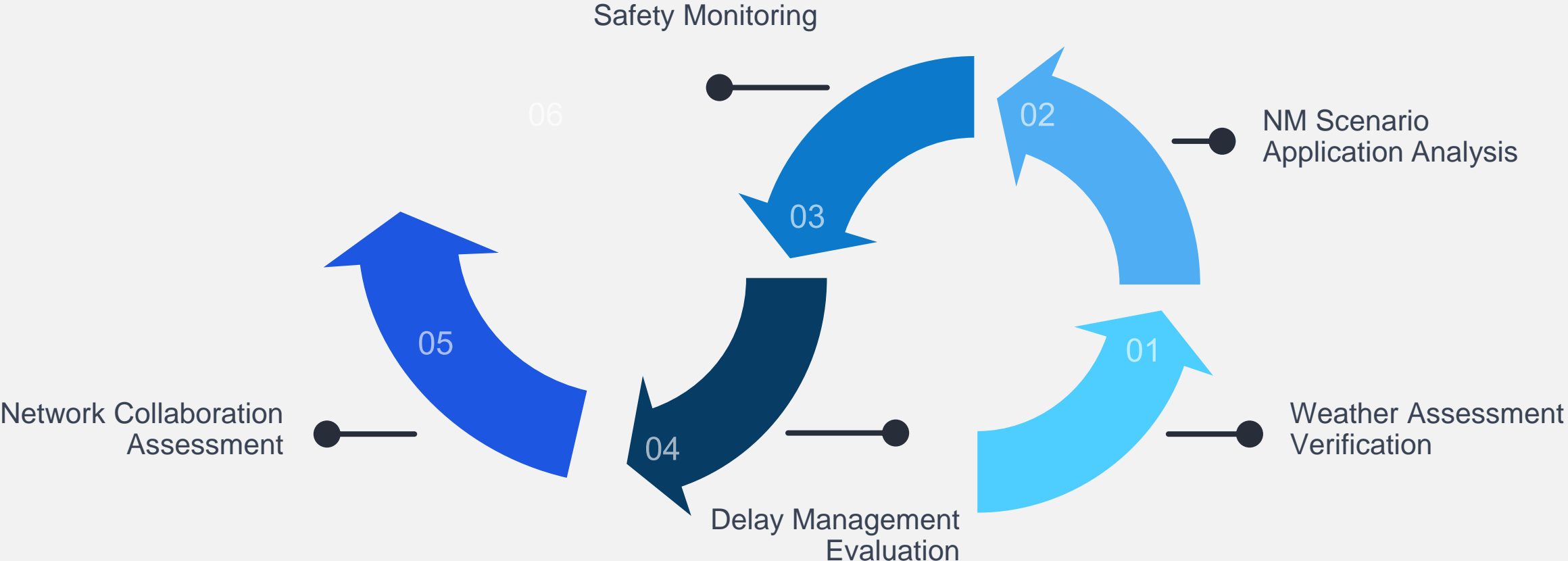
## DELAY REATTRIBUTION

Weekly basis (share with POCs) , August at the end of the month





# Follow-up Process



# Key Elements

## 1 NMOC Endorsement

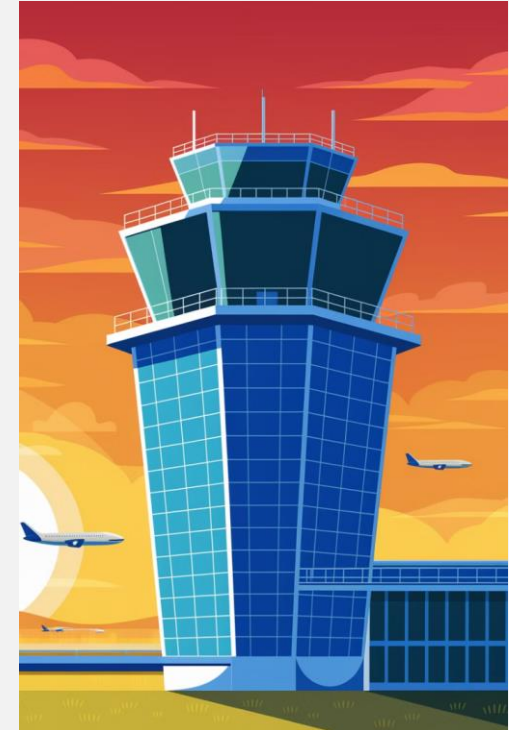
Direct implementation of NM scenarios approved during CDM processes

## 2 Met Specialist Integration

Incorporating meteorological expertise into decision-making

## 3 Pretactical Application

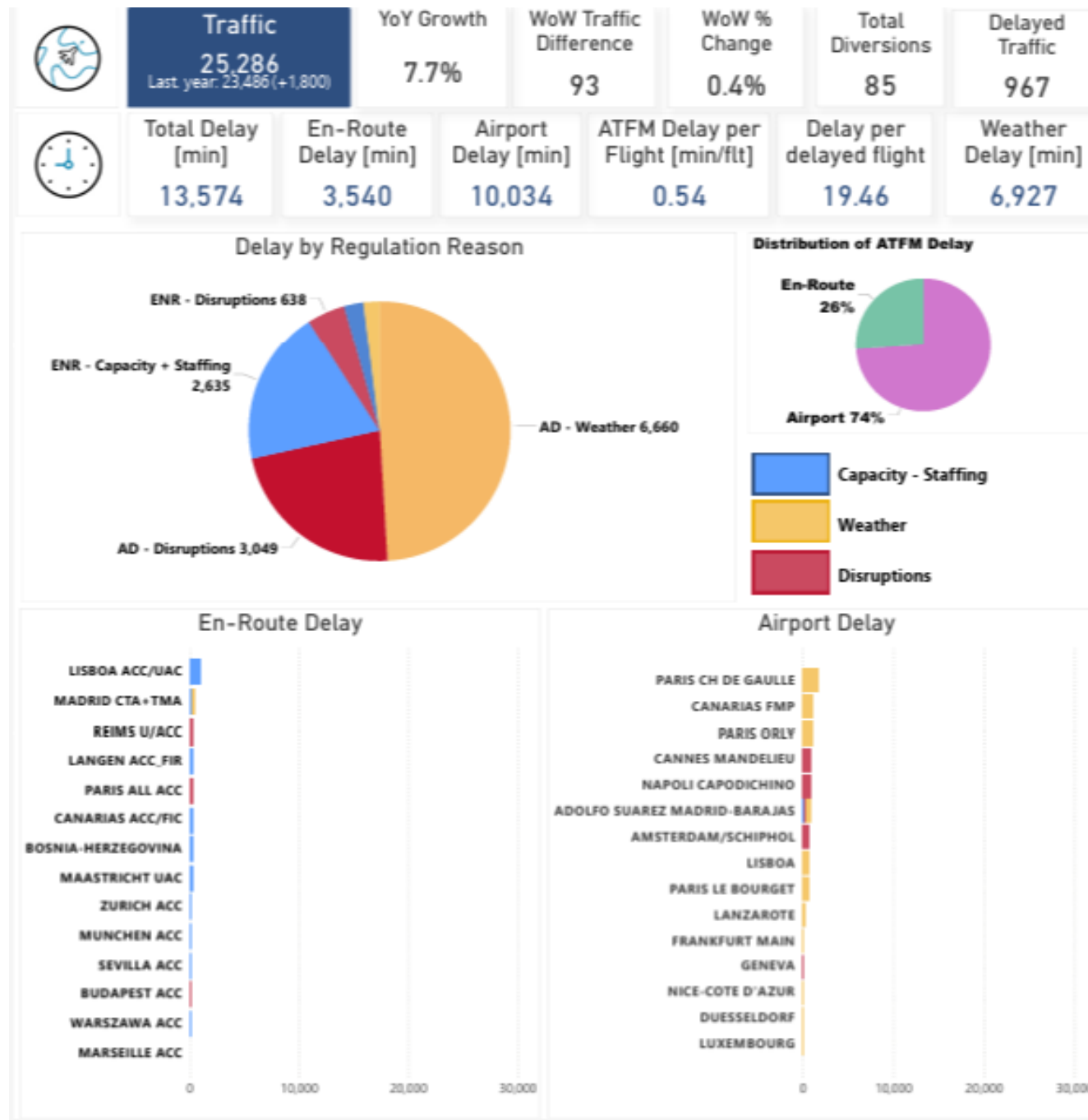
Using Network Scenarios to improve stability and predictability



# SESAR MET

OZNUR UYGUR - SJU Programme Manager  
12/03/2025

# Why I believe that the MET solutions are important?



# SESAR MET

Deployed /  
Demonstrated

Baseline SESAR  
2020

SESAR 3 - ONGOING

## CP1 + Deployed solutions

- Meteorological Information Exchange (SWIM) including Digital MET Services (Sol #35)

Under deployment in several member states

- Aerodrome Meteorological Information Service
- En-Route and Approach Meteorological information Service
- Network Meteorological Information Service
- SWIM Services; TOPMET , TOPLINK Demo
- Enhanced Ground Controller Situation Awareness in all Weather Conditions #70
- Enhanced Ground Weather Management System (GWMS) as local 4DWxCube (Pj18-4b-01) – (The ground weather management system (GWMS) and associated glide path wind profile capability; and METForTAM information service) including uplink and downlink services.
- Cumulonimbus (Cb) Global capability and service PJ.18-04b-02

## TRL 6 SOLUTIONS:

- Initial DAC /DCB (W2 PJ09)
- Network Collaborative Management (PJ24)
- Weather-dependent reductions of wake turbulence separations for final approach PJ.02-01-05

## TBO

- MET and AIM information services in the aircraft information domain PJ.18-04c - TRL 4

## CNS

- Aircraft as an AIM/MET sensor and consumer (PJ.14-W2-110) TRL 4

## AIRPORT

- MET data and services for wake turbulence separation (PJ.02-W2-14.14) TRL 4
- Enhanced optimal spacing delivery for departures (eOSD) (wind) PJ.02-W2-14.8) – TRL 2
- Improved capacity and safety of runway operations at secondary airports in low-visibility conditions PJ.02-W2-17.1 TRL 2
- Dynamic Pairwise Wake Separations for departures based on wake risk monitoring PJ.02-W2-14.9a TRL2

## NETWORK

- MET & uncertainty management (ISOBAR - START, FMP MET, ALARM ) TRL 2
- ENGAGE Workshop

## SESAR 3 Projects

- AI based weather phenomena mng (convection, SO2, ice crystals, turbulence, low visibility, wind) KAIROS
- Contrails
- HERON ORD AWALON with accurate WIND data
- Link to SDO 8 - Digital aeronautical information management and MET services



# From Vision to Reality: SESAR MET So Far

How to get the data?

How will we use the data?

## SESAR 3 Projects

- AI based weather phenomena mng (convection, SO2, ice crystals, turbulence, low visibility, wind) KAIROS
- Contrails
- And previous SESAR projects as listed in the previous slide



## Optimizing ATM with AI-Enhanced Meteo Data

### Airspace Management & DCB for NM & ANSPs & AU & Airport

- Digital Capacity (Collaborative Decision-Making, Advanced Algorithms & Real-Time Data, Comprehensive approach to balancing demand and capacity, maximizing airspace capacity and adapting to changing conditions, AI-powered Digital INAP and Network Digital Assistants
- Advanced DAC (Dynamic Capacity Assessment, Advanced Tools for Optimization, Enhanced Coordination and Information Sharing)
- Enhanced demand Management (Spot Management, Automated Aid-Tool, Automated Regional Constraint Reconciliation, Automated Network Constraint Reconciliation, Shared Complexity Load Methodology)
- Dynamic Airspace Configuration through data uncertainty/confidence parameters, which are no longer bound to time parameters
- Flow Centric Approach in future
- Collaborative management at regional airports - AOP-NOP + AOP-AOP
- TBO
- Airport operation support for ex; ORD with wind service
- Moving hazard zones – DMA Type 3

# SESAR MET Evolution: What's Next?

SESAR 3 – IR 2

## IR 3

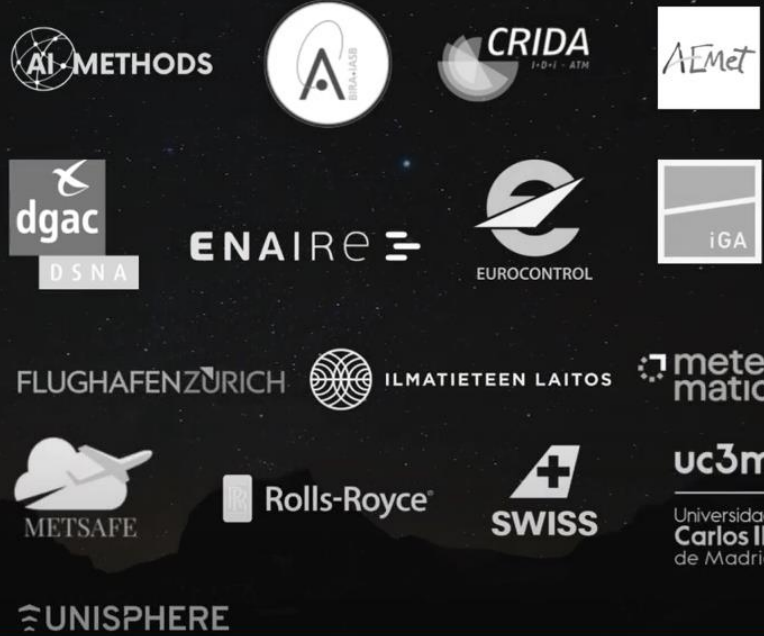
New Service Delivery Model refers to the Operational meteorological information (OPMET)"; local weather, convection, winds, clear air turbulence, icing, space weather.

- IR-3-01: Addresses next generation ATC platform fully leveraging aircraft capabilities. This includes Meteo (MET) as a service
- (including the DMA 3 moving hazard zones + adaptive DCB)
- IR-4-01: Addresses the next generation airport platform fully leveraging aircraft capabilities. This includes Meteo (MET) as a service
- IR-5: Autonomy and digital assistants for the flight deck – not obvious but I expect that on board MET element could be included in a proposal

IN FUTURE ENGAGE THE WEATHER MORE IN ADAPTIVE AIRSPACE MANAGEMENT: SMARTER DCB THROUGH AI !

# KAIROS

Unlocking the potential of AI-based weather forecasts for operational benefits



Network Manager

ANSPs

Airlines

Airports

Aircraft OEMs

UAM/UAS

MET Providers

MET is very important for all stakeholders and SESAR aims to bring them together. We pay attention to the consortium structure to ensure having wide range of expertise





# KAIROS



High altitude ice crystals



Windshear



Low visibility



Heavy lightening



Heavy dust – SO<sub>2</sub>  
Volcanic ash



Heavy snow



Clouds - Turbulence



# Analysing weather phenomena



Convection



Turbulence



High altitude  
ice crystals



Low visibility



SO2/Dust

**SOL 1: AI Convection Prediction**  
**SOL 2: AI-based MET Applications**



## Applying artificial intelligence algorithms

on available forecast and observation weather data to improve the prediction of weather phenomena impacting aviation.

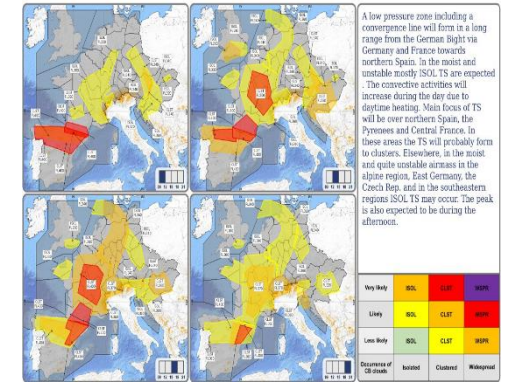
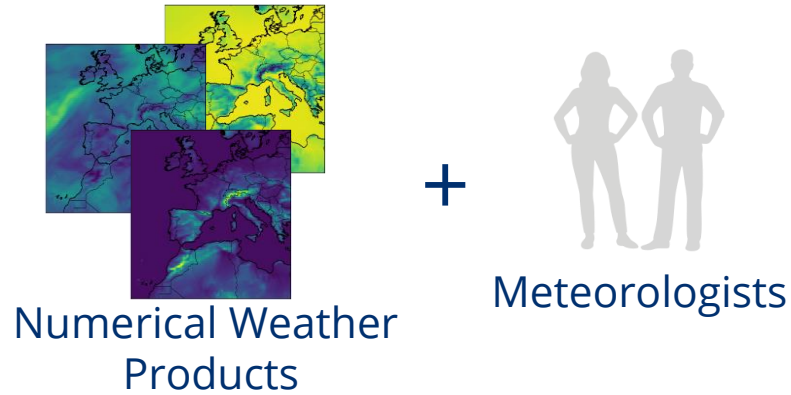
## Integrating the AI-based forecast

with decision support tools and platforms currently used by aviation stakeholders across the airspace system.



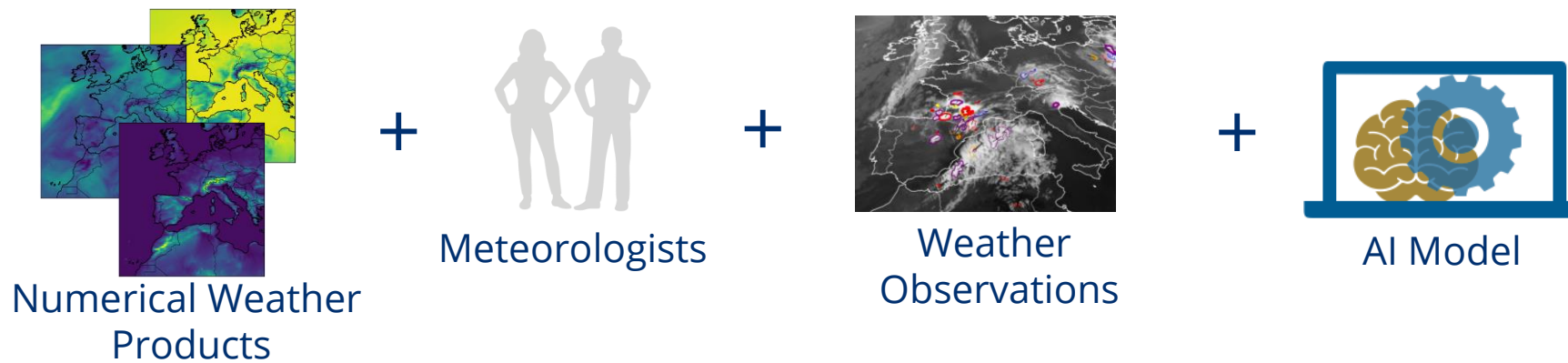
# AI-Powered Meteo Forecasting in ATM

## Business as Usual



Aviation MET Forecast

## KAIROS approach



Dynamic Digital Forecast



SUPPORTING  
EUROPEAN  
AVIATION



# Thank you!

